THE WEATHER.

Local showers Sunday and Monday, light to moderate south winds.

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SURVIVORS TELL STORY OF WRECK

Thrilling Battle With Breakers After Pacific Steamer Went Down.

SEVERAL LIVES WERE LOST

Passengers Declare More Than Four Were Drowned—Relief Train Brings 192 Survivors—Wreck of Santa Rosa.

Santa Barbara, Cal., July 8.—In spite of assertions from company officials and ship officers to the contrary the passengers of the wrecked steamer Santa Rosa, who arrived here today after a thrilling battle with the breakers that smashed the stranded ship, declare that more than four persons lost their lives.

One hundred and ninety-two passengers are all that have been accounted for so far, say the survivors. There were 200 passengers on the steamer and many of the rescued declare today that at least some of the missing ones went down to death when the surf-battered life rafts went to pieces.

The relief train bearing the rescued passengers of the wrecked steamship Santa Rosa, arrived in Santa Barbara today and discharged a pitiful freight of hysteric women and half-clad shivering men. Suffering and privation were written plainly on the faces of all and it will be weeks and in some cases months before some of the victims recover. All had been drenched to the skin in coming ashore in the breeches buoy in the high surf and none had anything to eat since the noon meal yesterday on board the ship except a hasty lunch and a cup of coffee provided by the sympathetic farmers who thronged to the beach from their nearby homes when the vessel began to break up.

Many were too weak to leave the cars unassisted and a half dozen had to be carried from the train on stretchers. Hardly one of the passengers was fully clothed. The greater part of them were wrapped in blankets.

The rescued passengers were for the most part too wrought up to talk connectedly of their nerve-racking experience. A few of the cooler spirits, however, were able to give a brief word picture of the wreck, the long suspense on the crumbling ship as it cruched to pieces beneath them on the rocks and the terrifying passage through the boiling surf to safety on the beach.

No one will be able to tell accurately for some time how many lives were lost, was the opinion expressed this morning by three survivors who insist they saw one woman swept from a life boat and drowned.

They say that many more might have perished in the numerous, upsets that marked the journeys of the life rafts to the shore.

E. K. Ross, with his wife and son, of San Francisco, were among the rescued who reached here. That Mrs. Ross reached home alive is due to the heroism of some unknown passenger who grasped her as she was sinking for the third time after she had been swept from an overturned life raft and swam with her child through the breakers in safety.

"I sank three times," said Mrs. Ross. "It was the life preserved which brought me to the surface each time, but I was unable to battle with the immense breakers that swept over my head. Once I came to the top and saw my little boy just as he was going down. I grabbed him by the hair and just then a big, strong man caught me and helped me get ashore with my child."

Mr. Ross says that the passengers from the first asked to be put ashore.

They even called to a passenger train passing along the cliff he said. The train stopped, he said, but the captain would not allow the passengers to go ashore.

"It was quiet as a mill pond then," Mr. Ross went on, "and it would have been an easy task for the crew to put us ashore. But Capt. Faris said he had orders by wireless from his company to keep the people aboard.

"The life saving crew of a station near the point appeared on the scene early in the day and offered assistance but after keeping them by two hours the captain told them they would not be needed. When actual debarkation from the ship did commence, however, they returned and did heroic work."

"There were probably eight lost in all and it will be some time before the exact number is known," said Q. G. Schooner, of San Luis Obispo. "Two boats capsized, one from the Santa Rosa, in command of second mate Heuson and another from the schooner Helen P. Drew, which stood by us all day waiting for a chance to help us get a line ashore."

Among those too seriously hurt to leave the train was Miss Jennie Weaver, of San Francisco. With another woman and four children she was sent ashore in a net attached to the surf line. Waves washed over them continually on their passage to the beach and all were completely exhausted when they reached the shore and had to be cut from the net.

Lost opportunity will be your cry if you don't attend Fuchs' Big Sale and get some of the bargains. **

Meet your friends at Fuchs' Big Sale next Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

KNOX AND BRYCE WILL SIGN

Treaty Between United States and Great Britain Soon Ready—Gerat Step Toward International Peace—Features.

Washington, July 8.—Within a week or ten days at the latest, the signatures of the Secretary of State, Pailander C. Knox, and the British Ambassador James Bryce, will be placed on the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, which will provide for the arbitration of all questions arising between the two countries, including even matters of vital importance and National honor.

The signing of the treaty will bring to an end the notable negotiations begun at the instance of President Taft, and Ambassador Bryce early this year and will make what many believe to be the greatest step toward international peace ever taken.

The convention has been reduced to writing and today was sent to the government printer to be put in type so that proofs can be drawn. Some changes remain to be made, mainly in the phraseology to which the greatest attention is being given with the purpose of avoiding any ambiguity or possible chance of misconstruction when the treaty comes to be tested by actual recourse to its provisions when an issue arises between the two countries. It is to be a model from which general arbitration treaties between the United States and other nations will be drawn.

Only one point of substance remains to be adjusted and the State Department is awaiting the last word of the British foreign office upon that subject. There are two ways in which the object ought to be covered in this provision of the treaty can be attained; either of which would be acceptable to the State Department, so there is no reasonable doubt of a complete agreement. The next step therefore, will be to correct the proof to compromise these slight changes and reprint the convention ready for the signatures of Secretary Knox and Ambassador Bryce.

LOS ANGELES THE PLACE.

Selected for Next Convention of Christian Endeavor Union.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 8.—Los Angeles, California, today was selected as the place for holding the 1913 international convention of the Christian Endeavor Union. The selection was made by the Board of Trustees of the Union on the second ballot. Indianapolis was the nearest competitor.

Children were declared to be the best producers of potential energy in the world by Judge Ben. B. Lindsey, of Denver, at a conference today on "The Boy and How to Handle Him," held in connection with the convention.

Members of the so-called "upper circles of the society" were sharply taken to task for not doing their duty in the battle against the liquor evil by H. H. Spooner, superintendent of the Temperance Department of the Connecticut Christian Endeavor Union, at a temperance rally in St James' M. E. church.

An effort is to be made during the remaining days of the convention, which does not adjourn until Wednesday night, to evangelize the casual on the board walk and Atlantic City avenue.

A resolution was introduced today endorsing a world-wide campaign of religion among men. The resolution was presented by Wm. Shaw, general secretary of the International Union, and it was referred to the committee on resolutions, which is expected to act favorably on it.

Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark brought before the trustees the question of Christian Endeavor work in the colleges of the country. He thought there was not enough attention being paid to college towns and suggested that an active committee be appointed to look after this branch of Christian Endeavor work.

The junior rally on the million dollar pier this afternoon was a success. There was a great throng present to hear addresses on the matter of training boys and girls. Dr. Clark presided.

Tonight there was a monster choral service in which all the choruses organized for the big convention united and sang hymns. While this was in progress in one of the big auditoriums of the pier, a Christian Endeavor camp fire was being held in the other large auditorium on the pier. Secretary Shaw presided and a number of stirring addresses were made.

MISSIONARY MOVEMENT.

Featured by Address of Dr. Logan at Asheville.

Asheville, N. C., July 8.—Today's sessions of the Southern Young People's Missionary Movement, in session at the Normal and Collegiate Institute, of this city, was featured by the address of Rev. Chas. A. Logan, returned missionary from Japan, following which Dr. H. P. Williams, of Nashville, Tenn., a member of the General Missionary Board of the Presbyterian Church, showed an explained a number of stories and pictures taken by him while in Japan.

Tomorrow, Sunday, will be the last day of the session and the delegates will return to their homes Monday. Dr. C. E. Brown, of the Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., will speak at the morning session.

Washington, July 8.—Objectionable moving pictures are barred in Washington under the Gallinger bill passed by the Senate today. The measure now goes to the House.

TAFT INFLUENCED ARE THE CHARGES

Brought Out in Connection With Guggenheim Interests in Alaska.

QUICK ACTION BY CONGRESS

Induced by Ballinger and Ryan to Restore Certain Coal Lands—Taft May Have to Answer the Charges.

Washington, July 8.—Published charges that the President had been induced by three people, his brother, the then Secretary of the Interior Ballinger, and Richards Ryan, of New York, a representative of the Guggenheim interest to restore to the public domain lands surrounding Controller Bay, in Southern Alaska, met with quick action in Congress today.

The House Committee on Expenditures headed by Representative Graham, of Illinois, immediately summoned Commissioner Fred Ennett, of the General Land Office, to appear before the committee Monday to explain what he knows about the matter and Representative Cox, of Indiana, one of the Democratic leaders, of the House, introduced a resolution calling on President Taft, for all the information he can furnish the House on the subject. This information is to include the reason why he signed the order of restoration after the land had been set aside as a reserve and whether he knew Ryan was working in the interest of the Guggenheims.

"I am going to push this resolution," said Representative Cox. "If the Rules Committee fails to act, I will bring it up on the floor of the House. There is something radically wrong about this whole transaction. Balked by the refusal of the government to allow the Cunningham coal land claim, this gang in Wall Street is evidently determined to secure control of this coal land. They filed on the Controller Bay land, the only available harbor through which the Alaskan coal can be shipped, before the government could even have it surveyed after the President's order withdrawing it from the Chugach reserve. Failing to secure the land they have now gone after the only means of transporting coal and with a railroad from the coal lands to Controller Bay they could absolutely dictate to the owners of the coal lands."

Denial From Ballinger.

Seattle, Wash., July 8.—Former Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, today received the Washington dispatch concerning Representative Cox's resolution, and said:

"No representation was ever made to the President by me in the interest of Richard S. Ryan, or any syndicate in connection with the land of Controller Bay, but I did advise President Taft not to release the lands sought for terminal facilities. I recommended that, if any lands were eliminated from the National forest, they should be eliminated. As far as the entire frontage of Controller Bay was concerned, in a body, leaving to operate the law which reserves every aiternate 80 rods of water front to the government.

"So far as Mr. Ryan is concerned, I never had any business dealings with him."

NEW S. A. L. WAGE SCALE.

Satisfactory Settlement of the Wage Question Announced.

Norfolk, Va., July 8.—The general committee representing the trades unions along the Seaboard Air Line system, announced today satisfactory settlement of wage questions taken up with Seaboard officials during a series of conferences covering a period of two months. A new wage scale that is to become effective at once provides for an increase of three and a half cents per hour for machinists, which fixes the pay of first-class machinists at 38 cents per hour and second-class machinists at 36 1-2 cents per hour. Boilermakers are to get two and onehalf cents per hour increase, and shee-iron workers are raised from one and one-half to three cents per hour. The new wage scale generally is similar to that in effect by the Southern Railway.

NOT YET OPERATED ON.

Dr. Wells Resting Comfortably—Several Consultations Held.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Richmond, Va., July 8.—Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Wilmington, who arrived in Richmond Wednesday suffering with an acute attack of appendicitis, is still at the Johnston Willis Sanitarium and the surgeons have not as yet decided as to the necessity for an immediate operation. Dr. Wells is resting comfortably and is in little pain. Several consultations have been held by his physicians, and it is expected that a decision will be reached Monday concerning the course of future treatment. Mrs. Wells and J. M. Wells, Jr., are with Dr. Wells.

Mrs. Frank Pearson, the celebrated soprano singer of the South, starts engagement at the Grand tomorrow. **

Wanted—Ten thousand customers to trade at Fuchs' Big Sale. **

DEFEAT CUMMINS' AMENDMENT

Another Attempt to Amend Canadian Reciprocity Bill Failed—A Rebuke for Simmons—Feature Day in Senate.

Washington, July 8.—The defeat in the Senate today of the first of Senator Cummins' amendments to the Canadian reciprocity bill, made it clear that the measure is scheduled to emerge from the Senate without any change from its original form.

By a vote of 32 to 14 the Senate refused to attach to the bill Senator Cummins' proposal to give Canadian fresh meats and meat products free access to the American markets.

The fate of the first of the Cummins amendments is expected to be that of all the others, which are to be voted upon Monday, along with amendments by Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, somewhat similar in scope. Three Democratic Senators, Bailey, Simmons and Thornton; and two regular Republicans, Senators Clark, of Wyoming, and Southerland, voted with the insurgent Republicans for the amendment. No material change in the vote is expected on the other amendments of like nature.

The remaining Cummins amendments propose to put Canadian iron and steel products, flour, lumber, coal, leather, woolens and cotton goods on the free list without giving similar advantages to American goods going into Canada.

An agreement for voting on these and the Simmons amendments on Monday was reached late in the afternoon.

So far as the effect on the progress of the reciprocity bill is concerned, some senators were disposed to minimize the importance of this agreement on the ground that these amendments merely would give place to consideration of others Senator LaFollette is preparing.

An element of the Senate is awaiting the LaFollette amendments as a possible basis for renewed efforts of some Democrats and insurgent Republicans to get together on revision of tariff schedules.

RALEIGH ALDERMEN FIGHT.

Difficulty Between Sherwood Upchurch and Alexander Webb.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—Acting Police Justice W. C. Harris announced in his court this morning that he would hold the young white man, Turner Smith, charged with criminal assault upon Miss Lillian Whitson, under $1,000 bond for the Superior court. Smith could not give the bond and went to the county jail. Appearing for the prisoner were Col. J. C. L. Harris and Chas. U. Harris, father and brother of Police Justice Harris. They made a hard fight for their client to be held only for simple assault and then the bond to be reduced, but the justice waved them down, declaring that it was no uset to discuss the case and that his mind was made up to hold him for the criminal assault charge. The young girl was a boarder in the home of Smith's mother and the young man induced her to go driving. At a secluded place on the county road in the early evening he made improper advances, going to such an extent that the girl jumped from the buggy and fled, reporting the case later to the police.

The fight between Alderman Sherwood Upchurch and Alderman Alexander Webb, that took place last night just after the July meeting of the aldermen, is to have an airing in the police court Monday and many have much curiosity as to just what course Acting Police Justice W. C. Harris will pursue in disposing of the case, he being a kinsman of Alderman Upchurch and under peculiar obligation to the majority of the board represented by Mr. Webb. Upchurch called Webb a liar in board meeting when Webb, in reply to a question by Upchurch stated that he would have as readily favored remitting the tax penalty against any friends of the Upchurch minority as he had in ordering that the penalty against ex-Judge R. W. Winston be remitted. This had been done because the city tax collector had promised to draw on Judge Winston before the penalty was in force and then forgot it. Later the aldermen remitted the penalty. After the meeting Webb demanded an apology of Upchurch for his language, Upchurch struck at him. The two clinched and were quickly on the pavement with Upchurch underneath and Webb pounding him vigorously. Officers interfered and both men were bruised and bleeding when pulled apart.

AIMED AT LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Bills in Congress Would Stop Sale in Prohibition Territory.

Washington, July 8.—Two bills aimed at the traffic in intoxicants into "dry" States from other States was introduced today by Representative Roddenberry, of Georgia. One of them would prohibit the use of the "mails for the purpose of advertising, soliciting or offering for sale intoxicating liquors in communities where State or local laws forbid the sale of such liquors."

The other bill would make it unlawful "to collect or receipt for a special tax for carrying on wholesale or retail liquor business in States where the laws forbid the sale of intoxicants."

New York, July 8.—Notice was served today upon commission merchants of New York and the farmers of New Jersey, Virginia and other States with whom they deal, that on and after August 1st, a barrel of apples, pears, potatoes or quinces must be all that it is represented to be at least so far as weight and measure are concerned.

INCREASED PRICES ARE NOW PROVEN

High Cost of Living Declared No Myth by the Bureau of Labor.

THE FIGURES BROUGHT OUT

Extensive Investigation of Prices of 257 Commodities—Shown by Comparison—A Detailed Account of Increase.

Washington, July 8.—The high cost of living is no myth. An investigation by the Bureau of Labor of the prices of 257 commodities during 1910, shows the wholesale prices in that year were 4 per cent. higher than in 1909, and 1.6 per cent. above the average of 1907, which was the year of highest prices since 1890. In view of the Canadian reciprocity discussion an interesting item in the bureau report shows that the wholesale price of farm products was 7.5 per cent. higher in 1910 than in 1909.

Wholesale prices in 1910 were 19.1 per cent. higher than in 1900; 46.7 per cent. higher than 1897, which was the year of lowest prices between 1890 and 1910; 16.6 per cent. higher than 1890 and 31.6 per cent. higher than the average high prices between 1890 and 1899.

The highest prices in this decade were reached in October, 1907, when a general decline began which continued until August, 1908. A rise then set in and there were monthly increases without a break up to March, 1910, when wholesale prices reached the highest point in 20 years. They were then 21.1 per cent. higher than the average of 1900; 49.2 per cent. higher than the yearly average of 1897, and 33.8 per cent. higher than the average price of ten-years between 1890 and 1899.

Then followed a slight decline, and from June to December, 1910, prices remained nearly level and at the close of the calendar year 1910, they were still 30 per cent. higher than the 10-year average between 1890 and 1900, and 45.4 per cent. higher than the record set by the low price year of 1897. Of the 257 commodities considered in the investigation 148 showed an average increase; 26 showed no change, and 83 showed decreases.

Prices of lumber and building materials increased 10.7 per cent.; farm products 7.5 per cent.; drugs 4.1 per cent.; food stuffs 3.2 per cent.; clothing 2.7 per cent.; and the miscellaneous group of commodities 5.7 per cent. House furnishings decreased 0.1 per cent. and fuel and light 3 per cent.

Some extraordinary variations were recorded during 1910. Potatoes increased 300 per cent; eggs 90 per cent.; coffee 60 per cent.; mess beef 35 per cent.

CONTEST NORFOLK ELECTION.

Straight-Outs Filed Their Charges—Investigation in July.

Norfolk, Va., July 8.—The Norfolk county straight-outs contesting the county primary election of June 28th, carried by the Fusionists, today filed their charges and specifications of contest, mentioning alleged activity of special police at the polls, non-payment of poll taxes "personally," voting of persons who had not lived in the county for the required time, the participation of Republicans and the naming of "straw" candidates. The straight-outs protested against the Fusionists filing contest in cases where their candidates were defeated on the ground that the time limit had expired. The committee ruled that today had been fixed to receive all contests and John A. Codd, defeated Fusion chairman of the board of supervisors, filed notice of contest over W. H. Rodman, alleging illegal voting in Democratic straight-out strongholds and the voting of more people than were actually on the list. Rodman appealed to the State convention. Answer and counter charges will be received July 18th, and the investigation will be had July 20th.

WOULD IMPEACH WRIGHT.

Gompers Urges Senate Committee to Act Against Justice.

Washington, July 8.—Impeachment of Justice Daniel T. Wright, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, was suggested today to the Senate "third degree," investigating committee, by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. Mr. Gompers' complaint was against Justice Wright's course in the Bucks Stove and Range Company contempt proceedings against the Federation officials.

Mr. Gompers told the committee that he knew the Senate could not begin impeachment proceedings and that he did not mean for the committee to take the initiative.

"I do know that if we had the recall in the District of Columbia," added Mr. Gompers, "that Justice Wright would have been recalled before this."

"I do not think the recall is as good as impeachment generally," suggested Senator Borah.

Richmond, Va., July 8.—Richmond's chief of police, Major Werner, was overcome by the heat in his office today and had to be taken to his home, where the doctors say he will have to remain for several days, though his case is not serious.

TRAVIS MAY BE APPOINTED

Governor Said to be Halting Between Three Applicants, Believed Political Reasons Will Hasten Decision—Candidates.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—There are strong indications now that appointment by Governor Kitchin to the corporation commissionership to succeed the late Henry Clay Brown, will be announced Monday. The Governor spent two hours this evening delving into a mass of endorsments and other correspondence concerning the appointment. He says not less than 25 citizens in one and another section of the State are either personally asking for the appointment or being endorsed for the place by friends.

He counted over 21 of these off-hand as he stood talking of the situation, but unfortunately it was mental enumeration so no definite list of them is available. However, it is a safe statement that the Governor is really halting as to choice between three, E. L. Travis, of Halifax; Capt. T. W. Mason, of Northampton, and ex-Speaker of the House, A. W. Graham, of Granville, and every indications still is that Travis will be named. The Governor's friends are taking the view that this commissionership appointment is going to cost him votes in the senatorial contest, no matter how he decides on the appointee, and also that the longer the contest is left open the greater inroads will be made on his senatorial strength. It is this pressure that is forcing an immediate appointment.

A development in the contest for the appointment at the hands of Governor Kitchin to the corporation commissionership to succeed the lamented H. C. Brown, is the announcement by President Edgar E. Broughton, of the North Carolina Retail Merchants' Association, that the officers and directors of the association have pledged their support to E. L. Harris, secretary of the State Association, Raleigh, and that the local associations in every part of the State will be urged to tale action in the interest of Mr. Harris on the ground that he will represent the shipping interests of the merchants and is well qualified for the place. He was notified today that the Salisbury Association endorsed Harris last night. With the backing of the Retail Merchants' Association Harris will be a formidable candidate. Many believe that the Governor will appoint his life-long friend E. L. Travis, of Halifax, who is known to be an active candidate.

Mr. Travis has been in Raleigh at frequent intervals for several weeks past and seems to be steadily recuperating from the wound he received in Scotland Neck when he and Governor Kitchin's brother and the chief of police were shot down by an insane man.

The latest addition to the active candidates is Jno. H. Pearson, of Morganton, who served on the board some years ago. Ex-Judge Avery, of Morganton, came to Raleigh to urge upon the Governor the appointment of Pearson, but finding the Governor still out of the city returned home today. The Governor will be in his office again Monday, returning from Camden county Sunday.

TAFT PARTY ON MAYFLOWER.

Taking a Trip From Philadelphia to Washington.

Delaware Breakwater, Del., July 8.—The government yacht Mayflower, which left Philadelphia last midnight with President Taft and a party of senators on board for a leisurely sail down the coast and up the Chesapeake to Washington, passed out to sea at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

A dense fog prevailed over the ocean all day. The Mayflower is due in Washington on Monday.

Washington, July 8.—The yacht Mayflower, having on board President Taft and Senators Bacon, Briggs, Brown, Foster, Overman, Penrose, Root and Taylor, whom he is entertaining on a week-end yachting cruise from Philadelphia to Washington, tonight is proceeding slowly down the Atlantic coast off Northeastern Virginia. Wireless messages state the members of the party are all well and that good weather is being exeprienced, making the cruise an enjoyable one.

The Mayflower passed out of the Delaware capes at 2:30 P. M. and headed southward. She would reach the Virginia capes early Sunday morning, but may cruise further beyond before entering Chesapeake bay, or she may go into Hampton Roads for a brief visit at Old Point Comfort tomorrow. The Mayflower is expected to start up the Chesapeake late in the afternoon or early evening, reaching Washington Monday forenoon.

New York, July 8.—"Kid" Bolte, a local welterweight, is in the hospital today suffering from a possible fracture of the skull, hemorrhages, and other injuries received in a ten-round bout last night in the Brighton Beach Athletic Club. His opponent, "Fighting Jack" Lundy, of Brooklyn, has been taken into custody.

He knows the eyes best who has studied optics as a science, and we are experts in the business. We examine eyes free of charge. For the adjustment of exact lens to suit the individual sight we charge only moderately, and hence enjoy popularity. Young and old of either sex invited to come and have their eyes tested. Our optical goods are first-class in every particular. Dr. Vineberg, the eye specialist, 25 years' experience, at Masonic Temple. **

An entire change of musical programme tomorrow at the Grand. **

CASTRO IS AGAIN IN NATIVE LAND

Exiled President Reported to Have Landed With 1,000 Followers.

TROUBLE FOR VENEZUELA

Government Has Been Unable to Confirm Report—Troops Already Dispatcher to Gulf of Maracaibo—Details.

Willemstad, Curacao, July 8.—The Venezuelan government has positive news that Cipriano Castro, the exiled president of Venezuela, effected a landing on the western part of Venezuela and today has a following of 1,000 men.

How different a proposition is Gen. Cipriano Castro with his feet on Venezuela soil and a thousand men at his back from the solitary plotter in Europe until recently supposed to have been isolated by common consent of the powers opposed to his return to the country from which he was an exile, is readily understood in the light of his earlier bold and triumphant career.

If it is true that the self-styled man of destiny is again in Venezuela he must be dealt with by Venezuelans themselves, who have not forgotten that he once overturned the government with an army that originally numbered but 23 men.

Caracas, Venezuela, July 8.—The Government has not yet been able to confirm that Cipriano Castro has landed in Venezuela or in neighboring territory.

It is not considered possible that the ex-president, even if he has secured a foothold in Venezuela, has been able to get any considerable number of men behind him. Nevertheless, troops have already been despatched to the Gulf of Maracaibo.

Castro is reported to have made his landing on the Coajira peninsular, Colombia, which forms the western headland of the gulf of Maracaibo.

FOR EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Will Determine What Teaching Profession Amounts To.

San Francisco, July 8.—The National Educational Association at its convention, which will open formally on Monday, is likely to try to determine just what the teaching profession amounts to, it was said by delegates today. The plan is to make a systematic investigation to learn what constitutes efficiency, how much efficiency exists, and whether more efficiency can be procured.

A discussion of the subject marked today's work of the National Council of Education. President Chas. H. Keyes, of the council, in his address declared that a beginning only had been made in attaining a standard of educational efficiency, and he pointed out that the profession was unique in this undesirable respect.

The council voted to appoint a committee to investigate.

Another angle was touched by Harlan Updegraff, specialist in school administration of the Bureau of Education at Washington, who expressed doubts of the efficacy of the various inducements held out to improve teaching service in city schools.

The allegiance of the "Sabbatical Year," vacation to teachers in the schools of Boston, Cambridge and Nwton, Mass., the administration of the Gregg bequest, and other funds in Indianapolis, the Schmidtapp fund in Cincinnati, and a $250,000 fund in Pittsburg, were recommended for consideration as inducements to improved service.

ROCKINGHAM POWER COMPANY.

Pritchard Confirms Sale of Property—Report of Accounts.

Asheville, N. C., July 8.—An order in the case of S. Morgan Smith Company against the Rockingham Power Company and the Knickerbocker Trust Company, of New York City, against the same defendants and William H. Brown, and W. A. Leland, respondents, the latter acting in the capacity of receivers for the Rockingham Power Company, and S. Morgan Smith Company was signed today by Judge Pritchard in the United States Circuit Court. The order confirms the sale of the defendants' property and the master's reports of their accounts.

The court also decreed that proceeds of the sale of the defendants' property amounting to approximately $950,000 be applied as part payment of the principal and interest on $2,200,000, the total amount due to the Knickerbocker Trust Co. The balance of approximately $1,300,000 the Knickerbocker Trust Company is instructed to recover from the Rockingham Power Co.

Other claimants against the defendant company are instructed to apply to the court for relief.

Birmingham, Eng., July 8.—Jos. Chamberlain celebrated his 75th birthday at his home, Highbury, today. The veteran statesman was the recipient of world-wide congratulations. His health is fairly good, the improvement noted upon his return from the Riviera being maintained.

The Big Sale at J. W. H. Fuchs' will start next Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

SPORTING NEWS

GAMES IN THE CITY LEAGUE

Triangle Boys and Brigadiers Play 11 Inning Tie—Corbett Fanned 17 Men and Won His Game from Infantry Boys.

Results Yesterday.

Y. M. C. A., 3; Boys' Brigade, 3 (11 innings).
A. C. L., 4; W. L. I., 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
A. C. L.	8	2	.800
Boys' Brigade	4	5	.445
W. L. I.	4	6	.400
Y. M. C. A.	3	6	.333

The games scheduled in the City League were pulled off yesterday to a small crowd of fans, due partially to the races at the park a little farther down the line, which seemed to be the main drawing card of the day. The games were pretty good exhibitions throughout, a little wrangling during the first game, and the occasional jutting out of ragged edges during the playing, somewhat marring it, however. It was a battle for supremacy between the Y. M. C. A. and the Boys' Brigade and each side was confident of victory, and the toss of a penny, theoretically speaking, would have thrown the game either way. As it was, with a lead of one tally in favor of the Brigadiers, the Triangle boys went in in the ninth and tied it up in spectacular manner, which tie remained unbroken after two more innings had been played, the game being called at the end of the 11th inning. "Red" Quinney twirled magnificent ball, fanning 8 men and his opposer, Hines, of the Y. M. C. A., struck out 11 batters. Each man issued one free ticket during the entire 11 innings. The tallies were scored as follows:

In the second inning, on an error, a hit and a stolen base, the Brigade succeeded in putting one man across the rubber, and in the third, with one man down, Montgomery ambled and was advanced when Mintz got on by an error.Gore struck out, but Lacy had a hunch coming and hit safely, scoring two men.

The Triangle boys came up in their half of the third, Betts, the first man up hitting safely. Lewis was hit by Quinney, advancing him, Goldbery and Hines struck out, but Wessell beat out a bunt and Lewis scored, Jones got the second hit of the session and Betts scored, ending the inning's run-getting.

In the ninth, Hines got on on an error of second baseman. Wessell was put out pitcher to first, Hines advancing a base on the put out. Jones got a hit scoring him. Brittain was out on first.

The game was prolonged for two more innings in order to give either one or the other side a chance to break the tie, but nothing was doing and it was called at the end of the eleventh.

The Second Game.

The second game was one of the best seen at League Park this season. It was interesting from the time the umpire called "play ball" till the last man was down in the ninth.

Corbett was on the firing line for the Railroaders and covered himself with glory. It was a pitcher's battle with odds slightly in his favor, just enough to turn the victory the way of the Railroaders. He issued only four hits, no two coming in the same inning, and struck out 17 men, which it is believed to be a new record for League Park, but got himself in a hole on two different occassions owing to his tendency to grow wild with men on bases. However, he wavered not.

The Railroaders started things in the second inning. Terry, first up, hit past the Bull for two sacks, taking third a second later when Letz uncorked a wild pitch. Hines struck out, but got to first when Parker dropped the third strike, Terry scoring on the throw. Hines stole second, and scored on Starritt's out.

In the fifth the Soldiers got busy and annexed two. Hines dropped Orrell's long fly, and Parker coaxed four bad ones. Jewell proceeded to get hit, crowding the corners, Crelley fanned. Shaw hit safely to left, scoring Orrell and Parker. Letz and Gore both went out via the strike out route.

In the sixth Grainger hit a screamer to left and pilfered second, going to third a moment later on Emerson's sacrifice. He scored when Bobby Houston sent a long fly right beneath the Bull.

In the eighth, Smith, first up for the W. L. I. was given a pass, Calder was hit and Orrell hit safely near third, scoring from third while Parker was doing the fanning stunt. Jewell and Crelley didn't materialize.

The Coast Line added another in their half of the eighth. Corbett started with a strike out, but Grainger followed with a safety to center, and stole second and third successively, scoring when Parker threw to left field. Houston got a hit through third, and stole second, going on to third on a wild pitch, but Terry went out, third to first. This ended the scoring for the afternoon.

Nelson, Ga., July 8.—Angered because his daughter's sweetheart came to the railroad station to bid her good bye, Harry Franzani, an Italian, today opened fire on the young man with a pistol. A bullet struck an Italian boy in the crowd, killing him instantly. The girl's suitor escaped uninjured. Franzani was preparing to take the girl back to Italy to escape the young man's attentions.

Rome, July 8.—The Chamber of Deputies today approved by a majority of 171 the bill providing for a State monopoly of life insurance. Discussion of the details of the bill has been postponed until November.

The Big Sale at J. W. H. Fuchs' will start next Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

Eastern League.

At Jersey City 3; Providence 5.
At Newark 2; Baltimore 4. (Ten innings.)
At Rochester 9; Montreal 0.
Second: At Montreal 7; Rochester nothing.
At Buffalo 4; Toronto 6.
Second: Toronto 10; Buffalo 3.

American Association.

At Minneapolis 5; Kansas City 3.
At Louisville 5; Indianapolis 2.
At Columbus 7; Toledo 1. (Called end 7th, darkness.)
At St. Paul 4; Milwaukee 8.

South Atlantic League.

At Savannah 4; Jacksonville 0.
At Columbia 5; Albany 4.
At Augusta 3; Macon 4.
At Charleston 3; Columbus 2.

Southern League.

At Chattanooga 4; Atlanta 3. (First 7 innings.)
Second: Chattanooga 4; Atlanta1.
At New Orleans-Montgomery, wet grounds.
At Mobile 2; Birmingham 1.
At Memphis 4; Nashville 5.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke 1; Petersburg 0.
At Danville 2; Lynchburg 3.
At Richmond 9; Norfolk 4.

Carolina Association.

At Winston-Salem 4; Anderson 0.
At Charlotte 7; Spartanburg 6.
At Greenville 3; Greensboro 1.

PROFIT IN FOX SKINS.

Raising Wild Animals Is Now a Remunerative Business.

(New York World.)

Since the demand for elaborate furs became practically enormous the breeding of the wild creatures in captivity for their pelts has become a new and extensive industry, and has proved to be fairly simple, inexpensive, and yielding enormous profit.

Of all the wild creatures raised in captivity the fox is the favorite, as he proves to be the least trouble and to yield the largest profit; and the result is that fox farms are springing up all over the North, and the pelts raised are far more beautiful in quality than those of creatures in the wild state.

This new kind of farming is most interesting, and men who have not made a success of general farming find this suited to their taste and fancy and are making money fast at it, and many an old abandoned farm in Maine, New Hampshire, and the other States of the northern line has suddenly been reclaimed for fox farming.

This industry, however, is only for the Northern farmer, for the fox thrives best in a northerly climate, and farms in Maine and northern Vermont and New Hampshire and New York are best suited to the industry. The fur of a Northern-bred fox is thicker, glossier, and better in every way than those bred further south.

The pioneer breeders found that they could raise all kinds of foxes on their fox farm in Maine, but the fox they now breed most extensively is the blue fox of Alaska, because the fur of this particular variety is the most valuable and brings the best profits.

The feeding of the foxes is not particularly expensive, as a great number of rabbits are to be easily trapped near at hand, and bones and table scraps make excellent food. An occasional fowl is tendered to the wellfed reynard, who thrives amazingly in his semi-captivity. He is so treated that he scarcely realizes the difference between a wild life and this amazing existence. He becomes tame and accustomed to the presence of mankind, but he has plenty of room for roaming, because the fox runs over nearly two or three acres of the Maine fox farm, fenced only by coarse wire netting that has none of the guise of a prison wall to the fox's eye.

These acres are divided into several large yards and many smaller individual pens. It took over three tons of wire and that was one of the greatest items of the expense of starting the fox farm.

The foxes in captivity retain all their wild, sly ways, and it is most interesting, as they are little wooly creatures with only a little end of tail that later develops into the superb brush that counts much in milady's wardrobe nowadays. The little foxes are the most playful of all young cubs and have cunning little faces.

New York, July 8.—The troubles of the Ward Line seamen over the question of wages and conditions of labor have been settled and the steamship Havana sailed this afternoon with a full union crew.

Berlin, July 8.—The American midshipmen who have been visiting here left for Kiel today.

Com. R. E. Coonts, of the practice squadron and several officers arrived here today.

DON'T BE THIN.

No Need of Being Scrawny, Weak and Emaciated.

In these days of physical culture and health foods, one would hardly expect to see any thin, weak, emaciated people, but in spite of all this, nearly every person you meet is thin and scrawny.

Good healthy flesh can only be gained by the use of the proper food with thorough assimilation of the fat giving elements. Nine people out of ten in order to weigh as much as they ought and be perfectly healthy, should use Samose, the great flesh-forming food. Weigh yourself before commencing to use these little tablets, and see how your weight increases.

Samose has valuable flesh-forming and tissue building properties, and when it is assimiliated with the food it causes the flesh-making elements to be retained and the weight is naturally increased.

J. Hicks Bunting, the popular druggist, has sold in the last few weeks, a great many packages of Samose, every one with his personal guarantee to refund the money if it did not give satisfaction and has had but one person ask for the money back.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

Fuchs' Big Sale bargains make thin purses smile. **

THE SECOND DAY'S RACING

Fine Sport Witnessed at Track of Wilmington Driving Association—Another Meet in September.

Featuring the second day's events of the first official meet on the track of the Wilmington Driving Association at Highwood Park yesterday afternoon was a match race between Dr. Morris Caldwell, of Wilmington, driving The Queen, and Mr. Wiggins, of Dillon, S. C., driving Montague, Mr. Wiggins winning by a neck.

This race was easily the most exciting of the day and attracted more attention from the spectators than any other event. The result was in doubt until the wire was crossed and though Dr. Caldwell lost, he was warmly congratulated by the spectators who had witnessed the splendid fight put up by the game little mare. With the odds against her, the other horse having drawn the pole, she put up the gamest race ever seen in Wilmington. Had The Queen drawn the pole it was almost the unanimous opinion of those who saw the race that she would have won. Both drivers used their whips freely in the stretch and the horses were doing their best when they crossed the wire. The betting faction exchanged more money on this race, it is said, than on any other event of the day.

Some very fast racing marked the other events of the afternoon and the spectators enjoyed every contest.

The 2:17 class and the free for all were both very exciting and it took three heats to settle the latter.

Wilton Boy, owned by Mr. Daniels, of Wilmington, captured first place in the 2:40 class, winning two straight heats in 2:27 and 2:24 1-4. Montague, Mr. Wiggins, Dillon, took first in the 2:17 class, winning first and second heats in 2:18 1-4 and 2:19. Miss Jarvis, Wm. Baxter, Wilmington, landed first money in the free-for-all, taking second and third heats in 2:19 and 2:20.

The results yesterday, as given out by the judges, were as follows:

First race; two in three, mile heats; 2:40 class; purse $150.

First heat: Wilton Boy, Daniels, Wilmington, first, time 2:27; Argot Prince, Bardin, Lake Waccamaw, second; Virginia Boy, Abbott, Raleigh, third; Rob Roy, Stackhouse, Mullins, S. C., fourth; Rubie Penn, Reaves, Dillon, fifth.

Second heat: Wilton Boy, first, time 2:24 1-4; Argot Prince, second; Virginia Boy, third; Rob Roy, fourth; Rubie Penn, fifth.

First money, $75, Wilton Boy; second, $37.50, Argot Prince; third, $22.50, Virginia Boy; fourth, $15, Rob Roy.

Second race; two in three, mile heats; 2:17 class; purse $150.

First heat: Montague, Wiggins, Dillon, first, time 2:18 1-4; The Queen, second, Caldwell, Wilmington, second; Charlie M., Edwards, Dillon, third; Dan Wilkes, Abbott, Raleigh, fourth; Hazel H., Huggins, Timmonsville, S. C., fifth.

Second heat: Montague, first, time 2:19; The Queen, second; Charlie M., third; Dan Wilkes, fourth; Hazel H., fifth.

First money, $75, Montague; second, $37.50, The Queen; third, $22.50, Charlie H.; fourth, $15, Rob Roy.

Third race; two in three, mile heats, free-for-all; purse $150.

First heat, Marguerite, Edwards, Dillon, first, time 2:25; Sandy Hal, Stackhouse, Marion, second; Miss Jarvis, Baxter, Wilmington, third.

Second heat, Miss Jarvis, first, time 2:19; Marguerite, second; Sandy Hal, third.

Third heat: Miss Jarvis, first, time 2:20; Marguerite, second; Sandy Hal third.

First money, $75, Miss Jarvis; second, $50, Marguerite; third, $25, Sandy Hal.

Yesterday's attendance was estimated at about 1,200. There were quite a number from outside points who came in to see the races, and there were also more Wilmington people out than on Friday.

While the attendance did not come up to expectations for the two days, the officials of the driving association are fairly well pleased with the success of the affair. The next official meet will be held in September and another in November. It is hoped that the sport will increase in popularity in the city and justify the Driving Association in making an effort to secure a county fair for New Hanover county. Considering the distance of the nearest large fair that is held in this section, there is no reason why one held in this city should not prove an immense success and it is a feature would be very desirable in advertising the section and its many resources to the rest of the State. The Driving Association hopes to see a movement for a county fair started and they will do all in their power to aid such a movement.

The members of the Driving Association feel that Trainer McClellan has done excellent work in the short time that he has been at the local track. Wilton Boy, Grace D., Miss Jarvis and Jack Gray Bird, all first money horses in at least one event, and several second money horses, have been under his care for the past two weeks, and when he took them in hand they were in very poor racing form. In view of the limited time in which he had to wrok the results he accomplished are considered more than satisfactory.

Asheville, N. C., July 8.—The death of Patrolman McConnell, which occurred Friday afternoon, the increase of the reward to approximately $1,000 and the employment of expert detectives, has given impetus to the search for John Huff, the negro, who shot McConnell while the former was under arrest for stealing cattle.

Philadelphia, July 8.—The Wasedo University baseball team of Japan today defeated a picked nine made up of past and present University of Pennsylvania players by the score of 11 to 8.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At New York, 5; Chicago, 2.
At Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburg, 3.
At Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 11.
At Philadelphia, 2; St. Louis, 6.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	45	29	.608
Chicago	43	28	.606
Philadelphia	44	30	.595
St. Louis	42	31	.575
Pittsburg	41	31	.569
Cincinnati	30	41	.423
Brooklyn	27	45	.375
Boston	18	55	.247

Philadelphia, July 8.—St. Louis won the day's game 6 to 2, making three straight victories over the home team. The visitors bunched seven of their nine hits in three innings. Only one hit was made off Steel in the first seven innings. Magee, was benched at the end of the first inning for disputing a decision.

St. Louis .....000 001 203—6 9 2
Philadelphia ....000 000 020—2 6 2

Steele and Bresnahan; Burns, Humphries and Dooin; time 2:00; umpires Johnstone and Eason.

Boston, July 8.—McTigue's wildness in the first inning of today's game, when he issued four passes and was hit safely twice, paved the way for Cincinnati's victory 11 to 7, though the Boston team batted Keefe hard throughout the game.

Boston .....200 001 301— 7 12 3
Cincinnati .....800 102 000—11 12 6

McTigue, Griffin, Mattern and Kling; Keefe and McLean; time 2:08; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Brooklyn, July 8.—The police had to escort Umpire Frary off the field today following a shower of pop bottles and glasses in the ninth inning. The game was close throughout and was marked by decisions that displeased the home crowd and players. The real trouble started when Daubert was declared out at the plate in the fifth and culminated in the ninth, when the home players thought Wagner should have been called out on strikes. Wagner followed with a hit that eventually won the game. Frary ordered the Brooklyn bench cleared of the reserve players, who marched down the field headed by the mascot, while the crowd threw many missiles at Frary. After the broken glass had been removed, the game was played out to a Pittsburg victory by 3 to 1. Wagner was the main performer, scoring two runs, one a homer in the second. Both pitchers were effective, not a base on balls being given.

Pittsburg .....010 000 002—3 8 2
Brooklyn .....000 010 000—1 6 3

Leifield and Simon; Schardt and Bergen; time 1:50; umpires Frary and Emslie.

New York, July 8.—The Giants assumed first place in the National League race today by defeating Chicago 5 to 2, in a game in which the Cubs errors proved costly. Marquard not only pitched effectively for the Giants, but made a home run off McIntire in the third inning.

Chicago .....020 000 000—2 9 4
New York .....001 004 00x—5 8 2

McIntire, Brown, Cole and Archer; Marquard and Meyers. Time 2:10. Umpires Klem and Brennan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Detroit, 7; Washington, 5.
At Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 9.
At St. Louis, 7; Boston, 6.
At Chicago, 5; New York, 2.
Second: New York, 0; Chicago, 7.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	50	23	.685
Philadelphia	49	24	.671
New York	37	35	.583
Chicago	37	36	.536
Boston	37	35	.514
Cleveland	35	42	.455
Washington	26	48	.351
St. Louis	20	52	.278

Detroit, July 8.—Washington outhit Detroit today, but weak work on the bases lost the game for the visitors. Detroit got the advantage of errors and won 7 to 5. Lively was knocked out of the box. Covington was wild, but Washington could not hit him. The hitting and base running of Cobb and Milan featured. Stanage was forced to retire at the end of the sixth owing to the excessive heat.

Washington ....001 300 010—5 12 4
Detroit .....112 020 01x—7 8 4

Walker and Henry; Lively, Covington and Stanage and Casey; time 2:00, umpires Dinneen and Perrine.

Cleveland, July 8.—Philadelphia defeated Cleveland 9 to 4, driving Kaler from the box. Cleveland bunched six hits off Bender in the first two innings and scored three runs.

Cleveland .....210 000 100—4 13 4
Philadelphia ....300 203 001—9 12 0

Kaler, Blanding and Easterly; Bender and Thomas; time 2:02; umpires Evans and Mullin.

St. Louis, July 8.—Five runs in the fifth inning gave the local team a lead which Boston was not able to overcome and the game ended with the score 7 to 5 in favor of St. Louis. The locals played an errorless game.

St. Louis .....200 050 00x—7 5 0
Boston .....200 000 030—5 8 2

Powell and Clarke; Hall, Pape and Williams; time 1:40; umpires Connolly and O'Loughlin.

Chicago, July 8.—Chicago won their third straight victory from New York today by winning two games and going into third place in the pennant race. The scores were 5 to 2 and 7 to 0. The wildness of the visitors pitchers, coupled with loose fielding and the opportune hitting of the locals was responsible for the Chicago runs.

Chicago .....101 011 10x—5 9 0
New York .....011 000 000—2 5 1

White and Sullivan; Fisher, Brockett and Blair. Time 2:00. Umpires Egan and Sheridan.

Second:

Chicago .....040 012 00x—2 12 0
New York .....000 000 000—0 6 6

Lange and Payne; Brockett, Kleafer and Sweeney. Time 1:50. Umpires Egan and Sheridan.

New York, July 8.—The movement of the George Washington Memorial Association to have Yorktown Day, October 19th, observed throughout the country by a series of peace demonstrations in honor of Washington, has already found adherents in 20 different States. Among these are Utah, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Missouri, Indiana and Florida.

Atlanta, Ga., July 8.—Landrum Hughes, aged 45, who was struck by an automobile late last night and dragged some distance, died tonight in a local hospital. The automobile was driven by T. H. Pitts, a well known real estate man.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

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SECOND RACE OF SEASON

Sailed Yesterday Afternoon Over the Course of Carolina Yacht Club. Capt. E. A. Metts the Winner.

With a fairly good breeze from the southeast and witnessed by a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators, the second race of the series of five in the Carolina Yacht Club regatta for the Walters-Jones trophy was sailed over the club course in Banks Channel yesterday afternoon, beginning at 4:30 o'clock. The winner of the race was Capt. E. A. Metts, sailing boat No. 63, and whose time was one hour, 46 minutes and one second. The other boats in the contest and time made are as follows:

No. 68, Capt. John VanB. Metts, 1:46:31.
No. 65, Capt. P. W. Davis, 1:47:29.
No. 66, Capt. J. S. Brown, 1:48:54.
No. 69, Capt. R. G. Rankin, 1:48:56.
No. 67, Capt. A. S. Williams, 1:49:56.
No. 73, Capt. W. C. Lord, 1:56:48.
No. 74, Capt. J. M. Stevenson, capsized before the start was made.

The third race in the series will be held on Saturday, July 22nd. Interest in yacht races at the beach is growing with each succeeding race, as evidenced by the larger number of spectators and the enthusiasm manifested.

MORE THAN FOUR LOST.

Passengers From Wrecked Steamer Tell of Disaster.

Santa Barbaria, California, July 8.—In spite of assertions from company officials and the ship's officers to the contrary, the passengers of the wrecked steamer Santa Rosa, who arrived here early today after a thrilling battle with the breakers that smashed the stranded ship, declare that more than four sailors lost their lives.

One hundred and ninety-two passengers are all that have been accounted for so far, say the survivors. There were 200 on the steamer and of the rescued said today that the missing ones went down to death when the surf battered life rafts to pieces.

Few of the ship wrecked voyagers have recovered from the nerve-racking strain of the battle with the breakers in the dark night. Many of the rescued women are still hysterical and are under the care of physicians.

Washington, D. C., July 8. — Lieut. Thomas Milling and W. Starling Burgess, of the Burgess-Wright factory, at Marblehead, Mass., had a narrow escape from death at the Army Aviation School at College Park, Md., today, when the aeroplane which they were trying out for the government "balked" and plunged 50 feet to the ground. The machine was completely smashed, but the aviators escaped uninjured.

Reading, Pa., July 8.—George D. Foster, a well dressed stranger, claiming New York as his home, was arrested here today, charged with forging a dozen checks in various amounts from $50 to $400 on Reading business men.

In its ninth year of unrivaled popularity, with an annual sales of millions of pounds,

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is known to-day the country over as the "ONE COFFEE" of exceptional quality and moderate price

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Students not offering the necessary units for entrance may prepare in Meredith Academy.

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R. L. FLOWERS, Secretary, Durham, N. C.

WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Superior Court in Session—Shaking Up of "Morally Stunted"—Violations of Fish Law—Municipal Affairs—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 8.—The criminal court, which has been in session here this week has made a record of which the judge, solicitor, lawyers and all court officers may feel proud. Court adjourned yesterday morning until Monday on account of being up with the grand jury. Every case on the docket that could be tried up to that time had been disposed of. Too much cannot be said in praise of Judge Whedbee and Solicitor Sinclair for the manner in which business has been disposed of. Not in a long time, if ever, have violators of the law in this county had such a shaking up. A large number of them in and around Lumberton have come in for their share. Blockaders are going to help build roads as nver before, while those who thought it a small thing to resist an officer here have been convinced that such will no longer be tolerated here. The work of Mayor White, Chief Redfern and Policeman Strain has been approved in such a manner as to convince those who persist in retailing and resisting that it is best to comply with the law. Your correspondent heard one of our best citizens say yesterday that if Judge Whedbee, Solicitor Sinclair, Mayor White and the Lumberton police could work together here for two years that the courts would not amount to much so far as Lumberton is concerned, as violators would learn in that time, if not sooner, that it costs less to obey the law than to violate it. Jim Byrd and Warren Wart, chargd with killing Willie Smith at the Lumberton Cotton Mills some months ago, it is expected, will be tried Monday. The trial of Sam Pugh, colored, charged with murder, has been set for Tuesday, and a special venire of 100 men ordered summoned from which to select the jury. Solicitor Sinclair, who left for his home in Fayetteville last night to spend Saturday and Sunday, stated that he expected the docket to be cleared up before next week's term adjourned. Of course, there may be a few cases in which the defendants had not been apprehended, but it will be very near a clean sweep.

It is a little remarkable that as large a concern as the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and doing the large business that it does here, has no local office. The company has one of the most energetic agents in the person of Mr. P. Q. Weathersby, but if he wants to have a business conversation with anyone he must have it leaning against a tree or post or seated on a goods box or barrel in some quiet place out of the way. The company has about 1,700 policy holders here, but no office.

The King Grocery Company has just installed in their store the most up-to-date refrigerator in town. The capacity of the ice chamber is only 300 pounds, but the refrigerator is so arranged that lage quantities of perishable goods may be taken care of without crowding.

The Robeson county fish law enacted by the last Legislature is working out to be a great benefit to some of our people. Of course, it's no harm to take a nice trout or bunch of red breast if given away. One morning this week a fisherman is said to have arrived in town well loaded with these famous Lumber river fish. He had more than he could use and it was against the law to sell them, but he had friends with whom to divide them, and while these friends slept, fish came along and got hung up in convenient places. But the fish law is like the whiskey law, purchasers are not, as a rule, bad for blowing unless they get cornered.

It is the opinion of a good many of our people that if some of the inhabitants of Lumberton could see themselves as others see them when they go strolling late in the afternoon, they would wait until after the sun had gone down unless it was hidden behind a cloud. Late in the afternoon the rays of the setting sun are sometimes very penetrating.

Thursday, the 24th of August, has been selected as the time, and Lumberton as the place for holding the county reunion of the Robeson county veterans. Maj. G. H. Hall, of Red Springs, has been appointed chief marshal for the occasion, and he is instructed to appoint one or more assistants from each township. Col. S. J. Cobb is empowered to secure a band and Mr. M. G. McKenzie will invite a speaker for the occasion. Let Lumberton try herself and give the veterans a royal good time.

Chairman J. W. Carter, of the Board of County Commissioners, has called a meeting of the Equalization Board to be held here Monday, the 10th. This meeting is for the purpose of equalizing the tax values of the county and to hear any complaint that anyone has to make in regard to assessment of their property.

County Superintendent McPhaul's report for June showed that during the month there was in the county 30 cases of whooping cough, 40 cases of typhoid fever, 75 cases of measles, 30 cases of smallpox and five cases of pneumonia. There has been considerable talk of the typhoid fever in this section, when as a matter of fact, there has been very little of it in this immediate part of the county. If a person gets the toothache it is wonderful if someone don't report it as a case of typhoid.

For the past two weeks the Seaboard has had a force of men here erecting a new water tank near the passenger station. Everything went well until the framing was up when the town authorities took notice. Plain hewn timbers were being used, but the town wanted it dressed. The foreman said he was doing the work as he was instructed to do, and would not change it without orders from "higher up." He was then told that he had better let up where he was and "go and touch the wires." He went and did so, all his force waiting over three hours to find out who to obey. Replies came back to proceed as per orders, which had been previously given. Work was resumed and prospects are now good for a new water tank in a few days, though the timbers have not been dressed.

At the weekly meeting of the town commissioners held last night an order was passed that the town erect sanitary closets under the bank of the river at the foot of Fifth street. Some of the residents in that vicinity say the order will not be carried out if there is law enough in the books to prevent it. Your correspondent has no suggestion as to location, but it does seem as if something of the kind will have to be done.

Messrs. Jno. D. McMillan, D. D. French and A. M. Diggs attended the races at Cheraw, S. C., yesterday.

Mr. Geo. B. McLeod, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Sandy McLeod, left yesterday afternoon for Fayetteville. After consulting Dr. Highsmith they expect to proceed to Jackson Springs this morning. Mrs. McLeod spent several days there, returning home this week to attend to some business matters. His many friends will be delighted to know that he is gradually regaining his health.

Miss Lillian Fonveille, stenographer at the Lumberton and Dresden Cotton Mills office, left tonight on a two weeks' vacation. After visiting Richmond and Washington she will spend ten days with a sister in the mountains of Maryland.

People here are glad to see a statement of the number of cases of typhoid fever in Wilmington published, as so many awful reports have been circulated. We have heard it stated several times recently that Wilmington had from 500 to 600 cases. Some people have been busy trying to start something here. Two different people were heard last night talking about the great amount of typhoid here, but when they counted up they could not find over eight cases, although some patients were counted twice.

The indications now point to a large crowd from here for the Johnson City excursion on the 11th. This is beyond a doubt the best opportunity our people will have this season to visit the mountains, and when the cost is considered, it will be found cheaper to go than to stay at home. The train will pass here Tuesday morning at 9:15. The fare for the round trip from Lumberton is $4.50.

Green peas have made their appearance on the local market much to the delight of many housekeepers.——The town clock seems to have some dreadful disease. It works a while and rests a while. When it takes a notion to strike it gos so fast that it is difficult to count.

Mr. H. N. Jones, Jr., has shipped to Pennsylvania during the past few days two game cocks for which he received $18—$8 for one and $10 for the other. Mr. Jones says he has about 40 of these chickens which he expects to dispose of at fancy prices.

A class from the Oxford Orphanage is advertised to give a concert here next Saturday, the 15th.

During the Spring, when fertilizers were being handled so extensively, mention was made of the heavy trains that were being handled on the Seaboard. The fertilizer season is over, but a freight train was seen passing here this morning at 1 o'clock going to Wilmington composed of 51 cars.

The three games of baseball played by the home boys and a team from Fayetteville Thursday and yesterday seem to have been one-sided affairs, the visitors being no match at all for the home team.

From the Burlington News it is learned that Mr. B. Sam Edwards, who has been foreman of that paper for the past year, has resigned and will go to the eastern part of the State. It is understood that Mr. Edwards has purchased an outfit and will establish a paper at Elizabethtown. He is a native of that place.

The condition of Sheriff McNeill, who has been confined with typhoid fever for several days, remains about the same. While he is very sick he is doing as well as could be expected.

Miss Grace Redmond returned Thursday from Wilmington where she had been spending several days.

Messrs. David Marrow, of Albemarle, and Harry Blair, of Monroe, arrived last night to spend a few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Whitfield.

URGE NAME OF J. R. WILLIAMSON

Governor Asked to Appoint Him Corporation Commissioner—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., July 8.—One of the strongest petitions ever gotten up in Columbus county and signed by every member of our bar, county officers and every merchant approached, was last evening telegraphed to Governor Kitchin, asking the appointment of Hon. J. R. Williamson as Corporation Commissioner. Other sections of this county also wired petitions.

Our people are enthusiastically hopeful over the building of the Trans-Continental Railway since reception of the news that Col. S. A. Jones has bought the privileges and franchises of the old Carolina, Knoxville & Western Railroad, and which gives his line passage through that mountain pass, and the dispute over Pigeon Gap vanishes in the air. The right of way extends from Knoxville through Haywood and Transylvania to Hamburg, S. C. The full significance of this move is not apparent at this time, but it is the general opinion that somebody was napping when Col. Jones walked off with the cake.

Yesterday Whiteville picniced at Lake Waccamaw en masse, and a most delightful day was spent.

Our mayor and council met last evening and it was decided to finish beautifying the court house square before proceeding further on street improvements. The little parks are now being railed off and sowed down in cow peas, but next Fall they will be seeded in grass and shrubbery set out, with seats among the trees. Whiteville will then indeed be a town beautiful.

Miss Mary C. Pitts reached Whiteville yesterday on the noon train, and met a warm welcome from her many friends. She will stay in our town a week or so. Miss Pitts did not state whether or not she would take a music class here.

Kill More Than Wild Beasts.

The number of people killed yearly by wild beasts don't approach the vast number killed by disease germs. No life is safe from their attacks. They're in air, water, dust, even food. But grand protection is afforded by Electric Bitters, which destroy and expel these deadly disease germs from the system. That's why chills, fever and ague, all malarial and many blood diseases yield promptly to this wonderful blood purifier. Try them, and enjoy the glorious health and new strength they'll give you. Money back, if not satisfied. Only 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

Fuchs' Big Sale will start Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

THE COMMISSIONERSHIP PLUM

Secretary Field Says Number Applications Received — Believed Plaintiff Will Get Verdict in Noted Ware-Kramer Suit

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—President Edgar Broughton, of the North Carolina Merchants' Association, announced today that the officers and directors of the association have endorsed the candidacy of E. L. Harris, of Raleigh, for corporation commissioner to succeed the late H. C. Brown and it is known that local associations are being urged to take action to this effect. Salisbury association endorsed Harris last night. Governor Kitchin will return to Raleigh tomorrow. "There are many candidates," is the answer that Col. Alex. J. Field, private secretary to the governor, makes to an inquiry as to the number of candidates in the race for the commissionership. Some of those known to be in the contest are E. L. Travis, of Halifax; E. L. Harris, of Raleigh; L. C. Bagwell, Raleigh; H. A. London, Pittsboro; also there are being prominently mentioned, if not actually candidates, E. C. Beddingfield, Wake, (former commissioner); Capt. Thomas Mason, Northampton; J. O. Ellington, Fayetteville, former State bank examiner; Jacob A. Long, of Alamance, former opponent of Chairman McNeill, of the commission; Thomas M. Robertson, of Randolph, now with the Department of Commerce and Labor, at Washington.

Two voluntary petitions in bankruptcy have been filed with the clerk of the Federal Coutr here, both former merchants in Tarboro, P. A. Lewis gives his assets at $11,473 and liabilities $27,464. C. M. Dancy states his assets as $5,737 and liabilities $12,698.

The Planters' Club of this city, recently chartered by the Secretary of State, for the diffusion of literature and encouragement of social intercourse, has taken out a Federal license for the sale of liquors and thereby attracted the attention of the local authorities to its operations. It has its headquarters at Wilson's Cafe, which was licensed as a near-beer place up to July 1st, when the near-beer State prohibition law went into effect. Numbers of the former near-beer places that announce that they have cut near-beer retain their Federal license to sell liquors.

Today ex-Judge R. W. Winston and Mr. Green, of Norfolk, made their arguments to the jury in the suit of Ware-Kramer Tobacco Co., vs. American Tobacco Co., Judge Winston for the defendant and Mr. Green for the plaintiff. The court took a recess this afternoon to Monday to give the jury its usual Saturday opportunity to go to their homes, and the expectation is that the arguments will be closed and the case given to the jury for verdict somewhere around Wednesday or Thursday of next week. Since the refusal of Judge Connor to allow a non-suit as to the American Tobacco Co., and observance of the jury under the influence of the arguments of opposing counsel, the impression is growing among spectators that the plaintiff will get a verdict that is being variously prognosticated at from $25,000 to $50,000.

The case narrowly missed the necessity of a complete new trial last afternoon when Juror Daniel Long was knocked down by a street car on Fayetteville street, and miraculously escaped with only some painful cuts about the head when instant death would have been the result in the great majority of such accidents.

The State Department at Washington, notifies Governor Kitchin for the benefit of officers in this State who may perform marriage ceremonies and for any Ottoman or Turkish subjects in this country who may contemplate getting married in this country, that the Ottoman government will require such subjects in this country who wish to have their marriages assured of validity in Ottoman domains, that they must notify their nearest consular authorities in order that investigation as to any impediments may be made before the ceremony proceeds.

Friends of Judge Ward, of the Superior Court bench, are anxious about his condition. He has been in a hospital at Tarboro now for six weeks without material improvement, it is said. His trouble is said to be an excessie flow of blood to the head.

The State Department of Insurance was advised today that R. E. Whitehead had been bound over to the Superior Court in a $500 bond at High Point, on the charge of representing, without license, the Standard Home Co., of Birmingham, Ala. The Commissioner, J. R. Young, has refused to license the company on account of disapproval of it business methods and system.

BASEBALL AT CHADBOURN.

Locals Defeated Boardman Nine Friday Afternoon.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chadbourn, N. C., July 8.—Chadbourn and Boardman met on the local diamond Friday afternoon, in a very interesting and snappy game of baseball, the locals winning by the score of 5 to 2. Cowan and DeVane, Chadbourn's star heavers, together, struck out 16 men, while Covington, for Boardman, struck out seven. The stick work of the whole local team was the feature. The fielding of Cable at third and the catching of Roberson featured for Boardman. The score:

Boardman .. ...002 000 000—2 5 3
Chadbourn .. ..010 010 021—5 11 1

Boardman: Covington and Roberson; Chadbourn: Cowan, DeVane and Tate.

Will you be one? Our customers are our best advertisers. Every pair of glasses fitted by us sells others. Every day some one says: "Mrs. So and So is so well pleased with her glasses that I thought I would come to you." We are human—never satisfied. We want to add yon to our chain. To fit you is to fit your friends in the future. We correct all defects of the human eye that glasses will remedy. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. **

Lost opportunity will be your cry if you don't attend Fuchs' Big Sale and get some of the bargains. **

DURHAM RAILROAD TALK.

Believed Coast Line Wants to Get Into the Bull City.

Durham, N. C., July 7.—More railroad talk than has been heard in a long time is going on now, the burden of this being speculation as to the Durham & Danville and the Seaboard.

The Durham & Danville, for which a charter was given last Winter by the General Assembly, is rumored to be a Coast Line extension from Raleigh to Durham then to Danville. Nobody will authorize this statement. The Durham people have it that the Coast Line is coming to Raleigh and that it wants to get into the Durham field. And that is made more interesting by the further announcement that this increased activity is in part caused by the belief that the Seaboard is going to bring a main line by Durham.

In Henderson, Hamlet, Savannah and other points there is a deal of talk that the Seaboard is to come by Durham. The matter received much talk more than a year ago, but stopped. Many people thought there was a local cause for this. It recently turned out that the Durham & Southern road exacts a large division of the Seaboard in freight carried from Durham and it is thought that the road which had such good intentions to come by Durham, grew weary of this condition and did not care to come here for the transportation of freights which had already been consigned to the local road.

In the recent investigation of the Federal commission here it turned out that the Durham & Southern received 40 per cent. of all the freights carried from the American Tobacco Company to points south of Petersburg, Va., including the important points of that State. Figures were produced showing the tremendous falling off of the Seaboard business here, though at Apex the freights greatly increased and gave back a large amount of the Seaboard's losses. The smaller roads commented much upon this and it made an interesting story. After that story showing the arrangement between the big road and the little one, people began to say that there would be no Seaboard by Durham. It looked reasonable.

Men in the employment of the Seaboard have declared that they believe that Durham can get this road if the town goes after it. Usually when there is anything in the air like this, Durham hits a Nancy Hanks gait. The absence of such spirit hitherto isn't explained. But it comes straight now that there will be a pull for the road and the Seaboard will have to decline if it doesn't like the proposition.

The route that would be chosen isn't exactly definite but it would be so run as to have the fast trains come this way. People here would like especially to see the thing more agitated, as well as the Durham-Danville project.

SHOT BY NEGRO WOMAN.

Occurred in Tyrrell County—Manager of Steamboat Company.

Roper, N. C., July 8.—Lillie McCanless, a middle-aged negro woman, shot and probably fatally wounded W. C. Liverman, at Gum Neck, in Tyrrell county, Thursday afternoon. The shooting took place on the wharf of one of the steamboat lines running from Elizabeth City to Hyde county. Liverman was the agent. A number of more or less drunken negroes had gathered to meet the steamer and, becoming disorderly, Liverman ordered them to be quiet or leave the place, whereupon the McCanless woman drew a thirty-two calibre revolver and proceeded to empty every chamber at Liverman at short range, three balls taking effect in his side and back, passing out on the opposite side.

A negro man loaded the woman in a boat and conveyed her to a place of safety in the swamp, some distance from the landing. A posse subsequently captured the man and compelled him to point out the place where he set the woman ashore in the swamp. Later he was lodged in the Columbia jail. The woman was hunted for during the night, a guard being set at all points to prevent her escape. Her being well armed and of a drunken, desperate disposition made swamp hunting in the dark a rather perilous undertaking. She was captured shortly after sunrise this morning, and is now lodged in Columbia jail.

Mr. Liverman is said to have a good chance for recovery if no complications develop.

Wanted—Ten thousand customers to trade at Fuchs' Big Sale. **

Tomorrow three beautiful and interesting pictures at the Grand. **

S.S.S. A GREAT TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER

There is one reason above all others which makes *S. S. S.* the greatest of all tonics, and that is because it is the most perfect of all blood purifiers. Any system which needs a tonic, needs a blood purifier, for it is impure blood which causes the weakened, run-down condition of the body. *S.S.S.* is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, which possess not only strengthening properties, but at the same time are recognized as ingredients of the greatest value for removing every impurity, poison or taint from the circulation. *S.S.S.* improves the appetite and digestion, corrects stomach disturbances and steadily tones and builds the system up to perfect health. It adds to the blood the rich, healthful properties it needs, and in every way enables the system to stand the strain of the long, hot summer. *S. S. S.* cures all diseases and disorders arising from weak or impure blood. Book on the blood and medical advice free. *S. S. S.* is for sale at drug stores. *THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.*

PUSH

"a good thing along"

is our motto, and especially so when both buyer and seller are satisfied. Therefore

Gaylord's GREAT SALE

will be continued throughout this week as our customers are satisfied with the splendid bargains they are getting and we are turning surplus stock into cash and giving our store the biggest kind of advertisement and it will also give many of our city patrons as well as our out-of-town customers, who have not attended this wonderful sale an opportunity to take advantage of the great cut we have made on all goods. Finding that it is the best advertisement we can use we are going to run special bargains during this week in **HATS, SHOES and SUITS.**

210, 212, 214 N. Front St.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective July 2, 1911. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, †3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. (Leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, x1:00 A. M.
No. 51, *5:45 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:00 A. M.
No. 64, †5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 65, †6:50 P. M.
No. 48, *8:00 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, *4:15 P. M.
No. 53, *8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville, Sanford and Greensboro.	No. 52, *8:05 P. M.
No. 55, *3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, *1:40 P. M.
No. 62, †3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 63, †12:50 P. M.
No. 59, *6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and intermediate Stations.	No. 60, *10:15 A. M.
No. 68, x6:45 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate Stations.	No. 69, x10:15 A. M.
No. 42, *7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *9:45 A. M.
No. 57, *7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate Stations.	No. 58, *8:30 A. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. xSunday only. xDaily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach
SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
IN EFFECT JUNE 3RD, 1911.

WEEK DAYS:

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	6:05 A. M. 7:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.
12 P. M.	

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 2 P. M. to 7 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M.	7:45 A. M. 9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

FREIGHT.

11:00 A. M. 12:15 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO
NORFOLK
via
WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN
and
Norfolk Southern
PULLMAN SERVICE.

Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.		*7:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L.		10:06 p. m.
Ar. Wilson, A. C. L.		11:00 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.	5:50am	*3:25pm
Ar. New Bern, A. C. L.	9:15am	6:50pm
Lv. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R.	*7:15am	*10:15pm
Lv. New Bern, N. S. R. R.	9:30am	12:30am
Lv. Wilson, N. S. R. R.	*8:20am	*11:30pm
Lv. Wash'gton, N. S. R. R.	10:50am	2:20am
Ar. Norfolk, N. S. R. R.	3:35pm	8:00am

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv. Norfolk, N. S. R. R.	9:00 p. m.
Ar. Goldsboro, N. S. R. R.	6:20 a. m.
Ar. Wilson, N. S. R. R.	5:05 a. m.
Ar. Wilmington	9:45 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.
W. W. CROXTON, G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.

SUMMER SCHEDULE
Steamer Wilmington

in effect from June 1, 1911. Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9 A. M. and for Carolina Beach at 2:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9:00 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., and for Carolina Beach at 7:30 P. M.

No dogs allowed at the Beach.

Excursion Rate to Southport every Sunday—50 cents round trip.

GUARANTEED WWW SETTINGS

Hot Weather Specialties

Thermos Bottles.
Thermos Lunch Boxes.
Big Ben Alarm Clocks.
Ladies' Leather and Silver Bags.
Coral Beads.
Parasols and Umbrellas.
A Good WATCH that keeps you On Time.
Gold and Silver Novelties, Cut Glass, Etc.

F. A. Bissinger
Masonic Temple. -:- Front St.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective April 29th, 1911.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.

No. 44—11:59 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 84, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M. Daily Pullman service between Wilmington and Atlanta, leaving Wilmington No. 39, 3:40 P. M.; arriving Atlanta No. 41, 6:15 A. M.; No. 38; leaving Atlanta, 9:55 P. M.; arriving Wilmington, No. 40, 12:20 P. M. Daily Pullman Service on trains 44 and 45, between Wilmington and Charlotte. Car open at Union depot for passengers, at 10 o'clock P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.
mh12-tf

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Stmp. "Carib," .. Friday, June 29th, 1911.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Friday, July 7th, 1911.

Wilmington to New York.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Saturday, July 1st, 1911.
Stmp. "Carib," Saturday, July 8th, 1911.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Stmp. "Navahoe," Monday, June 26th, 1911.
Stmp. "Carib," Monday, July 3rd, 1911.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. and G. M.

N & W Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail.
Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv Norfolk	8:20 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	6:55 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

PATENTS Produce Fortunes

PRIZES for patents. Book on Patents. "Hints to inventors" "Inventions Needed" "Why Some Inventors fail." All sent Free. Specialists of possible buyers, to our own clients. Send rough sketch or model for search of Patent Office records. Local representatives in 300 Cities and Towns. Our Mr. Greeley was formerly Acting Commissioner of Patents and as such had full charge of U. S. Patent Office. GREELEY & McINTIRE, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, July 9, 1911.

The farmer tills the soil and the cashier soils the till.

Why not let the suffragettes set up their own government in "No Man's Land?"

An anatonist insists that men will be flat-footed in fifty years. Even that won't keep them from putting their foot in it as usual.

Some perspiring statesmen "hew to the line lt the chips fall where they may." Nevertheless, they don't hew on the side where the chips are likely to hit the majority of voters.

Some people correct a child like they are killing a snake. They are the kind of people who haven't the slightset idea of the difference between correction and punishment.

Dr. Wylie, the government expert, states that he will begin to investigate beer, July 21st. No doubt the doctor knows enough to keep it on ice in order to make the test more satisfactory.

Politicians "on the fence" look like a row of weather vanes as they whirl towards the "progressives" side of the fence one minute and the next moment veer over in the direction of conservatism.

The Guggenheims now declare that they never owned a foot of land in Alaska. Maybe so, but it took hard work for Uncle Sam to keep them from owning what he had lying around loose.

The way those Illinois grafters are telling what each said confidentially to the other as friends in a common cause, ought to remind all over confidential individuals that their friends today may give them away tomorrow.

A New Jersey minister insists there is nothing morally wrong about smoking. Of course, wrong can come out of it during campaigns when any attempt to distribute stogies might arouse the riotous proclivities of a smoker who won't stand for it.

Of course, even Republicans recognize the fact that Champ Clark is Presidential timber. We have known it all the time, but it is more binding since it is announced that he has a daughter who is one of the most charming young ladies in Washington. Look how she would add to a reception at the White House!

Massachusetts and Wisconsin are still seriously considering the proposition to tax bachelors. No doubt a bachelor thinks that would be like taxing a man for obeying the first law of nature, which has over and over again been iterpreted as referring entirely to self-preservation. Those who favor the tax are married men who urge it upon the ground that "bachelors do not bear their just share of the burdens of society," but bachelors are satisfied that all the agitation comes from men who hate to see other men pursuing the even tenor of their way.

President Taft has finally, and also positively, declared that little Willie Berri, did not step in his plate of soup at the recent anniversary banquet of the Union League Club in New York. At the same time it must be remembered that a fellow can attend a banquet and have such a faint recollection of what happened that it would be impossible to tell whether he "put his foot in it" himself or whether it was little Willie. At a banquet on one occasion a man who wanted to be nominated for Congress insisted upon having a great deal to say, but every time he opened his mouth he put his foot in it and finally landed in the soup.

A SOLDIER'S STORY.

The Star has received an intensely interesting pamphlet under the above title, the author being Mr. Miles O. Sherrill, of Catawba county, now and for many years the efficient State librarian at Raleigh. Mr. Sherrill was a Confederate soldier and took part in the battles and vicissitudes of the Civil War as it raged in Virginia in the sixties. At the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, Mr. Sherrill was shot in the first charge led by Gen. R. D. Johnson, early on the morning of May 9, 1864, and the result was that he fell into the hands of the enemy. A Federal surgeon amputated his leg, and for ten months he was a prisoner of war, suffering all the tortures, hardships, privations and distress of a wounded warrior.

It is the story of his prison life that Mr. Sherrill tells in "A Soldier's Story." including a brief but dramatic narrative of other incidents of the war. It is the plain story of a soldier who has fought on many fields, finally to fall in battle with a mangled leg, to endure what was little less than death, to be maimed for life, a living sacrifice to inexorable war. Mr. Sherrill writes from personal experience concerning the horrors of prison life among the Federals. He tells about what he felt and saw, and about what he knows of his own knowledge.

The one legged "Johnny" still lives to tell the tale and it is one of tragic interest. It is more than a story, however, for it is history. It is history of Federal prison life as the Confedgrates experienced it, and in it Mr. Sherrill draws a comparison with the terrible sufferings and agonies of the luckless Federals who fell into the hands of the Confederates and had to linger in Southern prisons. It is a subject to be revolted at, but it is written to "keep history straight." Prison life during the war, was terrible on both sides, and Mr. Sherrill takes occasion to prove that, while it was terrible on the Confederate side, it was even more so on the Federal side. He proves that from the prison records, and that is history, that makes a bad showing for both sides. The record is that the number of Federal prisoners in Confederate prisons was 270,000 and that 22,000, or about 8 per cent., died in prison. Confederate prisoners held in Federal prisons numbered 220,000 of whom 26,000, or about 12 per cent., died in prison. According to the records, therefore, the death rate in Federal prisons was 4 per cent. more than in Confederate prisons.

This is a melancholy subject, but all war history is that. Yet war history has to be written, sooner or later, and it is with that view that Mr. Sherrill has been persuaded after 46 years to tell "A Soldier's Story" at first hand. It is history worth keeping straight and well worth knowing throughout the length and breadth of the land, and no doubt there will be a tremendous sale of Mr. Sherrill's valuable pamphlet. In it he records his own experience and notes some incidents about the Confederate prison at Andersonville, for the terrors of which Capt. Wirtz was hanged as a scapegoat to cover the sins of others, the truth of history being that indeed "his execution was a 'sop' to the passions of the 'many-headed'."

The Sherrill story sells at 10 cents per copy and can be had at the book stores in Wilmington.

RAILROADS ARE PUSHING.

The other day the Star made editorial reference to the fact that the Norfolk-Southern Railroad is making arrangements for advertising the resources of eastern North Carolina at the New York Land Show in December. With the exception of its few miles of road in Virginia, most of the Norfolk-Southern's lines are in North Carolina, so that an exhibit of products from along its road will serve to attract a great deal of attention to the fertile and productive lands of the eastern part of the State.

The Atlantic Coast Line loses no opportunity to attract attention to all the territory along its extensive lines, and wherever it is practicable to do so it makes exhibits and distriubtes advertising literature. The best and most practical advertising of the trucking and agricultural resources of this incomparable region has been done by the Coast Line and by the Carolina Trucking and Development Company. This kind of publicity brings home-seekers, and already the results are being felt in this portion of the Nation's Garden Spot.

At the Appalachian Exposition to be held in Knoxville next September the Southern Railway will make an elaborate exhibit showing the agricultural, forest and mineral resources and the manufactured products of the South. The exhibit will contain displays of cereals, cotton, tobacco, legumes, vegetables and fruits, but especial attention will be given to forest products and articles manufactured from wood. In fact, there will be shown in a comprehensive way the possibilities and advantages of this section of the country, and the display should prove a great advertisement for the South, because visitors are expected at the exposition from all parts of the country.

The New Orleans States commends the activity of the Southern and declares that the exhibit at Knoxville will not only advertise the South's resources, but also will "call the attention of the people of the South to the vast opportunities for wealth production that exists in their own section of the country." The management of the Southern Railway regards that as a consideration of the highest importance, because nothing can have a greater effect in discouraging emigration from the South to less favored sections than thorough knowledge by Southerners themselves of the many reasons which make this part of the country the best in which to live and acquire a competence.

The whole truth is, that our own people know very little about the real resources and opportunities of their States, and often a stranger coming into their midst can see its advantages quicker than the home people. We simply have to get our eyes open and nothing can do it quicker than getting a move on us and taking in the expositions and fairs. They are great educators for home people, and certainly attract a great many from abroad. However, it is the direct development propositions of our people, more than exhibits, that will actually bring home-seekers. The exhibits please and entertain, but it is definite propositions that will bring settlers.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE.

By means of government aid, some of the most valuable lands in the West are being reclaimed by the expenditure of great sums on extensive irrigation systems. In eastern North Carolina and other Southern States more fertile lands than those in the West are being reclaimed by drainage schemes gotten up through the cooperation of landowners without assistance from either the National or State governments. It would be interesting to know the relative cost of irrigation as compared to drainage, but some of the irrigation schemes appear so stupendous we are inclined to believe that the cost of drainage of our swamp lands would be a bagatelle compared with the cost of irrigating the arid lands of the far West.

In an article in Science, on the reclamation of the arid west, Dr. F. H. Newell, to whom the success of the reclamation service is in large measure due, states that over a million acres have been reclaimed and fourteen thousand families are receiving water from works built or controlled by the government under the terms of the reclamation act. Reservoirs have been built having a capacity of nearly five million acre-feet; that is to say, the water would cover five million acres to a depth of one foot. Canals of large size, carrying over eight hundred cubic feet a second, have been built for a total length of three hundred miles, and somewhat smaller canals constructed with a length of a thousand miles, including the ditches.

EDITOR HARRIS BEREAVED.

The Star joins the press of North Carolina in the expression of its tender fraternal sentiments concerning the death of the venerable father of Editor Wade H. Harris, of the Charlotte Chronicle. We share in the sincere sympathy that will be felt for Brother Harris in the bereavement that has come to him, though it be one that was not unexpected when the advanced age of his father is considered. The deceased was Mr. Richard S. Harris, who passed away at his home in Concord on Thursday last, aged 76 years. He was a leading citzen of Cabarrus county and was a man of the most sturdy integrity and admirable character. For eight years he served his county as sheriff and both in his private and official life he was the true man and ideal citizen. He served four years in the Confederate Army, and he leaves behind him the record of a true patriot and gallant soldier. He left seven children, and to them all is bequethed the rich heritage of a devoted father and exemplary man in all the walks of life.

The Spartanburg (S. C.) Herald says: "Who will defeat Blease?" If we are not lying on him he will defeat himself, but if he can prove he is up against a pack of slanderers nobody can beat him. By the way, the one trouble the matter with Col. Felder's charges is that they are too long-distance. It will look more like business when he leaves Georgia and reiterates them in South Carolina under corroberating circumstances.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Of course, Gus Graham wants it. No office can run around loose in North Carolina long at a time without Gus chasing it. And this is not saying that he wouldn't make as good a commissioner as any of them.—Raleigh Times.

When John Sharp Williams interrupted Senator Cummins' speech against Canadian reciprocity to qoute from a speech by Senator Cummins advocating Canadian reciprocity seven years ago, Senator Cummins was compelled to come in on a flat tire.—Columbia State.

Mr. Bryan's denial that he is the dictator of the Democratic party will not convince some men. When they measure their influence in the party with Bryan's influence they are driven to the conclusion that the Nebraskan is running the party.—Greensboro Telegram.

The Governor of South Carolina declared in a speech at Spartanburg that if he is impeached as Governor he will go to the Senate in Ben Tillman's place. Loud talk that. But the Senate is not such a happy hunting ground in some circumstances—as Bill Lorimer is about ready to concede.—Columbia State.

Eastern North Carolina may yet compete with Kentucky in the live stock business. A German from the Middle West has purchased a thousand acres of land near Washington, N. C., and proposes to raise fine horses. He is confident of success in this venture. And why not? Eastern North Carolina has every natural resource necessary for the project, and development is all that is lacking.—Kinston Free Press.

Farmers who come to town continue to complain of the absence of good rains, yet about all of them say corn is looking well, which is something they do not understand. This is the result of subsoiling no doubt. The soil was well prepared in the first instance, enabling the crop to pull along without much rain, while grass can make no headway without rain. Wheat is excellent and seldom has there been a better season for harvesting and storing it away. Generally rains interfere and cause much loss and mountains of trouble.—Greensboro Record.

From the White House comes the announcement, by way of letter from the President's private secretary, that the stablishment of a general parcels post system will be recommended by the President in his next message to Congress. The President recommended in his message of last December the adoption of the parcels post on rural delivery routes, but he seems to have looked further into the matter, and now stands for its general adoption as a part of the country's postal system. This announcement will be received with pleasure by the people of the country, who have failed to be convinced that a system found so universally satisfactory in other countries cannot be successfully established in the United States. There can be no question of the ability of the government to establish a system by which it can carry parcels for a smaller charge than those of the express companies, and that without loss to the department. The Sun is glad to know that President Taft will urge the adoption of the system.—Baltimore Sun.

Those who sympathized with Wilmington when the figures of the 1910 census were made public can now rejoice with that city over the showing it has made the past year as a port of entry. The belief that still lingers in some parts of the State that the harbor and port of Wilmington is more or less a parody on those of the better known seaports is due to be consigned to the same think-hospital which shelters the belief that the population of Greensboro is 42,000 and that the population of Charlotte is all urban. Distinctly the port of Wilmington has made good. In the matter of exports and imports the year of 1911 shows an increase over the year preceding of 37 and 35 per cent., respectively. We doubt if there is another port on the Atlantic seaboard that can show better progress. That the growth is not spasmodic and temporary is made clear by Collector Keith's figures, which show that, compared with five years ago, the exports and imports of this year exhibit an increase of 55 and 739 per cent., respectively. Not only is the aggregate of exports and imports greater this year than ever before, but what is more to the point the amount of money collected in customs and turned over to the treasury departmnt is a good deal in excess of what it cost the government to conduct the custom house business at this port. The inland cities of North Carolina rejoice with Wilmington in her fine showing as a seaport. The measure of success that Wilmington enjoys as a port of entry and departure must always be of interest to the rest of North Carolina, for Wilmington is the State's only good outlet to the sea and a valuable regulator of inland transportation rates.—Durham Sun.

WEEKS NEWS AT WELDON.

Young White Man Killed by Train—Personal Items.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Weldon, N. C., July 8.—John Draper a young white man about 30 years of age, was found in an unconscious condition on the north side of Roanoke river on the Seaboard Air Line Railway. He died without regaining consciousness enough to make any statement as to the cause of his condition. Later it was learned that he was run over by the A. C. L. train.

Miss Narcissa Daniel, who has been under treatment in Raleigh for the past few weeks, for a mad dog bite, has returned home, fully recovered.

Mrs. J. T. Yyatt, of Norfolk, who has been here on a visit to friends, has returned home.——Mr. Jno. D. Everett left Monday for New York City where he will spend several weeks.——Misses Eleanor Johnson and Willie Blackwell Musgrove, who have been visiting friends in Rocky Mount and Wilson, have returned home.——Mrs. George Wood has returned home from a visit to Washington, D. C.——Misses Jennie and Mary Tilgham have returned home from a visit to relatives in Virginia.——Miss Lillie Gay Show is visiting relatives in Philadelphia.——Miss Kate Tilgham is visiting relatives in Newport News.——Miss Annie Musgrove left this week for New York, where she will spend several weeks.——Miss Carrie Rowe, who has been visiting relatives in Richmond, has returned home.——Mr. Frank Hawks, of Kinston, is here on a visit to his grandmother, Mrs. T. F. Anderson.

BANK COMMISSION IS ARRESTED.

Nevada Official Charged With Allowing Insolvent Bank to Operate.

Reno, Nevada, July 8.—On warrants charging that they knowingly allowed an insolvent bank to be in operation, the four men who constituted the Nevada Banking Commission, including Lieut. Gov. D. S. Dickerson, were arrested today.

The other men are A. D. Wichler, and Samuel Belford, of Ely, and Chas. S. Sprague, of Goldfield. The arrests are the result of indictments for the failure of the Eureka County Bank.

Lumina Concerts Today.

"Song Without Words," "Celeste Aida," Grand selection from "Lucia," melodies from "Havana," and many others. **

Fuchs' Big Sale will start Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

DAINTY AND COOL SUMMER WEARS

Some Specials in Muslin Underwear, Ready-to-Wear and Untrimmed Hats, Cool Shirt Waists, Negligee Shirts.

The close of each day sees wide rifts furrowed through the tables of merchandise — which earlier were piled high with tempting drifts of Summery Whiteness.

Ready-to-Wear Hats, formerly sold for $1.50 to $2.50, now at 49c

Remarkable values in Summer Muslin Underwear, Gowns, Skirts, Corset Covers and Drawers, at 98c

Men's 50c Negligee Shirts, big assortment neat patterns, all sizes, at 39c

Untrimmed Shapes, big variety, fine straw and chip, best styles; remarkable values, at . . . . . 98c and $1.49

$2.00 Shirt Waists, lace trimmed; well-trimmed, well made; great values $1.48

50c Balbriggan Shirts, Drawers to match, plain and fancy colors, at 39c

Fruit Jars! Fruit Jars! 1 pints, per doz., 49c; 1 quarts, per doz., 69c; 2 quarts, per doz., 89c; extra Rubbers, 5c; extra Jar Caps, per doz., 30c.

Hammocks, Bath Suits, Bathing Shoes and Caps.

White sheer Linen—nothing better for beach wear or outing suits than these plain, neat Linen Suits; plain white, 36-in. Linen Suiting, only 39c

Irish Linen Suiting, 38-in. wide, only per yard 15c

Black and white Silk Hose $1.50

$3.00 Mosquitor Canopies, spring wire frames, wood or metal bed, $2.25.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE

Black, white and colors — Silk Gloves, full elbow length, now only 98c.

THE CENTRAL HIGHWAY.

Change of Route Caused Discussion.. Notes from Buncombe.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Asheville, N. C., July 8.—Tentative plans are on foot with reference to the improvement of the road from Stockesville to Mars Hill. Since the promoters of the Central Highway have decided that the route of that road shall go through Haywood county and not through Madison, Mars Hill is left off the route. Inasmuch as the produce and other trade of the Mars Hill section would be of importance to Asheville, there are those who have determined to make an attempt to have this road improved from the present terminus of the Buncombe county macadam road at Stocksville on to the Madison county line, and to Mars Hill, a distance of about seven miles. These plans have not been perfected but it is likely that a meeting will be held at which Mars Hill people and others along the road will be asked to be present when the whole matter will be discussed. The improvement may be done by private subscription. At a recent meeting of the trustees of the Central Highway with the county commissioners, it was decided that the good roads rallies in the interest of the highway shall be held July 29th. As to where they will be held, it was not determined because of the fact that the route through Haywood has not yet been designated. It had been arranged to have them at Swannanca and Democrat but since the route has been changed Democrat is left entirely off the line.

An enthusiastic meeting of the directors of the Western North Carolina Fair Association was held late Thursday afternoon at which different matters pertaining to the proposed fair were discussed and it was decided that the fair should be held October 24th to 27, inclusive. This time will not conflict with the fairs of Haywood, Jackson and McDowell counties. At a meeting of the County School Teachers, which is to be held on the last Saturday in July, this matter will be brought before them for the purpose of agitating it in the several school district in the county and to enlist the aid of the teachers. A vice president and second vice president were chosen and also a treasurer. A committee was appointed to secure the services of a stenographer.

In Superior Court, special term for the trial of criminal cases, the morning session Friday morning, was taken up with the selection of the jury in the case of Daniel Moody, a negro who is to be tried for his life for burglary. A special venire of 40 men has been summoned but at 12 o'clock the jury had not been empanneled. The negro is defended by Jones & Williams. The crime for which Moody is being tried is that of entering the home of Mr. Owenby on Montford avenue, one night several weeks ago.

NOW AFTER FINANCIERS.

Want Probe to See If Combination Is Acting in Restraint of Trade.

Washington, July 8.—In connection with a resolution introduced today by Representative Lidbergh, of Minnesota, proposing an investigation by a House Committee of nine members to determine if there exists a combination of financiers in the United States operating in restraint of trade or violation of other laws, the Minnesota insurgent Republican assailed the proposed financial system submitted to the Monetary Commission by former Senator Aldrich.

"Wall Street," declared Representative Lindbergh, in his statement accompanying the resolution, "brought on the 1907 panic, got the people to demand currency reform, brought the Aldrich Vreeland, currency bill forward and if it dares, will produce another panic to pass the Aldrich central bank plan. We need reform, but not at the hands of Wall Street."

Mr. Lindbergh said that under the Aldrich plan the reserve association "will take away from committees funds that belong to the communities and which should be used to build up their own industries."

The Grand has engaged Mrs. Frank Pearson, High Soprano singer, formerly with the Bostonians. Opening song tomorrow. **

DUBLIN WELCOMES KING.

"Welcome, We Want Home Rule," is Banner That Greets Ruler.

Dublin, July 8.—King George received a loyal welcome to Dublin today. The King, accompanied by the Queen, the Prince of Wales and Princess Mary, arrived at Kingstown harbor on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert last night. Today the royal party entered the capital where they were received by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and other officials.

The attitude of the people is well expressed by a banner stretched outside the city council hall at Pembroke, a suburb of the capital, which refused to present an official address to the King, reading: "Welcome. We want home rule."

Lumina Concerts Today.

"Song Without Words," "Celeste Aida," Grand, selection from "Lucia," melodies from "Havana," and many others. **

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

PRISON DOCTOR'S CLOSE CALL.

Undertakes to Feel Pulse of Electrocuted Negro Too Soon.

Eddyville, Ky., July 8.—When the first execution under the new law providing for electrocution in place of hanging took place in the State penitentiary here today it came near ending in the death of two persons instead of one. Prison physician R. H. Moss, stepped forward to feel the pulse of the negro who formed the first subject before the current had been turned off and barely missed having several thousand volts pass through his body. A warning yell did not deter the doctor, who still advanced, when a second warning was given.

The negro, James Barber, paid the death penalty for the murder of a policeman at Lebanon, Ky., several weeks ago.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

Fuchs' Big Sale bargains make thin purses smile. **

J. W. H. FUCHS'
Great Sale
Conducted By
M. J. MERRITT
Will Begin
Wednesday, July 12th
at 9:00 A. M.
Don't Miss It!
J. W. H. FUCHS
28 S. Front Street

Special Sale
of Men's Suits
250 odd suits of Stein-Bloch and Michael Stern's goods at a big reduction.

$22.50 Suits reduced to $15.00
$20.00 " " " $13.50
$18.00 " " " $12.00
$15.00 " " " $11.00

Absolutely the best tailored and best fitting clothing in this city.

J. W. Fleet Co.

LOST HIS LIFE IN RIVER

Tragic Death Friday Afternoon of David Harris, White Youth, Near Castle Haynes — Body Is Recovered.

The body of David Harris, the 13 year-old son of Mr. R. O. Harris, of Castle Haynes, who lost his life in the Northeast river near the old Fore & Foster mill, now operated by Mr W. G. Baldwin, was recovered yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock by an older brother, Mr. John Harris, with fish hook and line. The body was taken to the home and the funeral will be held today at Sidbury graveyard, near Ashland.

The lad was just recovering from a severe attack of measles, having been out less than a week, and went to the mill late Friday afternoon to go in swimming with several of his young companions. Soon after entering the water, which is about 35 feet deep at this point, the lad went down and did not rise again to the surface. His companions were horror-stricken but were powerless to render aid. They watched and waited for the body to rise to the surface, but in vain. It is thought that death was due to heart trouble rather than drowning.

Yesterday several persons began the search for the body and Mr. John Harris, brother of the lad, used a fish hook and line. Early in the afternoon he brought to the surface the body of his little brother. The sight of the body caused him to almost lose his hold on the line, but fortunately Mr. John Corbett was present and rendered valuable assistance in bringing the body ashore. Mr. Isaac Savage, uncle of the lad, was the first to get hold of the body.

The lad lived only about 75 yards from the mill. His father is employed by Mr. Baldwin and works about the mill and the boy also has been doing some work at the plant. Besides his father, the lad leaves four brothers, three older and one younger. One of the brothers, Mr. Frank Harris, lives in the city. The lad's father and several of the boys had measles at the same time and all are just recovering. The bereaved have the tenderest sympathy of a great many friends.

MASS MEETING TODAY.

Colored Citizens Formed Good Roads and Sanitary Association.

The colored people of the city have shown a commendable spirit to aid in every way possible the authorities in an effort to improve the health and sanitary conditions of Wilmington, and this afternoon a mass meeting of colored citizens will be held at St. Stephen's church at which several addresses will be delivered. Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, city superintendent of health, and Dr. Chas. W. Stiles, the hookworm expert, will be among the speakers. The following announcement of the meeting has been prepared by one of the colored citizens interested:

"The world is bestirring itself for cleaner, better, healthier, more beautiful surrounding, and so our colored citizens, under the direction of Dr. C T. Nesbitt, city superintendent of health, have joined the forces—the mighty army that is moving on dirt, disease, crime, preventable death, etc.

"With that in view Dr. Nesbitt has been conferring with some of those most interested and together with Dr. C. W. Stiles, the hookworm specialist, stationed at this port for a few months by the United States government, will talk to the colored citizens en masse on health at St. Stephen's church, Sunday, July 9th, at 5 P. M. The mayor and some of the members of the municipal council are also expected. An opportunity which comes not to us every day—a splendid way of teaching the masses—an occasion no one can afford to miss.

"Dr. Nesbitt and others interested are certainly holding out the "Olive Branch" to the colored people of this community, and are giving them these mass meetings—a schooling they can get in no other way. The Good Roads and Sanitary Association is composed of negroes anxious to be of service to those less than themselves, and are forutnate in having the cooperation of the health department of the city, aided by this government expert, Dr. Stiles. Dr. Nesbitt comes to us laden with profitable experience, gleaned from his association with the health department of New York and proving himself a veritable Moses to our people."

BIG BARGAIN SALE.

Entire Stock of Mr. J. W. H. Fuchs to Be Sold at Sacrifice.

The people of this city and surrounding section will be interested in the announcement contained in a page advertisement in today's paper that the entire stock of goods of Mr. J. W. H. Fuchs, the well-known South Front street merchant, will be placed on the bargain counter Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, the sacrifice sale continuing for a period of ten days. The sale will be in charge of Mr. M. J. Merritt and everything in the house will be marked down to rock-bottom prices. Splendid bargains may be had at this sale. A fine opportunity will be given for one to save money on all kinds of seasonable high-grade merchandise, carried by Mr. Fuchs. The stock consists of $40,000 worth of high-grade clothing, dry goods, shoes, etc., and in every department the goods have been reduced in price. The store is closed now and will not re-open until Wednesday, when the big sale begins. By reference to the advertisement it will be seen that there are a number of special bargains in addition which should attract a large number of shoppers. Announcement is made that Mr. Fuchs will pay the railroad fare of a purchaser of $25 or more living not more than 50 miles from Wilmington, and street car fare will be paid to purchaser of $5 or more.

Mrs. Frank Pearson, the celebrated soprano singer of the South, starts engagement at the Grand tomorrow. **

Save money by trading at Fuchs' Big Sale. **

CROWDS AT WRIGHTSVILLE

Delightful Musical Programme for Lumina and Also the Hotels—All Hotels Are Crowded—Many From Other States.

It is believed that the crowds at Wrightsville Beach today will be as large if not larger than on any Sunday this season and with this idea in view a splendid musical programme has been arranged at Lumina, the Oceanic and Seashore hotels. Both of the large hotels on the beach are crowded with guests and among the number people not only from all over the South but some from Northern and Western States. Each season the beach becomes more generally known and people come from a greater distance to enjoy the delightful breezes and refreshing surf baths. Being free from mosquitoes and sand flies gives Wrightsville Beach a distinction that in itself is sufficient to make it the most popular resort on the South Atlantic coast.

Notwithstanding the fact that there are few conventions being held at the resort this year as compared with last the number of guests at both hotels exceeds by far what it was this time last season, which is evidence of the greatly increased popularity of the resort. Nearly all those who visited the resort for a stay of some days last season are back again this year, and in addition there are hundreds of new faces.

Reports have been received at the beach during the past few days that wild rumors have been circulated in various towns and resorts of the South that there is typhoid fever at Wrightsville Beach, when as a matter of fact, there is not a case of the disease at the resort and has not been this season, nor any other season, for that matter. In a statement issued by Dr. W. D. MacMillan, county superintendent of health, on July 6th he said "Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, has ever been and is today, entirely free from fever of any description." In this connection it might also be stated that there is no sickness of any kind on the beach, which has always maintained the reputation of being one of the healthiest places along the coast. The drinking water, as well as that used in cooking, etc., comes from artesian wells on the island nearly four hundred feet deep, driven through pure ocean sand coral reef to the stratum of the mountain supply beneath.

Musical Programmes.

The special programme at Lumina this afternoon will include a medley, "King Chantecleer", by Remick; "Song Without Words," melodies from "Havana" and others. At night will be rendered such popular productions as "First Heart Throbs," "American Republic March," and others. Afternoon concert begins at 4 o'clock and the night at 8:30. Music will be of a very high class as Lumina has an orchestra second to none.

Asbury Orchestra will furnish music at the Oceanic and will play between the hours of 10:30 and 12. Following programme will be rendered:

March—Merry Madcap, Bell.
Nocturne—Behr.
Waltz—The Skaters.
Hungarian Dance—Brahms.
Selection—The Arcadians, Talbot.
Intermezzo Russe—Franke.
Cello Solo—Selected.
Panquita—Robyn.
March, Rokoczy—Liszt.

A splendid programme will be presented at the Seashore Hotel and will be between 12 and 2 o'clock. The Seashore has a fine orchestra and a most excellent programme has been arranged for today. The orchestra at the Seashore stands right at the top.

CONDITION OF JUDGE WARD.

Has Been in Hospital at Tarboro for Past Six Weeks.

Members of the bar and other friends here of Judge George W. Ward, of Elizabeth City, will regret to learn that there is no material improvement in his condition, according to reports received here. He has now been in the hospital at Tarboro for six weeks, having been stricken with vertigo while holding court there. Judge Ward's trouble, it is said, is excessive flow of blood to his head.

Judge Ward is due to be in this district at the present time and was expected to hold the term of court which convenes here the 24th of this month, but the reports from Tarboro are of such a nature that it is feared that he will not be able to be here. There are several cases of considerable importance to be tried, among the number being two murder cases.

MRS. BROCK WAS INJURED.

Mother of J. O. Brock, of this City, Painfully Hurt at Fayetteville.

Mr. J. O. Brock, of this city, left last night for Fayetteville in response to a telegram stating that his mother, Mrs. M. J. Brock, fell from the hotel steps there yesterday and sustained serious injuries. Mrs. Brock was on her way to Wilmington from her home in Durham to visit her son here. On account of infirmity of age some uneasiness is entertained for her recovery. Mrs. Brock left Durham yesterday morning and it was after she had changed cars at Fayetteville to await the Wilmington train that the accident occurred. She has visited here a number of times and has many friends in the city who will deeply regret to learn of the painful accident.

Funeral of Mrs. Thames.

Accompanied by the grief-stricken husband and children, the body of Mrs. Mary Dudley Thames, whose death occurred at her home in Jacksonville, Fla., was brought to this city yesterday at noon and taken to St. James' Parish. The funeral will be held from St. James' Church at 10 o'clock this morning, and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery. Mr. Thames is a member of Stonewall Lodge, K. of P., of this city, and a committee from the lodge met the funeral party at the station yesterday. The family formerly resided in this city and the bereaved have the sympathy of a great many friends.

The Grand has engaged Mrs. Frank Pearson, High Soprano singer, formerly with the Bostonians. Opening song tomorrow. **

ODD FELLOWS' BIG EVENT

Joint Installation of Officers of Local Lodges by Grand Master Overton of Durham — Grand Treasurer Jones.

Arrangements have been perfected by a joint committee from the four local lodges for a big meeting of Odd Fellows in their hall, corner Third and Princess streets, Tuesday evening of this week, when there will be a joint installation of officers by Grand Master W. H. Overton, of Durham, who will also install Mr. R. J. Jones as Grand Treasurer for another term.

Grand Master Overton will arrive in the city Tuesday evening and will be met at the union station by a committee, composed of Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, W. L. Smith, W. H. Yopp and John E. Wood, and escorted to The Orton Hotel, where he will stop during his stay in the city. The newly elected officers of the offlowing local lodges will be installed at the meeting Tuesday evening: Cape Fear, No. 2; Orion, No. 67; Wilmington, No. 139, and Hanover, No. 145. The Grand Master will be assisted by the following officers: W. H. Badon, Grand Marshal; Chas. W. Stewart, Grand Warden; E. Y. Davis, Grand Secretary; Sam G. Hall, Grand Treasurer; L. W. Moore, Grand Chaplain; D. Rountree, Grand Guard; C. R. Spooner, Grand Herald and B. G. Biggs, Oranist. The Grand Master will be introduced by Mr. M. W. Jacobi, a leading member of the order in this city.

The committee in charge of the arrangements is composed of Messrs. W. H. Yopp, H. O. Craig, J. F. Littleton and John E. Wood. Plans have been made for a trip down the river Wednesday morning and a visit to Wrightsville Beach Wednesday afternoon, the outings being given complimentary by the Grand Master.

MAKES RICH HAUL.

Robber Secures Nearly $100 From the Home of Mr. Penny.

Making probably the best haul of any robber or robbers in the recent series of burglaries, some one entered the home of Mr. Walter A. Penny, on Fourth street, Friday night, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock, and secured cash to the amount of nearly $100.

Mr. and Mrs. Penny went to the home of a neighbor soon after supper to pay a visit, leaving Mrs. Penny's father in the house. After a short time he decided to go to the beach. This left the house unoccupied. It is thought that the robber entered through the front door.

About 10 o'clock Mr. Penny returned to the home and upon going upstairs to the bed room he stumbled over an obstruction. Striking a match, he saw that the drawers of the dresser were lying on the floor and everything was in confusion. He investigated and found that a dresser drawer in which he had been accustomed to keep a considerable amount of money had been robbed. Mr. Penny states that the amount taken was between $90 and $100. Nothing was molested except the money, as has been the case in similar burglaries occurring recently.

When Mrs. Penny returned a little later and learned that the home had been robbed, she suffered such a severe nervous shock that she fainted. There is no clue to the identity of the burglar.

BIG REAL ESTATE DEAL.

Large Tract of Farm Land Changes Hands—Other Deals.

A. J. Marshall, Esq., filed for record yesterday a deed transferring from Adam G. Latta, of New York City, formerly of Wilmington, and sister, Miss Helen M. Latta, of this city, for $1,000 and other considerations, to M. J. Heyer, a tract of land at Wrightsboro, on the A. C. L. track, about four miles from Wilmington, containing 1,080 acres. This land is very valuable farming property, and in size the transaction is the largest that has taken place in the county for some time. It is understood that the consideration was in the neighborhood of $20,000.

Among other deeds filed yesterday were: Marie Mahler and others to Meta H. Mahler, for $100 and other considerations, lot on Carolina Heights, same being on corner of 19th and Market street, 66x113 feet in size; F. W. Dick, trustee, to D. J. Fort, Jr., for $10 and other considerations, lot No. 66, in Block J. of Wrightsville Beach extension; by another deed Mr. Fort, for $100 and other considerations, transfers the same property to C. D. Weeks.

MRS. CORA L. RITTER DEAD.

Died Yesterday at Wrightsboro After Long Illness—Funeral Today.

Mrs. Cora L. Ritter, wife of Mr. W. T. Ritter, passed away yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock at her home near Wrightsboro after an illness extending over a period of about a year. Her death was not unexpected but, nevertheless, it came as a great blow to the members of her immediate family. News of her death will be learned of with much regret by many friends in this city. Mrs. Ritter is survived by her husband and four children, three sons and one small daughter. The funeral will be held from Wrightsboro Baptist church this afternoon at 4 o'clock and will be conducted by Rev. C. F. Whitlock, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist church. Remains will be laid to rest in the family burying ground at Wrightsboro.

Councilman P Q Moore Returns.

Councilman Parker Q. Moore, who has charge of the Street Department, returned yesterday after a week's trip to Richmond, Va., and Philadelphia, Pa. Mr. Moore made the trip for the purpose of inspecting the various forms of street pavements in use in the above cities in order to make recommendations to the Council when materials for improving the local streets are decided upon. Councilman Moore reports that his trip was of great benefit and that he acquired a gerat deal of information as to the different street pavings now in use in the metropolitan cities.

Hear Mrs. Frank Pearson, the highest salaried soprano singer in the South, at the Grand tomorrow. **

BIG MEETING OF PYTHIANS

Tentative Programme for Installation of Col. Walker Taylor as Grand Vice Chancellor—Office Sought Man.

Tentatively, the programme for the big Pythian meeting to be held Wednesday night for the purpose of installing Col. Walker Taylor, of this city, as Grand Vice Chancellor of the order in North Carolina, has been arranged and the joint committee from the several lodges will meet tomorrow night to decide definitely as to the details. The exercises will most likely be held in Castle Hall, over the Murchison National Bank, and will be open to the public. There will be present a large number of Supreme and Grand Lodge officers, as well as prominent pythians from various parts of this district.

It will be the greatest event in local Pythian circles in a long time. Col. Taylor will be installed by Mr. C. C. McLean, of Greensboro, Grand Chancellor of North Carolina, and there will be a number of other Grand Lodge officers here. The Supreme Lodge Finance Committee will be in session here at that time to inspect the books of Capt. Thos. D. Meares, Supreme Master of Exchequer, and the members will attend the meeting Wednesday and be called upon for short talks. The Supreme Lodge officers will arrive Wednesday morning. They are Fred E. Wheaton, Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal, Minneapolis, Minn.; E. C. Reynolds, chairman finance committee, Portland, Me.; Supreme Representative Brig. S. Young, Ada, Ohio; W. G. Edens, Chicago; Geo. P. Tawney, Winona, Tenn., and R. S. Witte, Milwaukee, Wis.

The Grand Lodge officers, in addition to Grand Chancellor McLean, who are expected to attend are Grand Keeper of Record and Seal, Mr. W. T. Hollowell; Committee of Notification, Supreme Representative Alfred S. Barnard, Asheville; Past Grand Chancellor W. F. Robertson, Charlotte, and trustee of Pythian Home, Mr. G. Herbert Smith; installing officers, Supreme Master of Exchequer, Capt. Thos. D. Meares, and Past Grand Chancellor John Haar; Supreme Representative J. L. Stein, Jr., of Graham; Thos. H. Webb, of Duke; Past Grand Chancellors A. E. McCausland, of Charlotte; Geo. L. Hackney, of Lexington; Jos. D. Pridgen, trustee, Durham; Maj. J. G. Baird, Charlotte, editor of the Carolina Pythian.

The programme will include the speech of notification by Hon. Alfred S. Barnard, of Asheville, of the Natification Committee; response by Col. Walker Taylor, Grand Vice Chancellor, followed by the installation ceremonies and remarks from various prominent Pythians present, the addresses being interspersed with musical selections. The meeting will be open to the public and it is expected that the attendance of Wilmington people, Pythians and those not members of the order, will be large.

The Carolina Pythian, published at Charlotte, in its June issue, which has just been received here, in its account of the proceedings of the 41st annual convention of the Grand Lodge at Asheville the middle of June, contained the following with reference to Col. Taylor, which will be read with great interest here:

"For the first time in the history of the Grand Lodge the office of Grand Vice sought the man. He was not present, but that made no difference. The boys went after and happily found him. Just as soon as the Grand Chancellor called for nominations, it seemed that everybody was up and wanted to speak at one time. All were shouting Walker Taylor, of Wilmington. Brother Taylor was elected by a rising vote amidst deafening applause. A committee of seven, on motion, was appointed to wire Brother Taylor at once and notify him of his election. This committee put it to him good and strong. The glad tidings came 'I accept.' It did us good to see such a feeling. It has started a new era in Pythianism. Eulogy of Brother Taylor is entirely unnecessary. For 15 years he has been at the head of the judiciary of the order. He will give an administration of which the order will be proud. Arrangements have been made for installation in Wilmington at an early day."

IN THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Near-Beer Cases Come Up' Defendants Are Fined.

In the Recorder's Court yesterday morning the feature was the case against Messrs. F. W. Peiffer, R. L. Pate and Ed. Riley, charged with violating the State prohibition law by selling beer. They submitted and a fine of $50 and costs was imposed upon each. Justice Geo. Harriss was the only witness. The men were arrested Friday afternoon at the race track of the Wilmington Driving Association, where their stand was located. The warrant was issued on information and belief of Deputy Sheriff A. L. Kelly, acting under orders from Sheriff S. P. Cowan.

Officials of the Driving Association stated yesterday that they had granted no permit to any one to sell alcoholic drinks at the track. Permits were granted to the defendants to sell cigars, cigarettes, chewing gum, soft drinks, etc., but the officials stated that they were ignorant of the real article that was being sold. They were strictly opposed to anything that would lower the high standard desired for the new park, and they state that they will take steps to see that nothing of the kind ever occurs again.

There were no other cases to occupy the attention of the court yesterday.

Salvation Army Visitors Soon.

The local post of the Salvation Army has been notified of the approaching visitor of Major White and Adjutant Quirk, of Atlanta, Ga., who will be here Thursday and Friday of this week. Special services will be conducted by them. There will be open-air services, followed by services at the hall during their two-days' visit. The visitors will be the guests of Adjutant and Mrs. Williams, in charge of the local post.

Lumina Concerts Today.

"Song Without Words," "Celeste Aida," Grand selection from "Lucia," melodies from "Havana," and many others. **

THAT BIG WHITE BUILDING

Robberies Reported Daily

In nearly every issue of our daily papers there is a report of some robbery having been committed. You should take warning from this and stop keeping money at home. How much wiser it would be to deposit it in this bank, where it will be ABSOLUTELY SAFE, AVAILABLE AT ANY TIME and will earn for you

4% COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY.....

Your Account Will Be Welcome Here, No Matter How Small.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

OLD AND STRONG

CORNER FRONT & PRINCESS

4 PER CENT

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

Oldest Bank in Wilmington

LARGEST AND STRONGEST SAVINGS BANK IN NORTH CAROLINA

Capital $100,000.00

Earned Surplus $200,000.00

Total Resources . . . $2,000,000.00

FOUND ON CAR TRACK.

Man Under Influence of Whiskey Selected Dangerous Bed.

Jim Burriss, a young white man of the city, was found lying across the track of the suburban line between the ball park and Highwood park last night, about 11:15. Motorman W. C. Baird, on a car returning from the beach, saw the prostrate form across the track, and though it was on the parallel line, he applied the emergency brake. Even with this measure the car could not be stopped for several car lengths. Burriss was picked up and stated that he wanted to commit suicide. He was brought to the city and turned over to the police. When asked later about being found on the track he did not seem to remember it.

It is probably extremely fortunate for Burriss that the motorman saw him, for a fast express car leaves the union station at 12 o'clock for the beach and would have passed over the track upon which the man was lying. Motorman Baird stated that it would have been impossible to stop the car after a point was reached from which the man could be seen. Burriss was lying with his feet across one rail and his head across the other.

OFF TO ELKS' CONVENTION.

Wilmington Will be Largely Represented at Atlantic City.

Wilmington Lodge, B. P. O. Elks, will be largely represented at the annual convention of the Grand Lodge of Elks of the United States, which will be held in Atlantic City this week, beginning tomorrow. Exalted Ruler H. E. Longley, Messrs. J. F. Leitner, Joseph Schad and B. P. Strickland left a few days ago, and Past Exalted Ruler Louis Goodman, Messrs. James Owen Reilly, D. N. Chadwick, Jr., J. L. Frank, A. Rosenman and Dan Costin were among those who left last night. The convention will be attended by Elks from every part of the country and all anticipate a great gathering. The local delegation will be away a week or ten days.

CAPT. L H RAND ARRIVES.

Temporarily in Charge of Local United States Engineer Office.

Capt. Lewis H. Rand, who has been at Washington, D. C., in command of Company B, of th First Battalion of Engineers, in Washington Barracks, is temporarily in charge of the Wilmington District, having relieved Capt. Earl I. Brown yesterday morning. Capt. Rand will be here for about four months, when he will be relieved by Capt. Haughton W. Stickle, who has been assigned to this district, but is now on a four-months leave following long service in Panama. Capt. and Mrs. Brown are visiting relatives at Southport for a few days and will leave one day this week for Galveston, Texas, to which district Capt. Brown has been assigned.

Went Too Far in Surf.

While in surf bathing yesterday afternoon near Lumina two young ladies who were said to be from Atlanta, got too far out and some difficulty was experienced getting them ashore. Mr. Freeman Yopp, who was a life saver at the beach last year, happened to be in the surf and got one of the young women out without much difficulty but getting the second one out was a harder task as the young man who was in the surf with her was unable to swim and was nearly exhausted when assistance reached him as he had been using his every effort to keep her from sinking. Mr. Yopp got them safely on land.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

Meet your friends at Fuchs' Big Sale next Wednesday at 9 o'clock. **

SCANDALS IN CAMORRO SUIT.

Other Revelations Soon Coming to Light in Viterbo Court.

Viterbo, Italy, July 8.—The court and jury who are hearing the trial of the Camossists charged with the murder of Genuaro Cuoccolo and his wife, were occupied today with an examination of papers and personal belongings seized by the authorities at the home of Ciro Vitozzi, the priest known as the "guardian angel of the Camorri" and one of the defendants in the present case.

When Enrico Alfano and his assistants were first arrested they were released upon representations of Vitozzi, who said he had learned of their innocence and the guilt of others in the confessional. This intervention permitted Alfano to escape to the United States, where he fell into the hands of the New York police. The exhibit included a sword, cane, revolvers, 140 bills of exchange, 1,000 letters from criminals asking his protection, and a letter from Maria Bartolitti. This woman is believed by some to be a close friends of the priest while according to others Vitozzi acted as her agent in loaning money.

Confronted by these exhibits, intended to establish his evil character, Vitozzi defended his possesion of them. Regarding the communications from criminals, he said that he considered it the duty of his ministry to assist sinners, including the criminals who had applied to him for help.

Among Vitozzi's effects were also found 200 letters from various clerks and officials of the law courts complaining that money promised them had not been received. According to the State, the priest was in the habit of giving bribes to the court officers in order to obtain light sentences for convicted criminals with whom he was associated. It is declared that the revelations along this line will be scandalous.

PANIC AMONG PASSENGERS.

Train Stopped When Revolver Battle Raged Among Strikers.

Cleveland, O., July 8.—Passengers on a Lake Shore Railroad train from New York were thrown into panic late tonight when the train stopped at the East 105th street station and a half minute later a revolver battle was on between a number of strike-breakers from the East on the train and a crowd of striking Cleveland garment workers on the depot platform.

When the smoke of battle cleared two strikers lay wounded on the station platform and the other combatants on both sides had disappeared.

The wounded men, Simon Checkman and Louis Feldman, were taken to Glenville Hospital. They will recover. It is said others were also wounded, but were able to get away. The first shots came from the depot platform. The strikebreakers shot from car windows and platforms.

AUTO STRUCK LOCOMOTIVE

Four Hurt at Spartanburg, S. C.—One Fatally Injured.

Spartanburg, S. C., July 8.—J. L. Cantrell, his wife, and Mr. Warren Smith, of Liberty, Pickens county, sustained serious injuries when the auto in which they were traveling, struck a locomotive on a spur track of the Southern Railway, near Wellford, in this county today.

Mr. and Mrs. Cantwell, and their two children, who were also in the car, but who escaped without a scratch, have gone to their home in Pickens, but Mr. Smith whose injuries may prove fatal, is unconscious at a farmhouse near the scene of the accident. The automobile was demolished. A high embankment obscured the approaching engine.

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

GRACE SERVICES TODAY.

Bishop Kilgo Preaches This Evening —Rev. W. M. Curtis In Morning

Services at Grace M. E. church today will be of unusual interest. Rev. W. M. Curtis, of the faculty of Greensboro Female College, will preach in the morning at 11 A M., and in the evening at the usual hour, Bishop John C. Kilgo, who has been presiding over the Methodist District Conference at Southport, will conduct the services. Bishop Kilgo was heard with great interest at Grace church last Tuesday evening and made a profound impression with his masterful sermon. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

Yoke Fellows' Appointments.

The appointments of the Yoke Fellows of the Y. M. C. A. for today have been announced as follows: City prison, 10 A. M., L. D. Latta; County home, 3 P. M., W. C. Rourk and C. C. Mattocks; Castle Haynes, 11 A. M., R. F. Coleman and P. Heinsberger; Wrightsboro Baptist Church, 8 P. M., W. H. Blair and I. W. Cooper; Wrightsville Sound, 4 P. M., L. D. Latta and L. B. Rogers; Wrightsboro Union Sunday School, 8 P. M.; A. J. Howell and G. C. Bordeaux.

Excursion to Carolina Beach.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Chapel of the Good Shepherd, will operate an excursion to Carolina Beach on the steamer "Wilmington" next Tuesday. One boat leaves at 9 A. M. and one at 2:30 P. M. Refreshments will be served on the boat. Every arrangement has been made to make this excursion one that it will be a delight to go upon.

CHESTER IS STORM STRUCK.

South Carolina Town Damaged by A Terrific Storm Yesterday.

Chester, S. C., July 8.—The most terrific electric storm Chester has experienced at the hands of nature in many years, swept over it last Monday night about 10 o'clock. The lightning sought the transformer edifice of the Chester Power Company for its temporary mecca; traveling into it in massive sheets over the scores of lines in the Southern Power Company's, coming in from the Great Falls pregnated with 10,000 volts, and radicating out to many other cities. All these wires, coming in and going out of the structure, conveyed great bolts of lightning into it. Mr. W. E. Sledge, manager of the transformer house, remarked that it was a never-to-be-forgotton spectacle. He could not leave for fear of one of the wires containing 10,000, would be snapped asunder, while he was escaping under them, and kill him. Not only did the lightning form a pillar of fire at the foregoing place, but it struck many residences, and crippled the telephone lines of this municipality.

New York, July 8.—For the second time within a week an aeroplane driver flew his machine today thousands of feet above the city, only to run out of gasoline and streak the sky in a long glide to earth. This time the aviator was Ladis Lekowsicz, just over from Russia.

MAKE THIS BANK YOUR BANK.

The services of this institution are dedicated to the financial needs of the people of this community. Its desire is to serve you in any capacity having to do with the handling of funds.

Its facilities, are yours, use them.

The Southern National Bank

SOCIETY

Miss Ruby Rogers is visiting friends in South Carolina.

* * *

Mrs. J. A. Barden, of Warsaw, is in Wilmington visiting relatives.

* * *

Mrs. Georgia Ulmer has gone to New York on a visit to relatives.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy W. Wells left yesterday for Atlantic City, to spend several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. J. C. Lamb went to Raeford yesterday where she will spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lewis, of Marion, S. C., are visiting the family of Mr. F. Jolly, 217 South 8th street.

* * *

Yesterday's Greensboro News: "Miss Josephine McDonald, of Wilmington, visited friends in the city yesterday."

* * *

Mrs. Benjamin Smith and little daughter, who have been visiting relatives in Atkinson for several weeks, are expected home today.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Springer have returned from Yonkers, N. Y., where they spent the past two months and are now at Wrihtsville Beach.

* * *

Mrs. C. L. Rowe, of Big Stone Gap, Va., arrived yesterday to spend some time with her parents, Prof. and Mrs. Washington Catlett, No. 117 Orange street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Smith are back in the city after a pleasure trip to several Northern cities. While on the trip they spent several days at Atlantic City.

* * *

Miss Susie E. Robinson, of Petersburg, Va., arrived last night to spend a week at the Seaside inn, Wrightsville Beach, with Mrs. T. A. Lawther and Miss Mary J. Lawther.

* * *

A party of young people, composed of Misses Wilma Scott, Annie Johnson and Addie Marshburn, and Mr. Albert Herring, all of Wallace, are visiting Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach.

* * *

Mr. J. Albert Loughlin passed through Wilmington yesterday returning to Mexico after a visit of a month to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Loughlin at Southport. He is located near Tampico.

* * *

Southport News: "Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Merrel, of Wilmington, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Julius Newton.——Mrs. Ida Swain and daughter, Miss Erla Swain, of Wilmington, were guests this week at the home of Mr. E. B. Stevens."

* * *

Mrs. Wm. E. Lawson will leave this afternoon for Wadesboro, where she will visit relatives for a few days, leaving there the latter part of the week for a visit to relatives in Columbia and in Newberry, S. C., her former home.

* * *

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Church of the Good Shepherd will run an excursion to Carolina Beach Tuesday of this week, running two trips of the steamer Wilmington, at 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Refreshments will be served on the boat and a pleasant outing is promised all who go.

* * *

Miss Genevieve Dushan and Miss Jean LaFrage left yesterday afternoon for Rockingham, where they will be two charming attendants at a house party to be given this week by Mrs. Johnsie Cameron. Miss LaFrage was formerly of Wilmington, but is now a resident of Dublin, Ga. She arrived in Wilmington a few days ago to be the guest of Mrs. John Blomme.

* * *

Port Deposit, Md., July 8.—Carlton J. Spear, who has been a student at the Tome School for Boys, for two years, has received an alternate appointment to the Naval Academy. Mr. Spear has taken his examinations and passed with great credit. He expects to receive a principal appointment in the near future. Mr. Spear is the son of Mr. Herbert W. Spear, of the United States Marine Corps.

* * *

Friday's Atlanta Georgian: "Mrs. John Oliver, who has been spending a week at Tallulah Falls, will return home Saturday and will leave Monday with Mrs. T. B. French for Wrightsville Beach.——Miss Tom Hancock and Miss Eugenia Ivey left Thursday for a stay of several weeks at Wrightsville Beach.——Miss Elizabeth Melson and Miss Minnie D. Terrell left Thursday night for a trip to Wrightsville Beach.——Misses Anna Bennett and Mamie Banks leave Friday for Wrightsville Beach for a stay of two weeks."

* * *

DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION FOR BRIDE AND GROOM.

A delightful reception was given Thursday night by Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Croom, at their residence, No. 610 Dock street, in honor of Mr. LeRoy Croom and bride, formerly Miss Bie, of Jacksonville, Fla. The home was tastefully decorated for the happy occasion, the color scheme being pink and white. In the hall the guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. Croom and Miss Myrtle Croom and presented to the guests of honor. The punch bowl, wreathed in smilax and surrounded by pink anw white candles, was presided over by Miss Elizabeth LeGwin. Delicious ices, carrying out the pink and white color scheme, were served. Many toasts were drunk to the future health and happiness of the bride and groom and the charming host and hostess. About 30 intimate friends of the family were present on this enjoyable occasion.

* * *

CHARMING HOUSE PARTY AT JACKSONVILLE, N. C.

Jacksonville, N. C., July 8.—Probably never in the history of Jacksonville has the town been gayer than it has for the past few weeks with its throng of merry visitors. Among the most attractive and popular visitors are the young ladies composing the house party being entertained by Misses Leah and Louise Thompson at their handsome new home on Bridge street. Their charming guests are Misses Lettie and Avis Kemp, of Norfolk, Va.; Miss Corinee Bell, of Morehead City; Miss Maude Bohannon, of Winston-Salem, and Mrs. Harry Billups, of Norfolk.

This body of young people were entertained most charmingly last week at Foster's Lodge, on New river. The merry party went down on Tuesday on the Helen Tod, returning on Sunday afternoon. While at the lodge many enjoyable excursions to places of interest were enjoyed, among them a trip to the beach, a moonlight picnic to Town Point and numerous fishing parties. Those enjoying the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, besides the young ladies composing the house party, were Messrs. Charlie Warren, John Jarman, J. C. Trotman, James Wiggins, Richard Murrill, Guy Lockamy and Dr. Carroll Wiggins.

On Monday evening the Misses Thompson entertained most delightfully at a charming porch party in honor of their guests. From 8 until 12 the lovely home threw wide its hospitable doors to the merry throng of young people. The halls and parlor were decorated with a profusion of hot-house flowers and potted plants. But most popular was the airy porch lighted dimly by the mellow rays of the moon. Here delightful refreshments were served.

Altogether the house party of the Misses Thompson will be one of the most memorable in the history of the town, for seldom does Jacksonville welcome more attractive and charming guests than these young ladies and the Thompson home has a reputation for its genial hospitality to everyone.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Lacy Bell, of Currie, is visiting friends in the city for a few days.

—Mr. Henderson Cole has returned from a business trip to New York City, Baltimore and other places.

—Southport News: "Mr. Z. W. Whitehead was voted an honorary member of the Chamber of Commerce last night."

—Among The Orton arrivals yesterday were the following: Chas. E Ward, Charlotte; R. S. Busbee, Raleigh; J. B. Schulken and son, Whiteville; C. R. Farmer, Elm City; Mrs L. W. Boney, Wallace.

—Mr. L. W. Moore, of the Wilder real estate agency, is back in the city after a pleasant vacation trip to Morehead city. While there Mr. Moore attended a meeting of the agents of an insurance company, which he represents here.

—Among the guests at The Southern Hotel yesterday were E. P. Pratt and I. B. Howley, Greenwood, S. C.; C. M. Hanis, Asheville; H. L. Smith, L. W. Chancy, J. H. Baldwin, S. C. Chancy, Lake Waccamaw; T. M. Holly, Rocky Mount; John G. Davis, Columbia, S. C.; R. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga.; Miss M. White, Columbia, S. C.; R. B. Branch, Sr., A. G. Branch, Jr., Red Springs; W. T. Rochelle, Hamstead.

—Southport News: "Mr. J. J. Loughlin called to order his first meeting as president of the Chamber last night and started off the new year of work in excellent style. Action was taken by the Lighthouse Board in the lightship on Frying Pan Shoals and the secretary instructed to wire the State's Senators and Chief of Bureau of Navigation for the port, protesting against the proposed change of place."

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

St. Thomas' church—First mass, 7 A. M.; last mass sermon, 10:30 A. M.; vespers, 7:45 P. M.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets; services at 11 A. M. No Sunday night service during the month of July and August. Subject of lesson sermon, "Sacrament." All are invited.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Service, sermon and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Evening prayer at 6 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Grace Methodist church, corner 4th and Grace streets, Rev. John C. Wooten, pastor. Services at 11 o'clock A. M., by Rev. W. M. Curtis, of Greensboro Female College. At 8 o'clock P. M. the services will be conducted by Bishop John C. Kilgo, of Durham, N. C. The public is invited to attend these services.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector. Holy communion, 7:30 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon, 11 A. M. Sunday school, 5 P. M. Evening prayer, 6 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. The Beach Chapel: There will be service and sermon at the Wrightsville Beach chapel Sunday evening at 8:30 o'clock, conducted by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's church.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor.—Fourth Sunday after Trinity. German service, 11 A. M. English service, 8 P. M. Sunday school, 10 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Morning prayer and sermon, at 11 A. M.; evening prayer at 6 P. M. A cordial welcome to all, especially visitors and strangers.

At Fifth Street M. E. church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor.—Regular service at 11 A. M. Evening service, at 8:15 P. M., conducted by Rev. W. M. Curtis, of Greensboro.

In the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rexford, the services at Bladen Street M. E. church today will be managed by the Y. M. C. A. At night, at 8 o'clock, Mr. J. B. Huntington will preach. Morning service as usual. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

New York, July 8.—Wearing a short skirt and a bright red waist, Miss Nan J. Aspinwall rode into City Hall Square today and, dismounting, presented a letter from Mayor McCarthy, of San Francisco, to Mayor Gaynor's secretary. The mayor himself was out of town. The letter certified that Miss Aspinwall on September 1, 1910, had set out to ride across the continent.

Atlantic City, July 8.—Harry N. Atwood, and Chas. K. Hamilton, the aviators, announced tonight that they would begin early tomorrow morning, if everything is favorable, their flight to Washington by way of Wilmington, Del., and Baltimore

Why is Sugar Sweet?

If sugar did not dissolve in the mouth you could not taste the sweet, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic, but you do not taste the bitter because the ingredients do not dissolve in the mouth but do dissolve in the acids of the stomach. Is just as good for Grown People as for children. The First and Original Tasteless Chill Tonic. The Standard for 20 years, 50.

WHITE GIRL MARRIES CHINAMAN

Baltimore Family Disowns Pretty Daughter—She Taught Laundryman.

(Washington Post.)

The marriage of a 20-year-old girl of good family to a Chinese laundryman has been consummated in Baltimore through the willing offices of a Christian clergyman, who sees nothing wrong in the union. The girl's parents have closed the door of their home upon the daughter.

This incongruous marriage has been made possible through the prevalence of a sort of zeal that not only permits but encourages young girls to teach Chinamen the religion that is generally accepted in this country. The custom has been to give to each girl a single pupil, who is supposed to receive from her the enlightenment requisite to his soul's salvation. Fathers and mothers, not without good sense in the ordinary affairs of life, acquiesce in the arrangement, and some ministers of the gospel lend the practice their hearty approval.

Doubtless the parents of pretty Jessie Lieb had pictured a different future for her from that which she had chosen. But if their fond dreams have miscarried they probably have themselves largely to blame, however much the tendency may be to sympathize with them in the moment of their rude awakening.

There is no present intention to discuss the relative merits of the Caucasian and the Oriental. Either may be better or worse than the other. One thing is sure—they are different.

For East is East, and West is West,
And never the twain shall meet
Until Earth and Sky stand presently
At God's great judgment seat.

To this the cultivated Chinaman will agree, as he will also doubtless further agree that a marriage of an American girl with the average immigrant from his own land is as repugnant to his sense of the eternal fitness of things as it is to ours. It is the difference that brings in the incompatible elements. The whole social outlook is at variance and in no respect more marked than in the marriage relationship, which in China makes of the woman a mere appendage in the family into which she marries, with the single hope left her that she may perchance bear a son and one blissful day in the far away future rule it over his wife.

Why is it that parents will permit and ministers applaud such doings? The former are culpable, the latter even more so. Why should the custom of placing a young girl in charge of a young man of an alien race be fostered, when it would not be thought of in connection with their own blood? And what shall those have to answer for who throw a foolish girl in her teens into the companionship of such, where propinquity leads to the fulfilment of its ever-present dangers, and the outcome is the unequal yoke?

WHY THE JUNE BRIDE?

Method in the Matrimony That Makes June a Marrying Month.

(Baltimore Evening Sun.)

Good old June, the month of weddings, is once more holding her own. Beginning about six years ago, a tendency to abandon June in favor of October and November made itself visible, and the hymeneal statisticians published many entertaining reports upon the change, while their brethren of psychology tried to account for it. But now all this laborious figuring and theorizing goes for naught, for the present June is breaking records. In Baltimore yesterday no fewer than 65 marriage licenses were issued—more than any other June day had seen for five years. One clergyman alone—the Rev. Dr. L. M. Zimmerman, to-wit—united seven couples. And from other cities come like reports. In Caicago, one day last week both the murder and the marriage records were broken.

Why this reaction? No doubt the chief cause is to be sought in considerations of convenience and economy. According to the Census Bureau, it is cheaper to marry in June than in any other month. The actual expenses of the average American wedding—the expenses, that is, which have to be met by the bridegroom and the bride's father—come to $66.74 in October, but to only $51.09 in June. Victuals, flowers, railroad tickets and other such things are always cheaper at this time of the year than at any other time. The veal used in manufacturing the chicken salad served at wedding feasts now costs but 14 cents a pound; in October and November it brings 17 to 18. Lilies, roses and carnations, which cost from 80 cents to $1.50 a dozen in the autumn, are now drugs on the market at 30 to 35 cents. And all of the railroads, from June 1 to September 1, run cut rate excursions to Niagara Falls, Atlantic City, Pen-Mar, Watkins' Glen and the many other "points North" to which newly married couples proceed.

Unluckily enough, these savings do not profit the poor wedding guest. The new white vest that he buys for the ceremony costs him just as much in June as in November, and so do the hand-painted water color, the baroque clock, the silver-plated beef-steak and the box of dessert spoons, or whatever other present he sends. And the thought that the bride's father is $14.28 ahead of the game does not appreciably decrease this wedding guest's sufferings in the hot, moist air of the sacred edifice, nor the agonies of indigestion which follow his polite ingestion of the before-mentioned chicken salad.

A Peek Into His Pocket

would show the box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve that E. S. Loper, a carpenter, of Marilla, N. Y., always carries." I have never had a cut, wound, bruise or sore it would not soon heal," he writes. Greatest healer of burns, boils, scalds, chapped hands and lips, fever-sores, skin eruptions, eczema, corns and piles. 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late MRS. MARY DUDLEY THAMES, whose death occurred at her home in Jacksonville, Fla., will take place this (Sunday) morning at 10 o'clock from St. James' Episcopal church and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery; friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Rev. C. F. Whitlock will preach this afternoon at 4 o'clock at Wrightsboro Baptist Church.

—The South Wilmington Giants won from the Delgado baseball team yesterday afternoon by a score of 1 to 0.

—The schooner Robert A. Snyder, Capt. Tinker, cleared yesterday for New York with cargo of 329,000 feet of lumber from the Wiley-Harker Lumber Co. The vessel is by C. D. Maffitt.

—Mr. C. Y. DeVane, one of the associate superintendents of Brooklyn Baptist Sunday School, left yesterday for Burgaw Chapel, Pender county, where he will assist in the Sunday School programme to be carried out today.

—Rev. C. F. Whitlock will have for his subject this morning, "The Suffering Savior," and the sermon will be followed by the observance of the Lord's Supper. He will preach tonight on "Christ the Good Shepherd." All are invited.

—Rev. W. E. Cox will conduct service at 8:30 o'clock this evening at the chapel on Wrightsville Beach. The music will be furnished by Professor Johnson, organist of St. James' church, and Mrs. Longfellow will participate in the singing.

—A letter has been received by a friend in this city from Mr. R. C. Worsley, who left here two weeks ago for the Panama Canal, where he will hold a position with the government, in which he states that he arrived safely and is well pleased with his surroundings.

—The doors of The Orton Confectionary were closed for a short time yesterday when an execution was taken upon the establishment for a judgment of $17.50, by C. D. Weeks against E. Dinos, the proprietor. He paid the amount and the doors were soon opened.

—The funeral of Martin Elwood Mixon, the 12-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Mixon, was held at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the family residence, No. 716 South Front street, and there were present a large number of relatives and friends. The interment was in Bellevue cmtery.

—The funeral of James Harper Darby, the seven-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Darby, was held at 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning from the family residence, No. 518 South Front street, and the interment was in Oakdale cemetery. There were present a large concourse of relatives and friends.

—There will be several very pleasing features at the Sunday school of the First Baptist church this afternoon at 4 o'clock, among which will be a solo by Miss Nellie Calder, formerly of this city, but now of Richmond, Va., where she is visiting her sister, Mrs. Woody on Greenville Sound. Miss Calder has a superb voice and her rendition this afternoon will be heard with much pleasure.

—On Friday a most pleasant outing was given at Wrightsville beach by Mr. A. W. Ek, the clever and efficient superintendent of the Imperial Mutual Life and Health Insurance Co., of Asheville, complimentary to his agents, Messrs. T. H. Tate, W. V. Sellers, M. E. Street and W. H. Howie, accompanied by Mr. E. J. W. Anders and Mr. G. T. Grotgen. A basket of fine trout was caught by the party, besides many others of the finy tribe.

Washington, July 8.—Senators who fanned themselves with palm leaves throughout many sultry Washington Summers were amazed at the opening of the day's session of the Senate when they discovered a noiseless electric fan whirling on Vice President Sherman's desk. The current of air was directed solely upon the Vice President, who wore an expression of supreme content.

New York, July 8.—In the cool wake of the torrid spell which passed into history 24 hours ago, 13 deaths were reported today in the Metropolitan district among those prostrated while the heat held sway.

FRECKLES

New Drug That Quickly Removes These Homely Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as a new drug, othine—double strength, has been discovered that is a positive cure for these homely spots.

Simply get one ounce of othine—double strength, from J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., and apply a little of it at night, and in the morning you will see that even the worst have begun to disappear, while the light freckles have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.

TIZ—For Tender Feet

A new, scientific medical toilet tablet which

Draws Out All Inflammation and Soreness.

This remarkable foot bath remedy is **Superior to Powder, Plaster or Salve** and is guaranteed to cure Corns, Callouses, Bunions, Frostbites, Chilblains, Ingrowing Nails, Tired, Aching, Swollen, Nervous, Sweaty, Bad Smelling Feet.

Smaller Shoes Can Be Worn by using TIZ, because it puts and keeps the feet in perfect condition.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per box or direct if you wish from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

..Theatrical..

At the Grand.

The Grand Theatre makes an important announcement of the opening of an engagement at that popular house by the noted soprano singer,

MRS. FRANK PEARSON.

Noted Operatic Star, formerly with the Bostonians, who opens an engagement at the Grand Theatre tomorrow.

Mrs. Frank Pearson, who will arrive in the city today from her home in Atlanta, Ga. The bringing of Mrs. Pearson to a motion picture theatre is a piece of enterprise that is to be commended as showing unequalled enterprise on the part of the management. While Mrs. Pearson will be the star at the Grand during her engagement, there will be no let-up in the quality of pictures. In fact, it would seem that they will be better than ever during the coming week.

At the Bijou Theatre.

Another week of artistic conquest has ended for the Bijou, and tomorrow still another will begin. Yesterday the popular theatre, which is the mecca for children, as well as for grown-ups, was packed both afternoon and night and the giant sized audiences not only enjoyed themselves, but lavished praise upon the management for the refined and high-class amusement provided. The moving picture bill yesterday was crowded with star features, while Mr. Frank Banks was at his best, presenting one of the greatest of song successes, which took the Bijou's audiences by storm and evoked vigorous encores.

The moving picture bill for tomorrow is another swell one. A glance at the list shows that it is made up of all film masterpieces and that both comedy and drama will play equally as strong parts. The list for the entire week can be labeled the best the Bijou has ever offered and that is saying volumes.

Washington, July 8.—Following a special appeal on behalf of the letter carriers of Milwaukee, that they be permitted to wear blue blouses instead of the usual uniform coat during the heated trem, Victor Berger, Socialist Congressman from Wisconsin, requested Postmaster General Hitchcock today to make a general order allowing letter carriers everywhere to discard their coats during the Summer months.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO. SUCCESSFUL.

Induced Dr. Howard Company to Make Special Prices.

After a great deal of effort and correspondence J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., the popular druggists, have succeeded in getting the Dr. Howard Co., to make a special half-price introductory offer on the regular fifty cent size of their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia.

Dr. Howard's specific has been so remarkably successful in curing constipation, dyspepsia and all liver troubles that J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. are willing to return the price paid in every case where it does not give relief.

Headaches, coated tongue, dizziness, gas on stomach, specks before the eyes, constipation, and all forms of liver and stomach trouble are soon cured by this scientific medicine.

So great is the demand for this specific that J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., has been able to secure only a limited supply, and every one who is troubled with dyspepsia, constipation or liver trouble should call upon them at once, or send 25 cents, and get sixty doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half price offer with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

DAVID'S

YOUNG men who are members of the smartest clubs; who go where correct style in clothes is a matter of some importance; where a man wants to dress so perfectly that nobody thinks of his clothes, not even he himself — these are the men who wear

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes. They want the style, the all-wool fabrics, the fine tailoring, the right fit. — What's good enough for such wearers is good enough for anybody.

Suits, $18 and up.

The A. David Co.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

Every thing that's worth while in Men's Furnishings.

Just Say

"FIVE" "ONE"

To Central

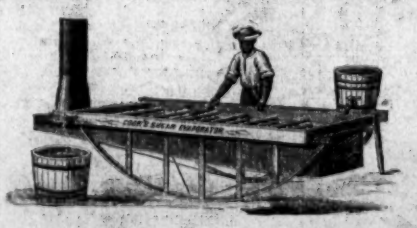
Quick as a flash the phone will be answered, and if you'll give your address, a messenger from the Western Union Telegraph Co. will be sent for your BUSINESS LOCAL. Pay him

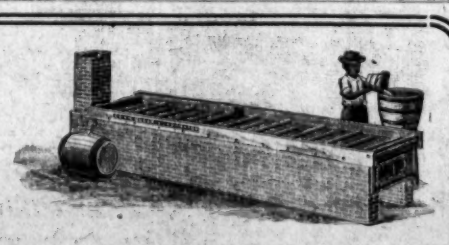
Twenty-Five Cents

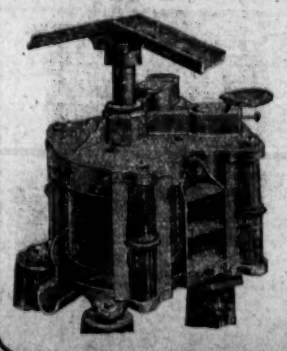
For each twenty-five words or less for each time you wish the ad to run, and one cent for each word in addition to twenty-five. We find the finders of values and the losers too. We find servants for homes, clerks and managers for offices and offices for clerks and managers; tenants for rooms and houses and rooms and houses for tenants; a purchaser for that piece of real estate and real estate for that purchaser.

Just Ring

"FIVE" "ONE"







We are Agents for the Above Celebrated

Sugar Cane Mills

AND OUTFITS.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Purcell Bldg, Wilmington, N. C.

Financial and Commercial

NEW LOW GROUND FOR COTTON

Severe Break in Market on Reports of Continued Rains in Western Belt—Sensational Weakness —Spot Closed Quiet.

New York, July 8.—There was a very severe break in the cotton market today, owing to reports of continued rains in the Western belt and general liquidation. Old crop positions showed the most sensational weakness, but all the active deliveries sold into new low ground for the movement and to the lowest levels that have been reached in the market since the big break of last February.

Closing prices showed some rally on the near months, but were at practically the lowest on new crop positions, with the final tone steady, at a net decline of 146@18 points.

The market opened easy, at a decline of 18@21 points on the near months and of 6@12 points on new crop months under active general liquidation and aggressive bear pressure inspired by easier cables, unfavorable trade accounts and private reports of better rains in Texas and Oklahoma than indicated by the official map. There was trade buying and heavy covering at the decline, but the Western belt forecast for continued unsettled and showery weather encouraged the selling movement and prices showed practically no rallying power until the old crop had shown a net loss of from 21 to 36 points, with August selling at 13.75 and the new crop had sold 17 to 18 points lower.

Then the liquidation of old crop positions which had been attributed to Southern bulls seemed to be a little less urgent and August rallied to 13.93, while July worked up from 14.13 to 14.17, but the new crop positions showed practically no recovery and the action of the market suggested that the speculative short interest had been very much reduced.

Receipts of cotton at the ports today, 800 bales, against 1,900 last week and 6,373 last year. For the week, 10,000, against 8,685 last week and 40,925 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans, 489, against 848 last year, and at Houston, 26, against 163 last year.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 14.50; middling gulf, 14.75. Sales, 100 bales. Futures opened easy and closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	14.30	14.30	14.13	14.17
August	13.97	14.02	13.75	13.93
September	13.20	13.26	13.18	13.20
October	13.45	13.45	12.93	12.95
November	13.02	13.00	13.00	12.93
December	13.02	13.04	12.95	12.85
January	13.02	13.02	12.91	12.92
March	13.05	13.08	12.98	13.00
May	13.10	13.12	13.06	13.00

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 14⅞; sales, 250; stock, 7,908.

New Orleans—Firm, 15; net receipts, 489; gross receipts, 492; sales, 140; stock, 42,225; coastwise, 65.

Mobile—Nominal, 14⅞; stock, 686; coastwise, 1.

Savannah—Nominal, 14⅞; net receipts, 19; gross receipts, 19; stock, 22,437; coastwise, 65.

Charleston—Nominal; stock, 508.

Wilmington—Nominal; stock, 429.

Norfolk—Steady, 14⅞; net receipts, 1; gross receipts, 1; stock, 14,165.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15¼; stock, 2,912.

New York—Quiet, 14.50; gross receipts, 2; sales, 100; stock, 110,385; Great Britain, 746; coastwise, 2.

Boston—Quiet, 14.65; gross receipts, 227; stock, 8,434; continent, 11.

Philadelphia—Dull, 14.75; stock, 1,175.

Total today at all ports—Net, 509,746; continent, 46; Japan, 206,855.

Consolidated at all ports—Net, 509,746; continent, 11.

Total since Sept. 1 at all ports—Net, 8,450,314; Great Britain, 3,247,242; France, 899,501; continent, 3,001,190; Japan, 148,966; Mexico, 2,075.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14⅞; net receipts, 26; gross receipts, 26; shipments, 11; sales, 7; stock, 12,208.

Augusta—Quiet, 15⅜; net receipts, 19; gross receipts, 19; shipments, 114; sales, 33; stock, 5,419.

Memphis—Steady, 15; net receipts, 28; gross receipts, 357; shipments, 702; sales, 50; stock, 32,758.

St. Louis—Quiet, 14⅞; gross receipts, 161; shipments, 216; sales, 400; stock, 7,907.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 481; gross receipts, 481; shipments, 141; stock, 18,666.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14⅝; net receipts, 5; gross receipts, 5; shipments, 238; stock, 5,226.

Louisville—Firm, 15.

Total today—Net receipts, 559; gross receipts, 1,049; shipments, 1,512; sales, 490; stock, 82,180.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, July 8.—Timidity in regard to wet and cooler weather pulled the wheat market down today in the last hour of the session. The heavy movement of the new crop was also a big weight upon values. Closing figures were a quarter to a half cent to one cent under last night. Corn and oats finished unchanged to within a quarter cent decline. Hog products made a ragged wind up, varying from 2½c. advance to 22½c. falling off.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 88¾@90; No. 3, red, 86@88½; No. 2, hard, 88¾@90; No. 3, hard, 86@89; No. 1, northern, 98@1.02½; No. 2, northern, 94@97; No. 3, northern, 91@93; No. 2, spring, 94@97½; No. 3, spring, 89@94; velvet chaff, 89@92; durum, 84@90.

oCrn—No. 2, 63¾@64; No. 2, white, 64@64¼; No. 2, yellow, 63¾@64; No. 3, 63¾@63¾; No. 3, white, 63½@63¾; No. 3, yellow, 63½@63¾; No. 4, 62@62¼; No. 4, white, 62@62½; No. 4, yellow, 62@62½.

Oats—White, 47½@48; No. 3, white, 46@47; No. 4, white, 46@46½; standard, 46¾@47½.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	90½	90½	89½	89½
Sept	92¾	92½	91	91⅛
Dec	94¾	94¾	93⅜	94
Corn:				
July	64½	64¼	63½	63¾
Sept	66¾	66¾	65¾	65¾
Dec	65¾	65¾	64¾	65¾
May	68	68	66½	67¼
Oats:				
July	45¾	45¾	45¼	45¼
Sept	47	47	46	46¼
Dec	48¾	48¾	47⅝	48¼
May	51⅝	51⅝	50⅝	51⅛
Mess Pork, per barrel:				
Sept	15.85	15.85	15.62½	15.62½
Jan	15.72½	15.72½	15.57½	15.60
Lard, per 100 pounds:				
July	8.30	8.32½	8.30	8.30
Sept	8.45	8.47½	8.37½	8.42½
Dec	8.37½	8.37½	8.32½	8.35
Jan	8.32½	8.37½	8.30	8.37½
Short Ribs, per 100 pounds:				
Sept	8.55	8.57½	8.47½	8.50
Jan	8.45	8.17½	8.07½	8.15

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, July 8.—The dry goods markets were very quiet for the day. Burlaps were excited during the week. Linens are being bought moderately. Brown and bleached cottons remain dull, with prices steady.

Parson's Poem A Gem.

From Rev. H. Stobenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pils.

"They're such a health necessity,
In every home these pills should be.
If other kinds you've tried in vain,
USE DR. KING'S
And be well again." Only 25c. at R. R. Belamy's.

Lumina Concerts Today.

"Song Without Words," "Celeste Aida," Grand selection from "Lucia," melodies from "Havana," and many others. **

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Carib, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Schr. Robert A. Snyder, Tinker, New York, C. D. Mafflt.

Exports—Domestic.

New York—Schr. Robt. A. Snyder, 329,000 feet of lumber, cargo from Wiley-Harker Lumber Co.; vessel by C. D. Mafflt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Cacique (Br.), 3,013 tons, Dexter, R. C. Currie, agent.

Cundall (Br.) 1,146 tons, White, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Mar Adriatico (Spn.) 1,783 tons, Oldecirreguin, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Augustus Welt, 1,111 tons, Sproul, C. D. Mafflt.

Julia A. Trubee, 373 tons, Jensen, C. D. Mafflt.

Josie D. Burt, 722 tons, Stanton, C. D. Mafflt.

Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulbourn, C. D. Mafflt.

Major Pickands, 873 tons, Pinkham, C. D. Mafflt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., July 8.

Atlantic Coast Line—36 casks spirits turpentine; 64 barrels rosin; 8 barrels tar; 32 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—36 casks spirits turpentine; 64 barrels rosin; 8 barrels tar; 32 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, July 8.—Flour, steady, with demand only moderate. Spring patents, 4.90@5.15; winter patents, 4.20@4.50.

Rye Flour—Dull.

Corn Meal—Firm.

Rye—Quiet.

Barley—Steady.

Wheat—Steady. No. 2, red, 95¼, elevator, and 96½ f. o. b. afloat. Futures closed partly steady at ⅝c. net lower; July, 94⅞; September, 96⅝; December closed 98⅝c.

Corn—Steady. Export, No. 2, 6c. f. o. b. afloat. Futures, firmer, at ⅝ to 1c. net higher.

Oats—Spot, steady; standard white, 52½; No. 2, 53; No. 3, 52; No. 4, 51½. Futures market was without transactions, closing nominal.

Lard—Easy.

Tallow—Quiet.

Petroleum—Steady. Refined, New York, barrels, 7.25; refined, New York, bulk, 3.75; Philadelphia, barrels, 7.25; bulk, 3.75.

Wool—Quiet.

Turpentine—Quiet.

Rosin—Easy.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Raw Sugar—Firm; refined, steady.

Butter—Steady. Process specials, 22; do. extras, 21½; do. firsts, 19@20½.

Cheese—Quiet and unchanged.

Eggs—Quiet and unchanged.

Potatoes—Firm and unchanged.

Freights—Unchanged.

Peanuts—Unchanged.

Coffee—Futures closed quiet, net unchanged to 13 points higher. Spot, firm; No. 7, 13¾. Santos, No. 4, 13½; mild, dull; Cordova, 14@16, nominal.

Cotton Seed Oil—Easy, under scattered liquidation, induced by the decline in lard and cotton. Trading was quite active in the August position, shorts being the buyers. Futures closed 16@3 points net lower. July, 6.29@6.32; August, 6.31@6.32; September, 6.38@6.39; October, 6.15@6.16; November, 5.82@5.83; prime crude, nominal; do. summer yellow, 6.25@6.37; do. winter yellow, 6.40@6.85; do. summer white, 6.40@6.85.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady, 50 cents.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.15 per barrel.

TAR—Firm, at $2.20 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — $3.25 per barrel for hard; $4.75 for dip and 75.00 for virgin.

$5.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, firm, 55; rosin, firm, $3.90; tar, $2.25; crude turpentine, firm, at $3.00, $4.25 and $5.25.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	36
Rosin	64
Tar	8
Crude Turpentine	32

Receipts same day last year, 7 casks turpentine; 66 barrels rosin; 12 barrels tar; 51 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—(—) bales; same day last year, (—) bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 8th.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, .90 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.50@$1.60; Spanish, $1.15@$1.25.

CORN—Firm; .68 to .70 per bu.

PEAS—White black-eye, $2.50; white lady finger, $2.75; clay peas, $1.75 per bushel, dull.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, $1.00 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, .12@.15 per lb.; free of burr, .18@.20 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 per lb.; dry, .12 per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 17c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 12 to 13½ per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, out of season. Chickens, grown, .40@.50 per head; chickens, spring, .20@.35 per head; Geese, .50 per head.

EGGS—Good demand, 18 to 19 per doz.

SHEEP—Lambs, $2.50 to $3.00 per head; grown sheep, .90 to $2.25.

Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Furnished by Rogers, McCabe & Co.)

Spanish—Farmer stock, firm, $1.27½ bid; $1.30 asked; holdings, small; No. 1, Spanish shelled, 7¼c.; No. 2, Spanish shelled, 5½ to 5¾c.

Virginians—Bunch, 4¼ to 4½c.; Fancy Hand Picked, 3¾ to 4c.; Extra Prime, 3½ to 3¾c.; Prime, 3¼ to 3½c.; Machine Picked, 3¼ to 3¾c.; market, firm.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot, Dull; Prices, Five Points Lower—Futures.

Liverpool, July 8.—Closing cotton spot, dull; prices, 5 points lower; American middling fair, 8.46; good middling, 8.14; middling, 7.92; low middling, 7.72; good ordinary, 7.46; ordinary, 7.21. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 200 were for speculation and export. Receipts, 300 bales, all American. Futures opened barely steady and closed quiet. July, 7.63; July-August, 7.60½; August-September, 7.35; September-October, 7.03; October-November, 6.90½; November-December, 6.85½; December-January, 6.84½; January-February, 6.85; February-March, 6.85½; March-April, 6.87; May-June, 6.90.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 8.—Money on call, nominal; time loans, easy; 60 days, 2½@2¾; 90 days, 2¾@3; 6 months, 3½@3¾. Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84.20 for 60-day bills, and at 4.86.30 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83⅝; bar silver, 52¾; Mexican dollars, 45.

Hear Mrs. Frank Pearson, the highest salaried soprano singer in the South, at the Grand tomorrow. **

STOCK MARKET FAIRLY STRONG

Few Inactive Issues Sold Off Sharply Yesterday—Prices Little Disturbed by Day's Trading—The Features.

New York, July 8.—The copper shares, Canadian Pacific, General Electric and Brooklyn Rapid Transit rose to higher levels today, and a few inactive issues sold off sharply. Otherwise, prices were little disturbed by the day's trading, which was of such small proportions that it gave no indication of the drift of speculative sentiment. The tone was fairly strong, and where any trading occurred it generally resulted in slight advances.

Strength of the copper shares was based on buying due to executions of a favorable report of the Producers' Association on Monday. The rise of aCnadian Pacific is so obviously manipulative that it exercised no influence over other issues.

The commodity markets were watched closely, but neither the decline in cotton nor the advance in wheat and corn proved an incentive to trading. Operators have become so thoroughly confused by the many conflicting reports of weather conditions in the West that they were disposed to await the government's crop report of Monday.

Some interest attached to the publication of the annual report of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, because the directors are soon to take action on the semi-annual dividend. Earnings decreased 71,847,000, and the balance applicable to dividends fell off more than $2,000,000. The company earned $529,000, less than the amount needed to pay the five per cent. on the common stock, and it is expected that the disbursements on this issue will be reduced, if not suspended. There was no movement in the stock today, its present price having probably discounted any change in dividend returns.

The bank statement bore out forecasts in loan expansion, under the average system amounted to over $41,000,000, while the actual expansion was scarcely more than $2,000,000. The lawful reserves fell by over $100,000,000, which directly reflected the enormous interest and dividend disbursements of the mid-year, as well as payments in connection with the Panama bond issue.

The bond market was steady. Total sales, par value, $1,005,000.

United States 4s lost a quarter per cent on call, on the week.

Total sales for the day, 63,800 shares, including Tobacco, 200; C. and O., 900; L. and N., 100; N. and W., 200; Reading, 1,900; Southern Railway, 500; United States Steel, 6,800; Virginia-Carolina Chemical, 900.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	28¾
Amalgamated Copper	69¼
American Agricultural	57½
American Beet Sugar	51¾
American Can	16½
American Car and Foundry	56¾
American Cotton Oil	53¾
American Hide and Leather, pfd	24½
American Ice Securities	24⅛
American Linseed	11
American Locomotive	40½
American Smelting and Refining	80
American Smelting and Refining, pfd	107¾
American Steel Foundries	37¾
American Sugar Refining	127½
American Tel and Tel	138½
American Tobacco, pfd	94¾
American Woolen	31½
Anaconda Mining Co.	39¾
Atchison	112
Atchison, pfd	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	128
Baltimore and Ohio	107¾
Bethlehem Steel	34
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	82¾
Canadian Pacific	228¾
Central Leather	30
Central Leather, pfd	100
Central of New Jersey	280
Chesapeake and Ohio	81¼
Chicago and Alton	20
Chicago Great Western	22⅜
Chicago Great Western, pfd	44½
Chicago and North Western	146¾
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	125⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	58
Colorado Fuel and Iron	34⅜
Colorado and Southern	54
Consolidated Gas	145½
Corn Products	14½
Delaware and Hudson	170
Denver and Rio Grande	28
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	57
Distillers' Securities	36¼
Erie	36⅞
Erie, 1st pfd	58⅜
Erie, 2nd pfd	47¼
General Electric	163
Great Northern, pfd	136
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	69½
Illinois Central	141
Interborough-Met	17½
Interborough-Met, pfd	70
Inter Harvester	121¼
Inter-Marine, pfd	17¼
International Paper	11½
International Pump	41⅝
Iowa Central	17½
Kansas City Southern	34½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	68
Laclede Gas	106½
Louisville and Nashville	151½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	31
Miss., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	141
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	25⅝
Missouri, Kan. and Texas, pfd	66
Missouri Pacific	48⅜
National Biscuit	133¼
National Lead	55⅜
Nat. Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd	31
New York Central	108¾
New York, Ontario and Western	45
Norfolk and Western	109
North American	73½
Northern Pacific	132
Pacific Mail	27
Pennsylvania	125
People's Gas	106¾
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	96
Pittsburg Coal	19⅝
Pressed Steel Car	36
Pullman Palace Car	161½
Railway Steel Spring	35½
Reading	159
Republic Steel	29⅞
Republic Steel, pfd	93½
Rock Island Co.	31⅝
Rock Island Co., pfd	64
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	44
St. Louis Southwestern	31
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	69
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	48
Southern Pacific	121½
Southern Railway	31
Southern Railway, pfd	71
Tennessee Copper	41½
Texas and Pacific	28
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	21
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	47
Union Pacific	186⅞
Union Pacific, pfd	93⅝
United States Realty	75½
United States Rubber	41
United States Steel	78⅝
United States Steel, pfd	118
Utah Copper	50½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	56¼
Wabash	16⅜
Wabash, pfd	35
Western Maryland	64¾
Westinghouse Electric	76¼
Western Union	79½
Wheeling and Lake Erie	3¼

NAVAL STORES.

New York, July 8.—Turpentine, quiet; rosin, easy.

Savannah, Ga., July 8.—Turpentine, 51@51¼; sales, 449; receipts, 1,556; shipments, 22; stocks, 29,584.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 4,190; receipts, 3,939; shipments, 505; stocks, 109,910. Quote: B, 5.45@5.50; D, 6.10; E, 6.30@6.35; F, 6.42½@6.45; G, 6.45; H, 6.47½; I, 6.50; K, 6.50@6.52½; M, 6.60@6.65; N, 7.05; W G, 7.25; W W, 7.35@7.37½.

Charleston, S. C., July 8.—Turpentine, firm, at 50¾. Rosin, firm. Quote: B, 5.45@5.55; D, 6.10@6.25; E, 6.30@6.40; F, 6.40@6.45; G, 6.42½@6.45; H, 6.45; I, 6.45@6.47½; K, 6.50; M, 6.65@6.70; N, 7.00@7.05; W G, 7.25; W W, 7.55.

Your Summer suit is at Fuchs' Big Sale. Come for it next Wednesday.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., July 9.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 A. M., Saturday, July 9th:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 80 degrees; at 8 P. M., 80 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 72 degrees; mean, 79 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inches; for the month, 1.58 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Saturday, 1.5 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Local showers Sunday and Monday; light to moderate south winds.

Port Calendar—July 9th.

Sun rises	5:08 A. M.
Sun sets	7:26 A. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 20 min.
High water at Southport	7:05 A. M.
High water at Wilmington	10:05 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

July 8, 1911.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today.	Temperature: Lowest Last Night.	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	cloudy	90	74	.0
Asheville	cloudy	82	68	.40
Atlanta	raining	84	72	.14
Augusta	pt cldy	88	72	.0
Birmingham	cloudy	90	68	.0
Boston	clear	82	66	.0
Charleston	cloudy	82	78	.02
Charlotte	clear	84	70	.54
Chicago	clear	74	64	.10
Galveston	cloudy	82	78	.18
Jacksonville	pt cldy	84	72	.30
Memphis	cloudy	86	72	.0
Mobile	pt cldy	90	74	.0
Montgomery	cloudy	90	72	.0
New Orleans	cloudy	88	70	.70
New York	pt cldy	78	68	.0
Palestine	cloudy	84	72	.04
Oklahoma	cloudy	90	70	.02
Pittsburg	clear	90	70	.01
Raleigh	pt cldy	90	72	.0
Savannah	cloudy	82	74	.14
Shreveport	cloudy	86	72	.24
St. Louis	clear	90	76	.0
Washington	cloudy	84	70	.0

NOTICE OF MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF LAND.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned mortgagee, under and by virtue of the power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage deed, executed to the undesigned by C. H. Carter and his wife, A. P. Carter, on the 7th day of April, 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County in Book 59, at Page 371, will, on the 15th day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described lots or parcels of land, conveyed by said mortgage deed, to wit:

First Tract: That certain lot of land beginning at the northwest intersection of Eighth and Orange streets, and running thence north along the eastern line of Eighth street, thirty-three (33) feet; thence eastwardly and parallel with Orange street, seventy-five (75) feet; thence southwardly, and parallel with Eighth street, thirty-three (33) feet to the northern line of Orange street; thence westwardly, along the northern line of Orange street, seventy-five (75) feet, to the beginning; being the western part of Lot No. 6½, in block No. 146, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, N. C., and being the same lot of land conveyed by deed from P. G. Moore and wife to said parties of the first part, bearing date the 7th day of April, 1909, and recorded in Book 58, at page 250, in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, aforesaid.

Second Tract: That certain tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Pender county, State aforesaid, adjoining the lands of Giles Bryant and others, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a stake near a large sweet gum in the edge of a branch on the line of the W. & W. Railroad Company's lands, and runs south 58 east, about 12 poles, to a large pine, a corner of Giles Bryant's two tracts; thence with said line south 58 east, 25 poles, to a maple stump; thence south 20 east, 24 poles, to a pine, a corner of Giles Bryant's land; thence south 20 east, 20 poles, to a stake on the side of a ditch; thence about north 67½ east, 22 poles, to an old pine stump; thence south 46 east, 26 poles, to a stake near a black gum in a meadow; thence south 54 east, 10 poles, to a lightwood stump and small pine; thence south 45 east, about 12 poles, to a stake in a meadow, a corner of the Morris Tate lands; thence north 40 east, 34 poles, to a small pine in the run of Williamson's Branch; thence up the run of said brinch north 69 east, 36 poles, to the head of said branch, a black gum; thence north about 53 west, about 120 poles, to a stake in the Railroad Company's line (the old James' corner); thence with said Railroad Company's line south 19 west, about 71 poles, to the beginning; containing forty-five and one-half (45½) acres, more or less, and being part of the tract of land conveyed to the parties of the first part by Max Meyers.

This, the 8th day of July, 1911.

E. G. CARRIER, Mortgagee.

jy9-30t
jy9-30d

NOTICE.

Richmond, Va., July 5th, 1911.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the S. & W. H. Northrop Lumber Co., Inc., held at its principal office in Richmond, Va., on this date, Mr. James L. Robertson, having disposed of his entire stock holdings in the Company, tendered his resignation as Vice-President and Treasurer, to take effect at once. Mr. Robertson's resignation was accepted with regret, and Mr. C. Miller Hughes was elected to fill the office of Vice-President and Treasurer for the unexpired term.

At the same meeting it was likewise resolved to discontinue the Company's branch office at Wilmington, N. C., from and after this date, and to dispose of the good will of the business heretofore conducted through that office to the Northrop Lumber & Export Company (James L. Robertson, Proprietor), by whom the said business will hereafter be continued at the old stand as in the past.

In publishing this notice we wish to bespeak for the new concern the same co-operation and support that has been so long accorded to this company and its predecessors, and to express the hope that the former customers of our Wilmington office will continue to place a liberal share of their patronage with our successors, the Northrop Lumber & Export Co.

All the outstanding claims of every kind against the S. & W. H. Northrop Lumber Co., Inc., should be forwarded at once to No. 320 S. 9th st., Richmond, Va., for settlement.

All claims due the S. & W. H. Northrop Lumber Co., Inc., up to July 1st, 1911, are to be paid to the Northrop Lumber & Export Co., or James L. Robertson.

S. & W. H. NORTHROP LUMBER CO., (Inc.)

By Joseph H. Gordon, Secretary.

Wilmington, N. C., July 6th, 1911.

In connection with the above, we merely wish to add that we will use our best endeavors to handle with promptness and dispatch any and all business that may be entrusted to us, and will greatly appreciate your inquiries and orders.

NORTHROP LUMBER & EXPORT CO.,
By James L. Robertson, Proprietor.

THE BEST ALWAYS
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Vudor
RE-ENFORCED
HAMMOCKS
THE KIND THAT LAST

Porch Shades
Kodaks & Films
Base Ball Goods

C. W. YATES & CO.

CRY-O-FINE

We are distributors for the following celebrated cigars:

Cryofine, Ultimo, Country Gentleman, Franklin, Two Orphans, Unison and D. L. G. Limit.

If you want to put in a line of Smokers that will win you a big cigar trade, select from above line.

We give free a nice line of advertising matter with our cigars. Write for our deals.

D. L. GOKE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
Wilmington, N. C.

LOW EXCURSION FARES.

Following round trip rates from Wilmington are in effect daily until September 30, tickets good to stop-over and limited to return October 31. Trains leave 8:40 A. M. and 7:00 P.M.

Washington, D. C.	$16.00
Baltimore, Md.	$18.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	$22.80
New York	$26.00

For reservations 'phone 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

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GLOBE LUNCH ROOM
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When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried or despondent it is a sure sign you need MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS. They renew the normal vigor and make life worth living. Be sure and ask for

Mott's Nerverine Pills Price $1.00 by druggists
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland Ohi

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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

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EVERY DAY

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway
SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:45pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	10:00am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	8:05pm	7:10am
Aa. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17pm

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address,
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

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One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

LEADERS IN SUMMER ATTIREMENTS

Men's White Duck and Flannel Trousers.
Men's Mohair Cravenette Suits.
Men's Mohair and Serge Coats.
Straw Hats and Panamas.
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Bath Suits in all sizes.

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Pale Export Beer

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg.....$3.00
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg.....$7.50

Darley Park Brewing Company
G. Morgan Knight, Mgr. PETERSBURG, VA.

TEXACO ROOFING

is made of solid, extra heavy, first quality, wool felt, thoroughly saturated with Texaco Bitumen, over 99 per cent pure, and afterward finished with an extra heavy coating of the same material.

TEXACO BITUMEN over 99 per cent pure — possesses great fire-resisting properties, is not oxidized by the action of the elements, is impervious to the action of acids, fumes and gases, is not injured by the extremes of heat and cold, and remains adhesive and pliable.

The weakest point of ready roofing is at the lap, due to the disintegration and hardening of the cement used, but Texaco Roofing Cement, made of bitumen over 99 per cent pure, insures a permanent waterproof lap.

The principal merits of TEXACO ROOFING are:
ECONOMY of first cost and application.
SIMPLICITY and ease of application.
PERFECTION of weather and water-resisting qualities.
MAXIMUM of strength and durability.
FIRE-RESISTING.
PLIABILITY and immunity from injury by extremes of temperature; and, last but not least,
A PERMANENT LAP, by use of Texaco Roofing Cement, which gives security, strength and waterproofing at the weakest point of a roof.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
'Phone 873, Wilmington, N. C.

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CASOLINE. OIL. GREASES. Repairs SUPPLIES. STORAGE. CLEANING

Tire Repairing. "Free Air" for the Motorists.

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EUROPEAN PLAN.

Being opposite the Union Depot is, therefore, most convenient to Traveling Men. Large, Airy Rooms and Good Restaurant.

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WHAT'S WRONG WITH YOUR CHICKS?

You can't always tell at first glance—but if chicks don't thrive **look for lice,** especially the big gray fellows (head lice) on head, neck and under wings. Act quickly, for two or three such blood suckers can kill a chick in a few days. **Not all dead chicks are murdered by lice,** but these lice are killing their share right along. Don't you stand for it—You're not helpless, for Conkey's Head Lice Ointment for little chicks is speedy, sure, and positively doesn't injure the chicks. **All Conkey Remedies Guaranteed.**

Keep it on hand. Price 10c, 25c. Get it right here.

R. W. MONTGOMERY & COMPANY.
Essex-Model Incubators, Brooders, Poultry Supplies and Remedies.
719 Princess Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

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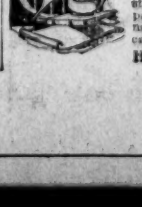

PEACE INST

CITY SEWERAGE AND WASTE.

Problem That Wilmington and Other Cities Are Considering.

(Chattanooga Times.)

It may be somewhat premature, but it is not without good reason, to call the attention of the city commission, as well as the public, to a report made by Prof. A. R. Whitson, of the University of Wisconsin, on "The annual loss consequent upon the present mode of disposing of waste and sewerage in vogue in American cities." This view of it has never been regarded in Chattanooga, the chief objection—in fact, the only objection—hitherto made being that the maintenance of our city dump constituted a dangerous nuisance. The report of Prof. Whitson is therefore an important addition to the demands the city commission will in time be pleased to meet in reorganizing the system of garbage disposal. Prof. Whitson states that the annual loss growing out of present methods in the cities of the United States is equal to two pounds of phosphoric oxide an acre for the entire crop area of the country, which, according to the Baltimore Sun, means that we are annually wasting the equivalent of 1,200,000 tons of phosphoric rock. Phosphorus,, Prof. Whitson points out, is absolutely essential to vegetable and, hence, to animal life, and this waste of it may be saved by using the sewage and refuse direct or by extracting from it the fertility it contains.

In addition to enriching our soils, which are now being subject to serious drafts and no plan used to restore and conserve their fertility, the treatment of waste and sewerage, according to the plans suggested by the Wisconsin investigator, would be to solve the problem of water pollution now and for years past agitating many men of science. It has been pointed out that this country suffers more from typhoid than any of the Western States, of Europe, and the question mooted is: May not this condition arise from our total disregard of the quality of water we use?

The time seems to be coming when legislators will have to deal with this question, the general assembly of Maryland having already enacted a law that the discharge of raw sewerage into watersheds supplying communities lower down might be effectually enjoined.

All this appears to be of practical moment to growing communities when it is known that sanitary experts have found and exploited apparatus and machines that not only save the phosphorus from all this waste, but likewise render city refuse and sewerage innoxious to the health of the people.

It is a matter about which we are sure, an enlightened and progressive city commission will think much, and after due investigation, do what the most advanced requirements of economy and the public health may indicate.

New York, July 8.—"All news to me," said Russell Griswold Colt today when he was told the report that his wife, Ethel Barrymore, the actress, is planning to sue him for divorce under the laws of this State. Mrs. Colt is in Los Angeles, and despatches from there carried the report with the statement that she would not discuss the matter.

Rome, July 8.—On the occasion of private audience which he gave today to G. H. Lewis, of Chicago, and Mrs. Lewis, mother; Mrs. G. B. Douglas, of Georgia, the Pope asked particularly regarding President Taft's health. He said that he remembered the kindly manner of Mr. Taft when he was here in connection with Philippine affairs.

Laguaira, July 8.—President Gomez and the members of his cabinet took breakfast aboard the U. S. cruiser North Carolina today. After the breakfast, a reception was given to guests from Caracas. The cruiser will sail tomorrow for the United States with Special Embassador and Mrs. Thomas C. Dawson on board.

New York, July 8.—For lack of the last witness wanted, a further hearing of the Stokes shooting case was postponed today until Tuesday morning. On that date Magistrate Freschi will decide whether the evidence warrants holding Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad for the grand jury on a charge of trying to murder W. E. D. Stokes.

Newport, R. I., July 8.—For his services in connection with the relief work of the American marines following the earthquake in Sicily several years ago, Whitney Collins, chief carpenter's mate attached to the local naval training station, was today presented with a red cross medal, the gift of the Italian government.

Pittsburg, July 8.—On the last lap of a 100,000 mile journey which took him from Atlantic City, down the coast to the south, across the country to the west, up the western coast to Seattle and back across the northern part of the United States, Paul Lange arrived here today afoot, en route to Atlantic City.

Fuchs' Shoe bargains make life's walk easy. **

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Geo. O. Gaylord—Push.
City Grocery Co.—Special.
H. F. Wilder—Store for Rent.
Wrightsville Beach—Safe Refuge.
J. W. H. Fuchs—Must Have Money.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Vudor Hammocks.
Southern National Bank—Make This Bank.
Robt. C. DeRosset—Wrightsville Beach Stationery.
People's Savings Bank—Robberies Reported Daily.
Dr. Culbreth's Dental Parlors—Put Money in Your Teeth.
R. W. Montgomery & Co. — What's Wrong With Your Chicks?

Business Locals.

Wanted—Lady.
Wanted—Position.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Lost—Gold Bracelet.
Carl Mugge—Wanted.
Leger Myer—Tailoring.
F. A. Lord—Insurance.
H. F. Wilder—For Sale.
W. E. Graves—Salesmen.
Carl Mugge—Cook Wanted.
Wanted—Room With Meals.
F. A. Lord—66 Feet Front.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
For Rent—Store and House.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
Wanted—Unfurnished Rooms.
Ladies' Auxiliary—Excursion.
City Laundry—Girls Wanted.
Northern Fruit Co.—Bananas.
James Owen Reilly—For Sale.
Wanted—Experienced Salesman.
Wanted—Board by Young Man.
Carolina Cotton School—Wanted.
Wolverean Co.—We're the Hottest.
M. & M. Specialty Co.—Housewives.
H. F. Wilder—Real Estate Investment.

FATAL LOUISVILLE ACCIDENT.

One Killed and Several Injured When Automobiles Crashed.

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—Roy Mason, 12 years old, was killed, two children were fatally injured and nine others were hurt tonight when an automobile loaded with inmates of the Masonic Widows and Orphan's Home, was struck by another automobile in a suburban boulevard.

An automobile owned by Marion R. Taylor, a distiller, was racing another automobile and just before it reached the machine containing the children the front tire became loosened, causing the machine to swerve and crash into the machine loaded with orphans. Both machines turned turtle on an embankment. The Taylor machine was occupied by Chauffeur Reddy Berlitz, who had to be taken to a hospital.

THE ATMOSPHERE.

Without It There Would Exist a Queer State of Affairs.

Without the atmosphere, besides the inconvenience to breathing, a great many peculiar things would be observed that would seem very extraordinary to us. The sun would rise straight up in the morning into a sky as black as ebony, traverse a black sky and sink down to rest at night into a black bed. No beautiful glories of the sunset and sunrise would appear, no blueness of the heavens be seen, no red sun gradually growing brighter, but one that would rise as a fiery orb and remain thus all day. No twilight and no daybreak could cheer us, for there would be nothing to diffuse the light.

Unless the sun shone directly on a thing we could not see it. Thus our houses would have to be made of some transparent substance or else be artificially lighted in the daytime. No soothing shades would appear in the landscape, but everything would stand out boldly and clearly, every object casting dense black shadows that would render invisible any one entering them. No voice or music could be heard, for there would be no medium to carry it. No birds or insects could flit about in the trees and above us, for there would be nothing to enable them to utilize their wing motion. No clouds would be seen in the intensely black sky, and no thunderstorms or high winds would be possible. No vegetation could exist, and no animal could live. In fact, this old earth would be as dead as Hector as far as activity was concerned.

Yet this is the exact condition of affairs on the moon, which has no atmosphere and consequently suffers every one of these disadvantages.

It is rather interesting to contemplate the successive events on the earth if the atmosphere should be quickly removed. The first thing that would probably happen is that every animal, insect, fish, bird and plant would suffer a violent explosion, for each contains air at a pressure of fifteen pounds to the square inch on the outside, which is balanced by an equal pressure on the inside and would rush outward on the first pressure being removed. This can be shown by placing the hand over an air pump and gradually exhausting the air. The part exposed will gradually swell. Another illustration is when a tornado sweeps round a house, taking the outside air away for an instant. If the house is closed the windows and doors will be blown outward with enormous force, and sometimes the sides themselves of the house are blown in all directions. —Chicago Record-Herald.

ACCIDENTAL NONSENSE.

Things That Amused Lear, the English Artist and Writer.

It is not surprising that the gifted inventor of such classic imaginative nonsense as "The Jumblies" and "The Owl and the Pussy Cat" took a keen delight in the real nonsense of real life whenever he chanced to encounter it. During a doleful stay in a dreary little mining village where it rained all the time and he was not well and could not accomplish the work he had set his heart on doing the late Edward Lear, although a good and decorous churchgoer, found his source of cheer in the parish clerk.

"Oh, beloved clerk!" he wrote gratefully to a friend. "He reads the psalms enough to make you go into fits. He said last Sunday, 'As white as an old salmon,' instead of 'White as snow in Salmon,' 'a lion' for 'alien to my mother's children' and 'they are not guinea pigs' instead of 'guiltless.' Fact, but I grieve to say he's turned out for the same and will never more please my foolish ears."

Even funnier was the erratic English of a foreigner which once enlivened for him the prolonged formalities of an official dinner.

"Sitting next to the captain of an Austrian frigate at Sir H. Sterle's on Thursday evening," he recorded, "the German officer said to a subaltern—the conversation was about the good looks of women—'I do think the Englishwoman conserve her aperient galship (girlhood) longer than all the women, even as far as her antics' (antiquity, age).

"The subaltern withered with confusion till I ventured to interpret, 'The Englishwoman preserves her appearance of youth longer than all women, even if she be old.' "—Youth's Companion.

Enough For Him.

When the physician arrived at the designated house he found that his patient was a decrepit negro, who sat up in bed and inquired:

"How much yo' charge, doctah?"

"Two dollars a visit, which includes my time, experience, advice and the medicine."

"A poor old coon like me don't need all dem extras. Just gib me 10 cents' wo'th o' yo' cough med'cine, and dat's enough fo' me."—Judge.

Fuchs' Shoe bargains make life's walk easy. **

MEET NEXT AT MAYSVILLE.

Wilmington Conference Concludes Its Work—Attendance.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., July 8.—This morning's session of conference of the Wilmington district was opened by religious exercises conducted by Rev. J. Lowder, of Kenansville. Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the district, presided over the deliberations of the conference.

The following were chosen as delegates to the annual conference: W. R. Newberry, of Magnolia; A. M. Benton, of Evergreen; R. W. Davis, Jr., and V. E. J. Durham, of Rocky Point. Alternates: W. B. Cooper, A. D. Clark, A. J. Johnson and C. C. Covington.

Rev. C. M. Lance submitted the report on Missions, and this was followed by several talks on the subject of "Missions," especial emphasis being given Home Missions, the reason assigned for this being that a Christian America can better reach the outside world. The report was adopted.

Report on Ministerial Supply was read by Rev. J. T. Stanford and same adopted. Rev. D. C. Geddie submitted the report on Bible Cause, this closing the business of the conference.

Rev. N. H. D. Wilson read resolution of thanks to the good people of Southport for their loyalty in the entertainment of the members of the conference, and also Capt. John W. Harper for the special boat.

Doors of the church were closed at 10:30 and the conference joined in a great love feast of the old fashioned kind, presided over by Bishop Kilgo. The love feast was the last feature of the conference and perhaps the most soul-stirring. Services adjourned in time for the 12 o'clock boat. Quite a large delegation left for their homes today but many remained in Southport and will spend the Sabbath in this beautiful little town at the mouth of the Cape Fear.

Sunday services were announced as follows: Methodist church, at 11 A. M., Bishop John C. Kilgo; at 8 P. M., Dr. L. L. Nash. Baptist church, at 11 A. M., Rev. G. T. Adams; at 8 P. M. Rev. C. M. Lance.

This afternoon a complimentary excursion was given to Fort Caswell, to the delegates who will remain over here Sunday. The trip was highly enjoyer.

This conference was most profitable and the delegates all enjoyed their stay in Southport. The attendance was the largest in the history of the district.

Conference decided to meet next time at Maysville, other places voted upon being Rose Hill and Rocky Point.

Biddeford, Me., July 8.—Fire which started late tonight in the wood yard of Brunello Bros., at Main and Elm streets, spread into the business section of the city uncontrolled. In less than an hour 15 business buildings and tenements were destroyed. Help was called from Saco and Portland. At midnight the loss was estimated at $100,000.

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—Incomplete returns from today's Republican State primary to select delegates to attend the convention next Tuesday, when a State ticket will be named, tonight show that Judge E. C. O'Rear's adherents selected 1,294 delegates. Forces opposed to O'Rear elected 801 delegates. O'Rear is a judge of the Appellate Court.

Lodon, July 8.—Jas. R. Keene, concerning whose health alarming reports have been in circulation, was seen tonight by the Associated Press. He said he had been ill for a considerable time, but is recovering satisfactorily. Today he was able to take an extended walk.

New York, July 8.—President Lynch of the National League, today suspended Second Baseman Hummel, of the Brooklyn club, for three days for his trouble with Umpire Frary, and fined Hans Wagner, of the Pittsburg club $25, for his argument with Umpire O'Day, in yesterday's Brooklyn-Pittsburg game.

Portsmouth, R. I., July 8.—Caught beneath a falling boulder weighing nearly 2,000 pounds, Jos. Murphy, and Robert Shotten, miners employed at the mine of the Rhode Island Coal Company, were instantly killed today. Murphy came here recently from Southside, Pa., and Shotten from Oliphant, Penn.

Charleston, S. C., July 8.—Benjamin E. Robinson, the oldest locomotive engineer on the Southern Railway, and reputed to be the oldest in point of service in the United States, died here today, aged 72 years. He became an engineer about 1860. During his long experience he injured but one person.

"IN A BAD WAY"

Many a Wilmington Reader Will Feel Grateful for This Information.

When your back gives out;
Becomes lame, weak or aching;
When urinary troubles set in,
Your kidneys are "in a bad way."
Doan's Kidney Pills can help you.
Here is local evidence to prove it:

Mrs. M. E. Bordeaux, 510 S. Second St., Wilmington, N. C., says, "I willingly verify my former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills. During the past two and a half years, I have used this remedy occasionally and it has always brought the very best of results." (Statement given on December 27, 1910.)

The endorsement referred to by Mrs. Bordeaux was in substance as follows: "I suffered from dull pains in the small of my back and some days I could hardly get about to attend to my housework. I had a kidney weakness that caused me great annoyance and I know that a kidney medicine was needed. When I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, I at once got a supply at Bellamy's drug store and they restored me to good health. Another member of my family has also taken Doan's Kidney Pills with benefit."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Your Summer suit is at Fuchs' Big Sale. Come for it next Wednesday. **

BUSINESS LOCALS

66 FEET FRONT, running from Front street to the river. Inquire of F. A. Lord, 120 Princess street. Similar lot for rent. jy9-3t

FIRE, Accident, Burglary and Plate Glass Insurance. Surety, Fidelity, Court, Bank or any other kind of bonds. All in the best companies, and don't forget that I am also in the Real Estate business. F. A. Lord, 766. jy9-3t

WANTED—By man of executive ability, position as shipping clerk or assistant, or anything that would offer employment to make a living. Experienced; reference. "E. G. H.," care Star. jy9-2t*

WANTED—A second-hand invalid chair with rubber tired wheels. State price. Address Carl Mugge, 202 1-2 Princess st. jy9-2t*

COOK WANTED — Off in afternoons; three in family; use gas stove. Apply to Carl Mugge, 202 1-2 Princess st. jy9-2t*

FOR SALE — 18-acre farm on Castle Hayne road, three miles from Wilmington, to quick purchaser $1,500.00. Must be sold at once. Apply to James Owen Reilly, or Wm. Gregersen. jy9-2t

FOR RENT—From the first of August, 3 rooms, completely furnished for light housekeeping. Electric lighted and the use of telephone and bath. For particulars, 'phone 702. jy9-1t*

FOR SALE—Large, handsome oak Bookcase, rubbed finish; cost $26.00; will sell for $15.00. Call 713 Chestnuts st. jy9-1t

FOR SALE—A 5-room cottage, good size lot, in Brooklyn on macadamized street, in good neighborhood; can be bought cheap; very little cash required. See H. F. Wilder, 207 Princess street. jy9-1t

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT—2 2-story and 3 5-room houses in southern part of the city, within one block of car line and macadam street, for sale at a reasonable figure to a quick purchaser. Can arrange terms. H. F. Wilder, Real Estate and Insurance, 207 Princess street. jy9-1t

BOARD WANTED—By young man during month of July and first part of August; probably only two meals a day; state rate. "L. W.," care Star. jy9-1t

BANANAS—Six hundred bunches bananas to be sold at seventy cents per bunch. Northern Fruit Co., 'phone 280. jy9-4t

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, by married couple with no children. Address "A. B. C.," care Star. jy9-1t*

FOR RENT—Store and house combined, in good business locality. For particulars, 'phone 1092. jy9-1t*

LOST—On suburban car or at Lumina, a gold bracelet. Reward, if returned to 406 Brunswick street. jy9-1t*

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for gentlemen; with the use of 'phone and bath. Address "H," care Star. References exchanged. jy9-1t*

ATTENTION, ODD FELLOWS—All officers and members of Cape Fear Lodge, No. 2, Orient Lodge, No. 97, Wilmington Lodge, No. 126, and Hanover Lodge, No. 145, are earnestly requested to be present Tuesday night, July 11th, on account joint installation officers by Grand Master W. H. Overton, of Durham. John E. Wood, Sec'y Joint Committee. jy9-2t

OFFICE FOR RENT—Princess Building (The Clean Building), 109 Princess street, second floor. Southern exposure, facing Princess street. Wright's Real Estate Agency, 124 Princess street. jy9-2t

BOARD WANTED in private family or exclusive boarding house, near down town, by young married couple, to cost not over $40. Must be well located and furnished room. References exchanged. Address at once, "C. X.," care Star, giving full particulars. jy9-1t

SALESMAN to sell Dry Goods and Blankets on commission. Factory to retailer. Excellent side line for travellers. Bryn Mawr Mills, Philadelphia, Pa. jy9-1t

TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Spring and Summer Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Leger Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd floor; over Globe Lunch Room. jy9-su-tf-*to7-18

HOUSEWIVES—Write us, enclosing fifty cents, silver. Will send you half pound our Carpet, Rug and Draggot Cleaner, showing how to clean them without removing from floor, restoring original color, making old ones like new. Guaranteed or money refunded. M. & M. Specialty Co., 1703 Ashburton st., Baltimore, Md. jy9-1t*

WANTED — Smart girls for laundry work, both white and colored. Good salaries. City Laundry, 22 North Second street. jy9-2t

SALESMEN—Do you want $10.00 a day side line deal. High class punch board for retail purposes or Derby Dinner Set for premium use. The two make splendid main line. Mail orders big. Same credit to you. W. E. Graves, St. Louis, Mo. jy9-1t*

WANTED—Lady to travel in North Carolina. Good pay and tailor made suit in 90 days; experience unnecessary; reliable firm. Write for particulars. McBrady & Co., Chicago. jy9-1t*

WE'VE THE HOTTEST 25c. seller yet. Rarely less than three sales to a home. Wolverean Co., Pittsburg, Pa. jy9-1t*

WANTED—Experienced salesman to work wholesale and retail trade for evaporated milk. Good opportunity for hustler. Address with experience, F. E. Hatcher, So. Sales Mgr., Richmond, Va. jy9-1t*

WANTED—Reliable men to take fifteen days' cotton course, our sample rooms. Good positions open for competent men. School with rating. Carolina Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C. jy9,11,13,15,16,18,20,22*

WANTED—Room with or without meals, in private family, for refined gentleman; central location. Address "C. F. B.," Box 41, City. jy9-1t*

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY of the Church of the Good Shepherd will give an excursion to Carolina Beach Tuesday, July 11th. Refreshments on board boat. Steamer leaves at 9 o'clock A. M. and 2:30 P. M. jy9-1t

NATIVE VEAL and beef today. Very best of season. Be sure to get some of it. Dressed chickens, young and old, extra sweet cantaloupes; all kinds of vegetables. Palace Market Co., 'phone No. 72. jy8-tf

WANTED—Salesmen to sell automobile oils and lubricating oils. Excellent inducements. The Middle States Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio. je25-su5t

FOR SALE OR RENT—Residence No. 616 Chestnut street. Apply to Morris Bear & Bro. je18-su,w-tf

FOR Sale—About three miles of 30 pound rails, in good condition, at $22.50, on cars St. Pauls, N. C. Chas. Rankin, Fayetteville, N. C. je28-w,su-4t

FOR RENT—The City Laundry will vacate No. 105 North Third street about June 1st, to move to their new quarters, and I will offer for rent the entire three floors of building, or either one of said floors. Apply now, so that necessary changes can be made before occupancy. Joseph D. Smith, chairman Building Committee, Cape Fear Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F., 120 Princess street. 'Phone 706. ap23-su,th-tf

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL Life Insurance Company want agents in every city and town in the State, to write accident and health insurance. "The Commercial" and "Dollar a Month" policies cannot be beat. Liberal contract. Massie & Smith, Managers, Warsaw, N. C. jy5-eod-3t*

FOR SALE—Three-chair barber shop. Good business. For further information, call or write Jas. H. Vereen, 121½ So. Front street. jy-82t*

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Meares Harriss, Notary Public, Stenographer; 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

BOARD WANTED in private family or exclusive boarding house, near down town, by young married couple, to cost not over $40. Must be well located and furnished room. References exchanged. Address this morning "C. X." care Star, giving full particulars and time this afternoon that room can be seen. jy8-1t

WANTED—Room and board in private family by young man, with privilege of 'phone and bath. Address "H," care Star. jy8-2t*

CONTRACTORS take notice. Bids wanted for building school house at Point Caswell, N. C. For plans and specifications and bidding apply to D. J. Black, Point Caswell, N. C. Bids must be in July 15th. jy8-3t*

JUST RECEIVED—A car load of milk cows, all fresh and good milkers, giving from 3 to 8 gallons daily. Can be seen at H. L. Kidd's, 16th and Orange. jy7-6t*

SUMMER BOARDERS—Mrs. T. A. Covington, Lincolnton, N. C. House nicely located; water, lights, baths; terms reasonable. jy7-6t*

NOTICE to automobile owners: See us for your license numbers. City Livery Co. jy7-3t

MEN AND WOMEN—If you want work, sell guaranteed hosiery to wearer. Big commission. Make $10 daily. Experience unnecessary. Address International Mills, 3028 Chestnut, Philadelphia, Pa. jy1-su4t*

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hose; 70 per cent. profit; make $10 daily. Full or part time. Beginners investigate. Strong Knit, Box 4029, West Philadelphia, Pa. jy1-su4t*

KILLS FLEAS—Cures mange, Bicaise's Mange Cure. Bicaise's Throat Wash will cure black tongue in dogs or any ulcerated condition of the throat. For sale by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Store. jc11-su8t*

FOR AN AUTO RIDE in a new machine call Newkirk, at Struthers' Cigar Co.; 'phone 197; Sunday 'phone, 1190. jy6-6t*

JUST ARRIVED—Car load of farm wagons; $32.50. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle st. je13-tf

TO THE PUBLIC—Uncle Charles' pawn shop has moved to 16 S. Front street; look for the yellow building. my31-tf

ARE YOU GOING AWAY? See Uncle Charles for a good suit case or trunk. 16 S. Front st. "Yellow Building." my31-tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ja8-tf

LISTEN! Everybody. The D. L. T. Capps Plumbing Co. is right on the job, when it comes to plumbing and heating. 130 Market st. 'Phone 1132. je18-tf

FOR SALE—Boiler and tank; 40-H. P. boiler, complete; guaranteed 100 lbs. steam, also one Caldwell 3,000 gallon tank. Will sell cheap. Can make quick delivery. City Laundry Co. my28-tf

Genuine Thermos Bottles

Quart and Pint Sizes at the New Reduced Prices.

At these Low Prices THERMOS BOTTLES are No Longer a Luxury but a Necessity!

Ask to See them.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street

PUT SOME MONEY IN YUOR TEETH.

DENTISTRY

It will pay you to look well after your teeth and not let them decay. Apart from the bad appearance such a set of teeth presents, it is certain that they must ache at times and bother you, and equally true that you cannot masticate your food properly. It is a wise investment to insure a sound set of teeth, and we can help you to possess them in a short time.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
Front and Princess Sts.
jy9-tf

CITY GROCERY CO,
FOURTH AND RED CROSS.
Special—For Monday Only: Clover Leaf Butter, 33 Cents. Corn Flakes. Baked Beans
TELEPHONE 758.
jy6-6t

Good Methods, Ample Resources, Courteous Treatment

Mean Satisfied Customers. The same facilities are at YOUR command.

Capital . . . . . $ 250,000.00
Surplus . . . . . $ 40,000.00
Assets $1,800,000.00

4 Per Cent on Savings Deposits.

American National Bank
Wilmington, N. C.

Money is Stored Labor

Every dollar you earn represents a certain number of hours of your labor. It is labor in condensed form, convenient to exchange for the products of the labor of others or to be held in storage for use in later years when your strength fails.

A bank account here helps you to realize the value of money, makes it easier to handle your financial affairs and to have a growing balance after paying necessary expenses. This bank invites your account and will help you to save.

Put away a part of today's work.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
Southern Building -:- Opposite Postoffice

Barefoot Sandals

The popular footwear for Summer for men, women and children
—AT—
PETERSON & RULFS

STORE FOR RENT

Now occupied by Smith Bros., on Front street, next to Wilmington Shoe Company. Good location for any kind of business. Possession given October 1st, or may arrange it earlier. Apply to

H. F. WILDER, Agt.

jy9-1t

Wrightsville Beach Stationery
KODAKS AND FILMS
HAMMOCKS
ALL THE LATEST NOVELS
ROBERT C. DeROSSET
32 North Front Street.
jy9-tf

Pure Wheat Middlings

317 Bags Wheat Middlings.
260 Bags Wheat Bran.
161 Bags Rice Meal.
317 Bags No. 2 Mixed Oats.
670 Bags Corn.
417 Bags Meal.
660 Bbls. Timothy Hay.
75 Bbls. Roller King Flour.
850 Bags Roller King Flour.
49 Bbls. New Catch Mullets.

W. B. COOPER
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.

BARGAINS

100 Kegs XX Mullets.
1000 Bales Rice Straw.
250 Bbls. Belle of Wilmington, Fancy Patent Flour.
250 Bbls. Eldred Fancy Patent Flour.
150 Bbls. Violet Half Patent Flour.
400 Bags Rice, All Grades.
50 Cases Mecklenburg Ginger Ale.
25 Crates Lemons.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
500 Bales No. 1 Timothy Hay.
300 Bundles Hoop Iron.
500 Spirit Casks.
10 Bbls. Glue.
5 Bbls. Bungs, All Sizes.

We also have a full stock of cigars, tobacco, cakes, candy and all kinds of canned goods. All orders will be appreciated and given prompt attention.

J. W. BROOKS
WHOLESALE GROCER.
Wilmington, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. LXXXVIII—NO. 94. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,656.

UNDER THE CAPITOL DOME

American Sugar Refining Company Divided Into Two Factions—"The Reformers" and the "Down and Outs."

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, July 8.—The Hardwick committee investigating the Sugar Trust, like the Lorimer committee, has taken a rest. Its labors will begin again tomorrow.

The Hardwick committee has gone far enough to find that those interested in the American Sugar Refining Company are divided in two factions, "the reformers," who now control the corporation, and "the has-beens," or "down-and-outs." There may be method in this division. The new regime is headed by Edwin F. Atkins, who would have nothing to do with Henry O. Havemeyer, and the old crowd is represented by John E. Parsons, Charles R. Heike and Lowell M. Palmer.

The law-breakers have been kicked out and a new and honest crew put in charge of the old boat. That is the cry.

Six leaders in the maneuvers that made the Sugar Trust what it was in its palmy days have crossed over the river. They are Henry O. Havemeyer, the sugar king of the East; Claus Spreckles, the sugar prince of the West; Theodore A. Havemeyer, who was president of the Sugar Refineries Company, the first sugar combinations; John S. Spreckles, Henry O. Havemeyer's man, Friday; Gustav E. Kissel, the man that trapped Adolph Segal, and got possession of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company for the Trust, and Frank Hipple, the victim of Segal's wild-cat schemes.

These men are beyond the laws of this land. They have been convicted many times over by witnesses that appeared before the Hardwick committee. Every strong and powerful lead has led to the grave. The only man to charge a living person was George E. Earle, Jr., of Philadelphia, and he names Theodore Roosevelt and Former Attorney General Bonaparte in connection with the Pennsylvania company. He blames them for not accepting his tip and prosecuting certain persons upon whom he imagined he had found the goods.

Those who have testified so far are: Edwin F. Atkins, manager of the American Sugar Refining Company. He could not tell anything about the affairs of his corporation during the Havemeyer rule.

Charles R. Heike, who was convicted for his part in the weighing frauds at the port of New York. He was formerly secretary of the Sugar Trust. No witness was ever more ignorant about important matters than Mr. Heike. I do not blame him, for if I were fighting to keep off of Blackwell's Island, as he is, I would not feel like talking to an investigating committee.

It was pathetic to hear the old man, hoary and wrinkled with years, and virtually on his way to prison, flondering around for an answer.

Lowell M. Palmer, who was close to Henry O. Havemeyer, made an interesting witness. He was glib and frank at times. As traffic manager for the Sugar Trust he handled the railroads, getting every advantage he could.

James H. Post, president of the National Sugar Refining Company, told the committee about the $10,000,000 common stock that Henry O. Havemeyer got for financing his company with property representing about $8,500,000.

Horace Havemeyer, the 25-year-old son of the great sugar king, made the best impression of any of the witnesses on the committee. He is a bright, healthy young fellow, with rosy cheeks and broad shoulders, who knows what it is to work. It was very plain from his evidence that he is at cross-purposes with the American Sugar Refining Company. He desires to get hold of the National Sugar Refining Company, so that he can enter the field against his father's old organization.

Three Mormons from Salt Lake City; President Joseph F. Smith, Bishop Charles W. Nibley and Thomas R. Cutler, left their marks on the Hardwick committee.

President Smith is nearly 75 years old, and shows it. His testimony before the committee was colorless. The very fact he is head of the Mormon Church made him an object of curiosity. The day on which he appeared the room was well filled with a mixed audience. That was the first and only day women attended the hearings. Everybody was disappointed when Mr. Smith talked and behaved like other people. No one asked him about his wives, although it was reported afterward that he had confessed to having 15 wives and a regiment of grand children.

Bishop Nibley was one of the smartest witnesses I ever saw on the stand. Educated, well-informed, and quick-witted he made it interesting for the committee. It was amusing to watch the progress of his examination. The questions put to him acted like comeback balls.

John D. Spreckles, president of the Western Beet Sugar Company, and Chester S. Morey, of the Great Western Beet Sugar Sompanyffi George H. Earle, Jr., and others followed.

Some of the interesting things found out by the investigators follow: Judge Madison, in trying to show that the sugar trust got its start by securing better transportation advantages than its competitors, asked Mr. Lowell M. Palmer the following question:

"To what extent and in what way were rebates obtained by the Sugar Refineries Company, that is the original combination that was organized in 1887?"

"Why, it would have been impossible for a refinery to live prior to the consolidation of these companies in 1887 without the obtaining of rebates," said Mr. Palmer. The man that got the lowest rate had the benefit of it; that is all.

Mr. Palmer was illuminating on the subject of gentlemen's agreements, the kind that John W. Gates said that Andrew Carnegie would not keep.

"In that early day," declared Mr. Palmer, "they were settling, making rates by so-called gentlemen's agreements, which they would make today and break tomorrow."

The committee was very much interested in the statement of Mr. Edwin F. Atkins to the effect that of the 19,000 stockholders in the American Sugar Refining Company when he assumed control 10,— were women and that they had bought the stock in the open market. These were the people that he went on the board of directors to help.

Mr. Havemeyer had sold out his vast holdings.

Mr. Atkins admitted that his company, the Bay State Refining Company, bought 00,000 in American Sugar Refineries stock when it was not actually worth more than $450,000 or $500,000.

Mr. Henry T. Oxnard told the committee that the plant of the Oxnard Brothers Company was worth $200,000 at the time it went into the Sugar Refineries Company, it being one of the original 17.

"How much did you get for your refinery in trustee certificates?" asked Chairman Hardwick.

"We got $750,000 worth of trust certificates of the Sugar Refineries Company," was the reply.

"We sold our interest inside of two years," added the witness.

"What did you get for it?" he was asked.

"$525,000."

Horace Havemeyer, who is but 25 years old, impressed the committee favorably. His seeming eagerness to lock horns with the American Sugar Refining Company pleased everybody.

"It is my intention to operate the National Sugar Refining Company independently and make it a real competitor of the American Sugar Refining Company," he said. "I have no interest in the American Company and no sympathy with its management."

A most amusing thing happened while Mr. Havemeyer was on the stand. He had tried to give an answer to every question asked but Representative Malby, forgetting the age of the witness, questioned him in elaborate detail about something that took place twenty-four years prior to that time.

"I could only say from hearsay," declared the witness. Time after time this was repeated.

"You were quite young when all this took place were you not?" asked Mr. Garrett.

"I was one year old," said Mr. Havemeyer, smiling.

Mr. Malby had been busy on the witness for at least an hour. The joke was on him and his colleagues enjoyed it.

There was no feature to the testimony of President Joseph F. Smith. He appeared to be quite feeble and his memory was poor.

Bishop Charles W. Nibley, who is highly educated and well informed on many subjects, seemed delighted with his task of answering questions. He had a spirited round with Mr. Sulzer and apparently got the best of it.

"If the people of Utah were not raising sugar beets they would be raising something else?" said Mr. Sulzer.

"Yes; they say they do in Kansas," was the reply. "If they do not raise corn, they raise something else."

Mr. Nibley laughed at the examiner whenever he could.

"Big corporations pay big salaries," said Mr. Raker to the witness.

"Brain is the highest thing in the market," said Mr. Nibley. "If you get a lawyer, a good lawyer, you've got to pay a good lawyer's price or you will not get brains."

"You make a distinction between a good lawyer and a lawyer?"

"I do; yes. There are lawyers and lawyers."

"Your are a well-informed man, Bishop," declared Mr. Sulzer, taking the witness.

"Thank you."

"You have made a fine witness, Bishop," said Mr. Sulzer, retiring without getting much evidence.

"I have been examined by an intelligent gentleman," said Mr. Nibley.

George H. Earle, Jr., was the most entertaining witness. He talked well.

The moststriking thing he said was: "I told President Taft that I knew of his fondness for big game and that I had some, but I know now that he does not like big game for he would not hit the trail. He joined hands with Bonaparte and quit the people."

"If I had been making myself popular with the people by threatening to prosecute the criminally rich I should not have turned down the evidence against the Sugar Trust."

Judge Madison, a member of the committee and a friend of Mr. Roosevelt, did not let Mr. Earle get away without a drubbing. He forced him to admit that Mr. Roosevelt could do no more than follow the advice of his law officer.

H. E. C BRYANT.

FUSION IN TENNESSEE.

Shameless Salary Grab by Disgraceful Legislative—'Twas Ever Thus.

(Chattanooga Times.)

The passage of the salary "grab" appendix to the appropriation bill is an appropriate closing of the most disgraceful legislative chapter in the history of the State. Men have deliberately voted themselves money out of the public treasury to which they can have no possible just claim, which, however, is in accord with their action in running away from their duties and fleeing the State. it is not necessary to characterize this action in words. The people will in due time attend to it by prompt, decisive action.

Suffice it to say that the act is not only a scandal, the taking of unearned money from the public treasury, but we believe unconstitutional, and will not stand the test of a judicial inquiry. There are men in this legislature who stayed at their posts, who were ready at all times to attend to the duties they were elected to perform and whether their political views or their factional opinions and purposes were right or wrong, the people would be willing to pay them for their time the regular per diem fixed by the constitution, but to say that each of them should receive $500—the bolters among the lot—is so shameless that we doubt if anybody took the proposition seriously until it was tacked onto the appropriation bill and became law.

To illustrate what it means: the constitution fixes seventy-five days as the limit of the regular session of the legislature, during which members may draw pay, a per diem salary of four ($4.00) dollars being likewise fixed in the same instrument. The regular session has lasted 136 working days, for seventy-five of which a salary of $4 per day is provided by the constitution, leaving sixty-one days to be provided for by special appropriation. Those members of the House and Senate who did not bolt to Alabama, but who remained in Nashville or were ready on call to perform the work of the session, might fairly be said to be entitled to compensation at the rate of $4 per day, which would make the limit any one member could receive to about $240, and not more than $250. There were at least thirty four members—those who were fugitives in Alabama and who are responsible for whatever loss the State is to be at because of their disgraceful proceeding—who are not entitled to any extra pay, and who are not even entitled to the per diem of $4.00 for the fifteen days of the seventy-five pay days. By what kind of strange fatuity, hallucination or moral obscuration the "regulars" could permit themselves to be trapped into committing so monumental a blunder at the very moment they were winning golden opinions from all sorts of people, passes us. Demoralization and the willful disregard of the interests of the State and the rights of the people seem to have taken a mad hold upon the majority and sound and conservative leadership appears to have either fled the State or else lost its power and influence.

Speaking of the "grab," the Columbia Herald gives a text for sober thought.

"Governor Hooper's warning was timely, but unfortunately it went to ears deaf to all appeals. The spirit of greed and avarice drowned the pleadings of the governor. But he has done his duty. The loot cannot be charged to him."

Governor Hooper's warning was, to be sure, timely, but it was weak almost to the point of puerility; it was apologetic, and in no sense the virile document one would have expected from a purely business governor. Suppose Gov. Hooper had characterized the proposition as it deserved at his hands and had closed with some such statement as this: "This proposed raid upon the treasury for money not earned is an outrage, a direct misappropriation of the people's taxes, and you must not pass it; if you do, I will veto it, and the responsibility for what shall happen will be upon you!" That is what Gov. Hooper should have said, and that is what this paper would have applauded and what the people would have acclaimed as the expression of a courageous public official.

CANADA'S DESTINY AT STAKE.

(American Review of Reviews.)

Canada does not like our political system, and it is true that in some respects the Canadian system works better than ours. But Canada's general relationships, as neighbor and intimate associate ought to be with the United States. A development of the British tie that had as its object the creation of a military power along our northern frontier, would inevitably bring about, as its logical effect, an annexation movement that would have unpleasant features. Canada needs, practically, neither army nor navy. If she abstains from the sword, she will be protected and defended in every emergency. Her close co-operation with the United States need not diminish her ties of sentiment with the United Kingdom. It would, on the other hand, tend to strengthen the good understanding of the English-speaking world. Reciprocity as a way of committing the two halves of North America to a future of closer relationships is a thing to be advocated. Meanwhile, there can be no sound reason why every item of the pending measure should not be discussed upon its merits, precisely as in the case of any other tariff bill. If the sentiment for reciprocity in the two countries is of such dubious strength that it requires that this particular measure be gulped down with closed eyes—lest no sort of reciprocity could otherwise ever be agreed upon—then it would seem as if the subject had better wait for further maturing of public opinion.

Lumina Concerts Today.

"Song Without Words," "Celeste Aida," Grand selection from "Lucia," melodies from "Havana," and many others. **

TO ADVERTISE OUR RESOURCES

Norfolk Southern Railway Will Exhibit Products of Eastern North Carolina at the Great Land Shows.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Norfolk, Va., July 8.—Knowing that the soils and climate of Eastern North Carolina are unequalled in the United States in the way of farming possibilities, the Norfolk Southern Railroad is planning for a broad advertising campaign in the way of exhibitions at the big land shows of the country this Fall.

The success attained, and the widespread interest that resulted from the exhibits made by the Norfolk Southern at the Cincinnati exposition and the Pittsburg Land Show in 1910, have prompted a still broader campaign for 1011.

The collection of Carolina coast country products that was secured by the Norfolk Southern for last season, was only a hurried one. The selection of samples were promiscuously taken as they could be found in an emergency for the Ohio Valley Exposition, which was held in Cincinnati in September. In a small measure this exhibit was re-stocked for another display at the great land show held at Pittsburg in October.

At both Cincinnati and Pittsburg the Norfolk Southern's exhibit of eastern Carolina products out-classed the display from other States and gave to eastern North Carolina a new reputation and awakened a sudden interest in the rich soils and possibilities of the coast country.

Following these successes, plans are already under way by the Land and Industrial Department of the Norfolk Southern to make a very attractive exhibit of farm products at the New York Land Show, to be held in November of this year, and also to again enter the contest among the numerous railroads who will make exhibitions at the second big land show, to be held at Pittsburg next October.

The land show at New York will be held in Madison Square Garden, and the Norfolk Southern has already contracted for a large amount of exhibit space at this show. Floor space at the Madison Square Garden show is very expensive, $2,000 per square foot for the two weeks the exhibit will be open.

Although it will cost the railroad company hundreds of dollars to install and make this exhibit at the New York show, nevertheless, they have sufficient confidence in the worth of the Carolina coast country to justify the cost necessary to show to the people of other States the great productive possibilities and natural advantages that pertain to eastern North Carolina lands.

Now that the Norfolk Southern has arranged to make this exhibit it is up to the people in the home territory to assist in producing and securing such high grade products as will enable the Land Department of the railroad to place an exhibit which shall stand head and shoulders over any display that can be assembled there by other railroads or land companies.

It is at the especial request of the railroad company that all friends and farmers in Norfolk Southern territory set about to producing and assembling of creditable exhibits. Vegetables, grasses, grain, corn and cotton, both in the growing plant and in the seed, should be selected and preserved by growers and placed at the disposal of the railroad people.

Eastern North Carolina should be able to show mammoth corn, both in the stalk and in the ear; great cotton plants, the tallest and strongest that could be found in the country; tall samples of grass, oats, wheat and rye; potatoes and vegetables of all kinds; apples, peaches, grapes and all kinds of fruits. These and many other farm products that can be thought of, should be produced by eastern North Carolina farmers during this growing season and reported to the Land and Industrial Department of the Norfolk Southern Railroad, at Norfolk, Va.

Arrangements will be made for the assembling and caring for all these products, and as the resultant good to be derived from these exhibits falls jointly to the people of our community, then let all the people help.

A large and interesting collection of soil samples will also be assembled and made a prominent part of the exhibit. Records of rainfall, temperature and all climatic conditions will be prominently displayed before the thousands of visitors from other States who attend these land shows.

Surely this is the time and opportunity for all farmers of the Carolina coast country to get together and help create the most valuable display of our farm products that was ever placed before an inquiring public.

All who can find it possible to assist in furnishing exhibits should write to the Land and Industrial Department, or to W. W. Croxton, General Passenger Agent, of the Norfolk Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

(From the New York Press.)

Truth comes round once in a while, but lies are steady visitors.

A good way not to lose money at gambling is not to have it to lose.

If late suppers were good for a man's health he'd never touch them.

A woman takes better care of her complexion than a millionaire does of his stocks and bonds.

A man gives orders in his house as if he were a prince, and then goes to his business to take them as if he were a lackey.

The man who gives up before he is licked is twice conquered—once by himself and once by the other fellow.

ARE WE DISCONTENTED?

A British Journalist Who Says We are Dissatisfied With Ourselves.

(From the San Francisco Chronicle.)

The London National Review, after surveying the situation in this country, has reached the conclusion that the American people are discontented. It declares "Americans were never so well off as they are today, their future never appeared so bright, yet they are discontented, frightened of themselves, fearful of what fate has in store for them."

It is just possible that the Review may have sized up the situation incorrectly, although there is some warrant for its mistake if the expressions of the press maye be taken as a true index of the state of American feeling.

But there is a suspicion in some quarters that the discontent in the United States is more apparent than real, and that the most of the talk is purely for the sake of talking, except when it assumes a political form, then there is another object in view.

Our British contemporary says "from the tariff to the teapot nothing escapes the vigilent eye of the reformer who calls to high Heaven to witness the iniquities of the tariff or the devastations wrought by the teapot. The tariff has made the American people rich and powerful; therefore, it must be reformed. In the teapot lurk poverty and disease; therefore it must be regarded."

A writer clever enough to note idiosyncrasies of this sort ought not to take outward appearances too seriously. He ought to give us the benefit of the doubt and size up our growls at their real worth, and find in our brags a true indication of our actual feeling.

For curiously enough side by side with our propensity for self-detraction and depreciation we find the old tendency to exult over material and other manifest sorts of progress. When the orator or statistician is not "doing politics" he is still calling attention to the fact that no nation in the universe is able to make as fine a showing in every particular as the United States.

Long ago the claim was conceded that the American workingman's standard of living was higher than that of any other worker on the globe. Recently the British board of trade gave official sanction to it, and the statement has gone forth from that source that no matter how much higher the price of provisions and other things are in the United States, the American worker gets more of them than his fellows elsewhere, and incidentally his savings are very much greater.

If the National Review thinks the American workingman is unaware of these facts it may disabuse itself of the idea by noting that he shows no inclination to seek to better himself by emigrating to countries where things are nominally cheaper.

But the knowledge of the superiority of his position does not keep him from stumbling, nor, so far as that goes, does it prevent the middleman, whose opportunities to make money are not even remotely approached by the intermediaries of other countries, from finding fault with a condition for which he is held responsible by those who do not form part of the distributive system.

There is nothing seriously wrong in such manifestations. Perhaps it is a good thing for the American people to keep in a state of discontent. The contented peoples are by no means to be envied. Their lots, measured by American standards, are not happy ones.

Even those people who live in countries where prices are extremely low, and where the cost of living, by the exercise of the acquired virtue of frugality, can be kept down to 4 or 5 cents a day, are not regarded by our workers as models for imitation.

We will have none of them, and insist that no greater disaster could happen to Americans than to be compelled by force of circumstances to cultivate the habit of contentment.

The National Review doesn't accept this point of view. It seems to think that because in so many particulars the American workingmen, and for that matter other than artisans and laborers, are so much better off than people in other countries they ought to be thankful and avoid the vice of growling.

It reads a lesson to those that are misled by the chorus of growlers and tells them that "for the man who is willing to work, who has reasonable intelligence and the strength of will to practice self-denial, and whose eyes are open to his opportunities, the United States offers not only a living, but something better than that."

True enough, but the American sees no reason for surrendering his rightt to growl even if things are all right. He surrenders to the British, and the people of other countries, the privilege of "leaving well enough alone," and insist on trying to get something better even if he incurs the risk of getting the worst of it when he makes the trial.

ATTACK ON KING GEORGE.

Charged With Exaggerating Military Aspect of Coronation.

London, July 8.—A most remarkable attack was made on the king, charging his majesty with exaggerating the military aspect of the coronation, by Rev. Harry Youlden, the clergyman who occupies the pulpit from which Dr. Aked, since of New York, and San Francisco, formerly preached in Liverpool.

The attack took the form of an open letter read in the course of a sermon. It began as follows: "We owe you no loyalty except so far as the welfare of the nation depends on you. If we are cold amid the general excitement of your coronation day, it is because we are not convinced that the greatest duty of the nation is bound up with the throne. We are not revolutionaries. There are graver matters to attend to than the absurdity of royal ceremonies. I have said this much for the sake of sincerity, and that I might clear myself of the company of those who are now grovelling before you and behaving like pagans before a fetish."

Then the letter goes on "Would it make your coronation less real if you were accompanied to the abbey by men from the forge and the mine instead by troops? Although you choose to live for the world and soldiery, not by them is your throne supported. It is open to you to be patron of the arts. You have bestowed honors which we at present despise because they have been wrongly bestowed. * * * Meanwhile genius is starving in its garret—starving unrecognized. Painters, singers, writers, actors, men of science, have to sell their souls to make a living. Nothing, sir, in your empire is so cheap as brains and genius; nothing so easily despised by the vulgar rich; nothing so tragically misunderstoodd and disregarded. You patronize the turf and stimulate the multitude to gamble on horses they never see. Your private tastes are not my concern; but if you are the head of this nation you must make yourself acquainted with more than its jockeys. The glory of kings in the past has been too much the glory of the sword and conquest. There is a greater glory within your reach, if you have courage and discernment."

A tombstone usually has a good word for a man when he is down.

PACIFIC COAST EXPOSITION

Brazil Desires to Take Leading Part Among the Foreign Nations and Wants Choice Site for Exhibit.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

San Diego, Cal., July 8.—Acting Director Joseph W. Sefton, Jr., of the Panama-California Exposition, has received from Dr. Eugenio Dahne, commissioner of the Brazilian government, a request for plans of the exposition grounds in San Diego together with a statement of the amount of space that can be allotted to Brazil.

In his letter to Acting Director General Sefton, Dr. Dahne says:

"Brazil desires to take a leading part amongst the foreign nations that will be represented at the Panama-California Exposition, and will grudge no expense to make an interesting and imposing show at the same. And by right of having been the first on the ground of foreign nations I claim the privilege of priority in choice of the best site and largest space for Brazil's exhibit."

Upon the return of Mr. John C. Olmsted, landscape architect of the Panama-California Exposition to San Diego selection of the space Brazil will occupy during the exposition will be made, and other foreign nations will be also notified that the exposition officials are ready to appropriate space for them.

The official invitation from President Taft to the Latin-American countries to participate in the Panama-California Exposition doubtless will be issued early in the Fall of the present year, and it is anticipated by the exposition officials that the Republic of Mexico, and the Republics of Central and South America will respond with requests for space similar to the request that Brazil already has made

Rapid Ride To Grave.

(From the Chicago Tribuune.)

"I want no horses at my funeral. I want nothing but big bright automobiles, and they can go as fast as the law permits for all I care," said Magnus Goodman, president of the Regal Tailoring Company, early last week, while confined to a bed in St. Luke's Hospital.

"The old style of taking the mourners on long trips to the cemetery in carriages pulled by fatigued horses never was to my liking. I want a beautiful funeral, and the only way to make it so is to have motor cars."

Last Friday Mr. Goodman died and yesterday was buried with an automobile funeral. There were fifteen big machines that carried a motor hearse. Every detail requested by Goodman was fulfilled, even to running the machines fast.

During his thirty years of active business life Mr. Goodman never owned an automobile, nor did he desire to own one, but had always spoken highly of automobiling. For the six weeks he had been sick at the hospital he had expressed his desire several times for an automobile funeral.

"A parade of automobiles is a beautiful sight," Mr. Goodman said shortly before his death.

Magnus Goodman had been in the tailoring business for thirty years in Chicago. He was 61 years old and is survived by a widow and two children. He has two brothers.

Save money by trading at Fuchs' Big Sale. **

Tomorrow night "Surprise" Souvenir Dance at Lumina. **

Get in the Swim

Spend Your Cash With

Platt & Haar

AND SAVE THE DIFFERENCE

ON

Bath Suits, Bathing Shoes, Bath Caps, Summer Rugs, Porch Screens, Parasols, Suits and Shirt Waists, Art Goods, Etc, Etc.

SIMMONS ON GOOD ROADS

Has Bill Proposing to Appropriate $1,000,000 for Improving Rural Delivery Roads—Would Aid the Farmer.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, July 8.—Senator F. M. Simmons has made another able speech. This time he discussed the subject of "Government Aid for Improvement and Maintenance of Postal Roads."

Speech-making comes easy to some people. Such is not the case with Senator Simmons; he prepares his speeches and fills them with meat. You can turn to any of his speeches and get first hand information. He generally gathers nectar before he makes honey. Several of his speeches are referred to as good authority.

During his stay in Congress Mr. Simmons has spoken on the following subjects: The olemargarine tax, the Panama Canal, against imperialism (in connection with the Philippine Islands), frauds in the postoffice department, in opposition to the Aldrich financial bill, on the Payne-Aldrich tariff measure, on the duty on lumber, the high cost of living, Canadian reciprocity, against the imposition of a two-cents tax on the manufacture of tobacco, in opposition to the consolidation of the star route and Rural Free Delivery Systems of carrying mail, to restrict immigration, and others, making speeches that will bear quoting for years to come.

Senator Simmons has been known to re-write a speech ten or more times before he delivered it. Somebody remarked, one day, that he took more time to deliver himself of a speech than it requires a goose to hatch a brood. Nobody knows this better than Billie Leinster, Mr. Simmons' stenographer, who has sat up of nights with him.

There are plenty of men who have better delivery than Mr. Simmons but very few who can beat him thinking, and, after all, it is the thought that lives.

"The most healthful, informing diversion that has taken place in the course of the varied wranglings in the Senate over reciprocity and the tariff was developed by the recent speech of Senator Simmons, of North Carolina on good roads," said an old Washington newspaper man after hearing the North Carolinian.

"This subject is not considered one of scintilating possibilities but Senator Simmons put into it so much information and earnestness that it attracted marked attention. A large number of Senators became so interested that they asked frequent questions which were promptly answered, and in a way that made an admirable showing for good roads and general development in the South.

"Mr. Simmons based the speech upon the bill—his bill—proposing to appropriate a million dollars to be expended by the Secretary of Agriculture in conjunction with the Postmaster General in the improvement of the rural free delivery roads upon the condition that the local authorities shall contribute an equal amount.

"The bill further provides for an investigation and report to Congress of the best methods of improving roads, the cost, the amounts that should be contributed by the government, and upon what conditions, together with a comprehensive plan of government co-operation.

"The bill is only a beginning but opens wide possibilities and is in line with the policy of the government in promoting and fostering rural free delivery, irrigation, postal savings banks and parcel posts for rural routes."

"Before the era of railroads ambitious projects for public highways were devised and entered upon, and millions were contributed from the public treasury and domain for their construction, while great schemes were projected and worked out for the improvement of rivers and harbors and for connecting the waterways of the country by artificial canals," said Mr. Simmons.

"However, it was not until after the Civil War that the government entered upon that broad, comprehensive, and liberal system of government co-operation and aid which has led to such marevelous results in the development of manufacturing and transportation. While every tariff act since the formation of the government in 1710 has given assistance to the upbuilding of manufactures, the legislation of the last 50 years has been surpassingly liberal, and the aggregate contributions of the people during that period to this end have been stupendous."

Senator Simmons asked what has the government done for the farmer? He cited briefly some of the things that had been done, but added, in conclusion, "it can not be denied that what the government has contributed for agriculture is but a bagatelle compared with what it has done for transportation and manufacturing and that measurably, as a result of this discrimination, these industries have grown and expanded far in excess of agriculture. The effect is strikingly illustrated by the fact that while in agriculture we have lagged behind the more progressive nations, both in cultural methods and in productiveness per unit, in manufacturing and transportation we have caught up with and passed them."

Mr. Simmons argued that the farmer is entitled to his share of the government aid.

Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, was first to interrupt Mr. Simmons.

"Will the Senator from North Carolina kindly state the amount of saving by the abolition of postoffices, post routes and star routes by the establishment of rural routes," said Mr. Gallinger.

I estimate it at $26,000,000. The saving made pays all save about $14,000,000 of the expenses of the rural routes."

Senators Swanson, of Virginia; Warren, of Wyoming; Bacon, of Georgia, and Works, of California, joined in the discussion.

Senator Simmons aroused more interest in good roads than has ever been aroused in the Senate chamber before. This indicates two facts, first that the speaker had something instructive to say and second, that good roads has become an important and interesting subject.

The people of the country are beginning to realize how valuable a good road is to a community.

Every live, progressive state in the Union is going forward in the business of making better thoroughfares.

Within the last two weeks good roads meetings have been held in dozens of States.

Senator Simmons seems to have struck a popular chord for some of the leading papers of the country have written editorials on his speech and bill. Major Hemphill, of the Richmond Times-Dispatch, gave that subject nearly a column.

H. E. C. BRYANT.

GROUNDS OF OPPOSITION.

Senator Simmons Tells Why He is Against Reciprocity.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., July 8.—Senator Simmons, as is well known throughout the State of North Carolina, is opposed to the reciprocity treaty in its present form and he has given the following interview setting forth just where he stands relative to the proposition:

"You ask me to state in brief the grounds of my position to the reciprocity treaty, especially with reference to its effect on the farmer and the lumberman.

"An effort has been made in some quarters of North Carolina to create the impression that I am opposed to this pact because it removes the duty on lumber. I deny this.

"I have no interest in timber or in lumber. The lumber industry is the largest single industry of the State and, of course, I am interested in its prosperity, but I am under no different or greater obligation to it than I am to any and every other industry of the State.

"I have heretofore been and am now, opposed to putting lumber on the free list unless there is a general reduction in duties or unless the machinery used in its manufacture, which greatly adds to the cost of its production, is also put upon the free list.

"The Democratic State Executive Committee in the campaign of 1908 in a circular promised the lumber people of the State that notwithstanding our National platform declaration in favor of free lumber that no Democratic senator or representative from North Carolina would vote to put it on the free list unless the machinery used in its production was also put on the free list or the duties greatly reduced.

"I did not during the campaign, nor did any other Democratic representative or candidate, repudiate the committees authority to make this pledge for us. On the contrary, some of our congressional candidates read this circular to the people in their campaign speeches and promised to abide by its pledge. They lived up to this promise and party pledge and so did I. Mr. Bryan, when he was in Congress, followed exactly the same course with reference to the ten per cent. tax on State banks. He refused to be bound by the National platform declaration with reference to it because he said he had pledged himself to his people to the contrary.

"The duty on lumber that I together will all the Democratic congressmen from the State, except one, voted for amounts of 7 per cent. ad valorem. I am advised through the Treasury Department that this duty is producing the largest amount of revenue of any duty equally as low in the Payne-Aldrich bill. It has therefore proven to be an excellent revenue producing duty as I contended it was and would prove to be.

"The Democratic House of Representatives has just passed the woolen bill with the unanimous vote of that party. It will receive the unanimous support of the Democrats in the Senate. This bill imposes a duty of 42 per cent. upon woolen goods. Upon what principle can a highly revenue producing duty of 7 per cent. on lumber, the material out of which the houses in which the people live are med, be said to be a protective duty while a 42 per cent. on the material out of which the clothes the people wear are made is only a revenue duty? Why should I be denounced as a protectionist when I vote for a small but high revenue producing duty on the leading product of my State and applauded as a good tariff for revenue Democrat when I vote fo a six times higher duty on an article but little produced in my State and which is no better revenue producer.

"It is true this reciprocity agreement discriminates unjustly against the lumberman as it does the farmer. It discriminates against the lumberman by reducing the duty on dressed lumber imported into this country from Canada to an average of about $1.00 per thousand, while it provides that lumber imported from this country into Canada shall pay a duty of about $4.50 per thousand. There is nothing reciprocal in that and why anybody living in a State where lumber is the biggest industry should want to make that sort of an arrangement with a competing country is more than I can understand.

"But it is not on account of the additional reduction in the duty on lumber by this treaty that I have opposed it and am opposing it. I have stated this repeatedly and the fact that I stand ready to vote for the treaty if it is amended by adding the farmers' free list bill so as to do justice to the farmer, ought to be conclusive evidence to anybody who is not so prejudiced against me as not to wish to see the truth that my opposition is on account of and in behalf of the farmer.

"I am opposed to this treaty because it puts the farmer's product on the free list while retaining high duties upon everything that he buys in making his crop. It puts his wheat and live stock on the free list but in practical effect it increases from 100 per cent. to 200 per cent. the duties on meat and flour manufactured out of these raw materials of the farm. The price of the farmer's product will thus be reduced, the profits of the beef trust and the miller trust will be enormously increased, while the consumer, in whose interest we promised tariff revision, will get no benefit from what the farmer loses.

"The slight reductions made in the manufactures other than farm products imported from Canada will not reduce their cost to the consumers of this country, first, because the duty retained is much more protective as against Canada where labor conditions are similar to ours than the present Payne-Aldrich bill duties on the same manufactures are against European producers where labor conditions are different from those in this country. Besides Canada does not produce the manufactured articles enumerated in the treaty in exportable quantities.

"Canada makes certain concessions to us by way of reducing her duties on certain of our manufactured products but the farmer pays the price of these concessions because they are made by Canada solely for the purpose of securing free entrance into our markets for her agricultural products and not for her manufactured products which she does not sell us. So that the farmer pays the price of the concessions which Canada makes to us. But here again he gets no advantage, the advantage accrues entirely to a few monopolized industries of this country and not to the general manufacturing industries. Chief among the beneficiaries of these concessions being the harvester trust, the automobile trust, the steel trust and the coal trust, most of whom are selling their products cheaper to the Canadian farmer than to the American farmer.

"Under this treaty as now arranged the chief sufferers will be the farmer and the landowner and the general consumer will get no benefit. In these conditions I have insisted and do insist that the treaty be amended by putting meat and flour on the free list so that the general consumer and not the beef trust and the flour trust will get the benefit of what the farmer loses, and that an independent section be added to the treaty putting agricultural implements and other farm supplies on the free list so that the farmer may be compensated in some measure for the loss he sustains in having his products put on the free list.

"If these amendments are made the main objection to the treaty will be removed and I will give it my support."

ATLANTA'S PREDICAMENT.

City Cannot Use Building Purchased From the Government.

(Washington Correspondence Brooklyn Eagle.)

If Representative Hardwick, of Georgia, can persuade his Democritic colleagues in the House to consider anything except tariff measures at the present session, he probably will secure the passage of a bill which he introduced to meet a curious situation in the city of Atlanta.

A good many years ago Atlanta deeded to the United States government a plot of land on which to erect a post office. The government spent about $500,000 on the building and occupied it. A few years ago the post office had outgrown its quarters and the United States secured another site, erected a new building and moved into it. Having no further use for the old property, it sold the building thereon for $40,000 to the city.

Atlanta then went ahead to remodel the old postoffice and convert it into a municipal building, with space for courtrooms and other offices of a public character. Then it was discovered by some lawyers that the city had never received from the government a conveyance of the land, the mere purchase of the building not constituting a transfer of the real estate. It is now said that the city cannot use the building for any purposes of an official character, because it stands on what is known as a government reservation.

It is declared that all trials held on such a reservation or all other acts of a legal nature would be void. The property canont be conveyed by the United States to the city without an act of Congress, and Representative Hardwick's bill is for the purpose of clearing the title. In the meantime, the city is conducting much of its business in rented quarters, and is badly in need of the building.

Back to the Farm.

(Chattanooga News.)

Of 176,180 farms in South Carolina, 96,696 are owned by negroes. Of 20,825 farms added to the number of independent holdings in South Carolina in the last 10 years 11,295 are owned by negroes and 9,530 are owned by white persons. These figures will mean more in the future than they do now. The time is coming when the owner of a farm will be envied for his security and independence.

TIZ—For Tender Feet

A new, scientific medical toilet tablet which

Draws Out All Inflammation and Soreness.

This remarkable foot bath remedy is **Superior to Powder, Plaster or Salve** and is guaranteed to cure Corns, Callousses, Bunions, Frostbites, Chilblains, Ingrowing Nails, Tired, Aching Swollen, Nervous, Sweaty, Bad Smelling Feet.

Smaller Shoes Can Be Worn by using TIZ, because it puts and keeps the feet in perfect condition.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per box or direct if you wish from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

RHEUMATISM

Cured by the Marvel of the Century, B. B. B.—Tested for 30 Years.

Aching bones, swollen joints permanently cured through the blood with pure Botanical ingredients.

If you have bone pains, sciatica or shooting pains up and down the leg, aching back or shoulder blades, swollen joints or swollen muscles, difficulty in moving around so you have to use crutches; blood thin or skin pale; skin itches and burns; shifting pains; bad breath; lumbago, gout, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) which will remove every symptom, because B. B. B. sends a rich, tingling flood of warm, rich, pure blood direct to the paralyzed nerves, bones and joints, giving warmth and strength just where it is needed, and in this way making a perfect, lasting cure of Rheumatism in all its forms.

B. B. B. has made thousands of cures of rheumatism, after all other medicines, liniments and doctors have failed to help or cure. DRUGGISTS, or by express, $1 PER LARGE BOTTLE, with directions for home cure. SAMPLE SENT FREE by writing **Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.** Describe your trouble and free medical advice given.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Plumber Telephones Do You?

"MY man says your kitchen faucet is all worn out. I'm sending up a new one."

Frequent emergencies arise where the services of the plumber are imperatively needed in the home.

Delay may mean serious damage—always inconvenience.

The plumber can be reached from the city or country residence with the universal Bell Telephone System.

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Fruit Jars

SURE SEAL

The new style, with large mouth. Just THE thing.

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Jar Rubbers and Jar Caps.
PRESERVING KETTLES.

We have an interesting deal for you. Wait for our salesman, or mail your order to us.

Don't be afraid! There's always something to pickle or preserve.

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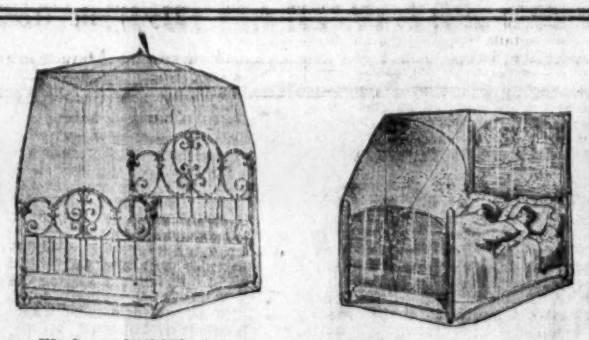

We have the kind of Canopies that attach to either wood or iron beds, or swing from the ceiling, complete with a net that stops Mr. Mosquito and turns him away hungry and disappointed. We also have a net that turns sand flies away.

See our Hammocks, Hammock Beds, Porch Swings and Settees. Bargains in Porch Screens.

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Just opened a kiln containing

250,000 Brick

Will appreciate your orders. Also large stock of BUILDING MATERIAL

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The Daintiest of Dainties

the Summer Girl will wear our pumps this Summer—for

They're the correct thing in style —for

They're the right thing in comfort—for

They're the ones that will last longest and look best.

In velvet, suede, patent, tan and all the other leathers that are popular this year.

$3 to $4.

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Dr. J. J. McKanna, discoverer of the only permanent cure for the liquor habit. No dangerous hypodermic injections or nerve wrecking drugs used Twenty-five years' of experience and we have the best known methods. Investigate now.

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and Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines may be speedily relieved and in a short time entirely removed by a safe and absolutely harmless remedy, recommended by the medical profession of Europe.

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as this remedy is named, is introduced to the American public as the best and safest treatment in all cases of weak, disgusted and **impaired digestion**, indicated by the following symptoms: Coated tongue, lack of appetite, **vomiting, jaundice, burning pains in stomach, headache, acidity, dizziness, constipation, colic, general depression**, aversion to certain foods, **dyspepsia, diarrhœa, flatulence, stomach ache, etc.**

Stomalix is prepared by Saiz de Carlos, a physician, surgeon and pharmaceutist of highest standing in Europe.

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CAPACITY 1,000,000 PER MONTH
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Wilmington, N. C., June 28th, 1911. The board of directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a divident of three per cent., on the common capital stock of that company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, North Carolina, on and after July 10th, 1911, to stockholders of record on June 21st, 1911. The transfer books are closed from the 21st day of June, 1911, to the 11th of July, 1911, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer.

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50 NEW IRON SAFES.

from 500 pounds to 3,000 pounds; prices and cuts furnished on application.

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Eighty experienced teachers.
Excellent clinical facilities.
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Descriptive Catalogue on request.

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Orange County, near Mebane, North Carolina
Established 1793

A busy and lovable home for boys, on Southern Railway, in the country. A location famous for safety, health and beauty, strong graduate faculty of Christian men, giving constant and individual attention. Military discipline, firm yet affectionate. Outdoor life, with Tennis and other healthful sports. Baths, abhorred. Bible, Physical culture and fine Penmanship specialties. Full Classical, Commercial, Scientific and Music Courses. Small classes. Terms reasonable. For illustrated catalogue, address

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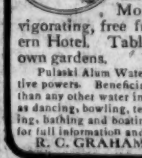

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This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information.

Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

VICTIM OF HEARTLESS MASHER

Sad Story of North Carolina Girl Who Is Said to Beautiful—Became Infatuated With A Richmond Sport.

(Richmond Virginian.)

Her large black eyes flashing with anger, her frail form quivering with pent emotion, and her finger nails breaking the skin of her palms, Virginia Miller, barely a woman in years and still a girl in appearance, faced four charges of larceny in police court yesterday morning and told Justice Crutchfield a harrowing tale of the cruelty and wrongs she had suffered at the hands of the man she had loved and who had pretended to love her.

Immaculately clad, carefree and apparently unconcerned, Walter Newton, a youth in years but aged in the ways and wiles of the world, who was arrested as an accomplice of the Miller girl, stood before her and listened to the tirade she poured out against him, smiling as she related how he had beaten her, threatened her, cursed her and forced her to steal to procure money for him.

With the debonair youth and the dramatic girl in the principal roles and the background formed by Justice Crutchfield, Chief of Police Werner, Dr. James Buchanan, secretary of the Associated Charities, Detectives F. L. Krengel and J. F. Wiley, representatives of several pawnbrokers and the sorrowing and distracted mother of the girl, Mrs. E. M. Miller, the scene was a fitting climax to a drama of a city.

Given One Year.

When the girl had confessed numerous thefts committed, she declared, at the demand of Newton with her life as the penalty for failure to comply with his wishes, when all the witnesses had given their testimony and when Newton had failed to deny the allegations of his beautiful accuser, Justice Crutchfield meted out justice with characteristic brevity and sternness, committing Newton to jail for one year in default of $500 and continuing the case against the girl indefinitely.

There was that to the case which led Justice Crutchfield to hear the testimony behind closed doors with only the accused, witnesses and officials present to listen to the unraveling of a story more dramatic and sensational than any told in police court in months. Virginia Miller came to Richmond from her native town in North Carolina about fifteen months ago and procured employment with a well-known firm in this city.

Walter Newton, she said, was one of the first men she met in Richmond, and from the day she met him she declared she felt the influence which, she said, he later exerted over her. Newton, said the police witnesses, had an unsavory reputation, but the girl did not know that, and, besides, he was handsome. The story she told was disconnected, so that the order in which events occurred were difficult to ascertain, but she spoke with a sincerity and determination of fact which belied doubt.

Steals from Policemen.

While residing at the home of Policeman H. F. Sweet, at 320 West Cary street, the girl was not permitted to receive Newton, but when the policeman and his family went away for a vacation the girl's admirer had little difficulty in calling frequently. One night Newton said he needed money, and he forced the girl, she said, to open Sweet's trunk with a key which he had belonged to her mother and steal two savings banks containing $12, which were the property of Sweet's children. Newton, it was charged, took the money from the banks at Jefferson and Main streets, but did not share any of it with the girl.

Later, at Newton's order, the girl said she stole a gold watch valued at $25 from Mrs. Sweet and pawned it for $3.90, giving the money to Newton. Before renting the room at the Sweet home, the Miller girl lived with an uncle residing in West Cary street. The girl then went to live with Mary Winston, at 311 Albemarle street. When she left that place she said she took a diamond-studded locket and gold chain valued at $38, which she pawned for $4. She said she gave the money to Newton in order that he could redeem a suit which he had pawned. The police say Newton wore the suit when arrested and admitted taking the money from the girl.

On Monday last the girl said Newton told her he needed money and must have it quick, outlining to her a scheme whereby she could steal jewelry with little risk of detection. The girl said she went to the jewelry store of William Lobien, Jr., and asked to see brooches. While the salesman was not looking she said she stole a brooch, studded with 45 pearls in the form of a crescent, with a diamond in the center. She pawned it for $5, giving the broker the name of Gay Norman. She said she gave all of the money to Newton.

One of the first victims was her mother, said the girl, and related how she stole a ring set with rubies and pearls in a cluster from Mrs. Miller and pawned it for $2.55, giving the money to Newton. Newton was also given sixty cents which the girl said she obtained at a pawn shop for a pearl scarf pin which she purloined from her uncle.

After a man has taken a few "eye-openers" it is almost impossible for him to keep his mouth shut.

Escaped With His Life.

"Twenty-one years ago I faced an awful death," writes H. B. Martin, Port Harrelson, S. C. "Doctors said I had consumption and the dreadful cough. I had looked like it, sure enough. I tried everything, I could hear of, for my cough, and was under the treatment of the best doctor in Georgetown, S. C., for a year, but could get no relief. A friend advised me to try Dr. King's New Discovery. I did so, and was completely cured. I feel that I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure." Its positively guaranteed for coughs, colds and all bronichal affections. 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy.

SCIENCE OF HUMAN BREEDING.

Society Will Soon Be Obliged to Cut Off the Supply of Degenerates.

(Scientific American.)

Ada Juke is known to antropologists as the "mother of criminals." From her there was directly descended one thousand two hundred persons. Of these, one thousand were criminals, paupers, inebriates, insane, or on the streets. That heritage of crime, disease, inefficiency and immorality cost the State ofNew York about a million and a quarter dollars for maintenance directly. What the indirect loss was in property stolen, in injury to life and limb, no one can estimate.

Suppose that Ada Juke or her immediate children had been prevented from perputating the Juke family? Not only would the State have been spared the necessity of supporting one thousand defective persons, morally and physically, incapable of performing the functions of citizenship, but American manhood would have been considerably better off, and society would have been free from one taint at least.

Instances such as these are not isolated. Ever since the late Sir Francis Galton gave us his Science of Eugenics which in its most literal sense means "good breeding," the scientific students of mankind, the directors of insane asylums and hospitals, criminologists, the world over, have been compiling statistics to show not only the danger of permitting the marriage of criminals, lunatics, and the physically unfit, but the effect upon mankind. Thus Prof. Karl Pearson, Galton's ablest disciple, has driven home necessity of the scientific study of the human race in many a telling statistical comparison and monograph. He has shown that in Great Britain 25 per cent. of the population (and that the undesirable elements in England) is producing 50 per cent. of England children, and that if this goes on unchecked, national deterioration and degeneracy must inevitably result.

Galton originally worked only with statistics, and in his capable hands they proved a powerful weapon. After he had enunciated the principles of Eugenics, Mendel's law of heredity was revived and applied to the problem. Imperfectly understood as that law may be as yet, nevertheless it enables us to prophesy with considerable accuracy what the offspring of animals, plants and human beings may be, not only in the next generation, but in generations to come. Mendelian principles have no doubt long been followed by professional animal breeders in an empirical way, but onl ywithin recent years have enough data been accumulated to show that they apply with equal force to human beings. We know enough about the laws of heredity, we have enough statistics from insane asylums and prisons, we have enough genealogies to show that, although we may not be able directly to improve the human race as we improve the breed of guinea pigs, rabbits or cows, because of the rebellious spirit of mankind, yet the time has come when the lawmaker should join hands with the scientists, and at least check the propagation of the unfit. Prizes have been offered to crack trotters for beating their own record, $10,000 for a fifth of a second, all for the purpose of evolving a precious two-minute horse. Yet we hear of no prizes which are offered for that much worthier object, the physically and intellectually perfect man. Fortunately the need of intelligent legislation on the subject is being driven home by scientific men and Eugenic associations here and abroad. The Eugenic Laboratory founded by Sir Galton and the American Breeder's Association have done much to clear away the popular prejudice inevitably encountered in such educational work and to prepare the ground for legislative action. Some States have already passed laws that show an appreciation of the situation.

The proper attitude to be taken toward the perpetuation of poor types is that which has been attributed to Huxley. "We are sorry for you," he is reported to have said: "We will do our best for you, (and in so doing we elevate ourselves, since mercy blesses him that gives and him that takes), but we deny you the right to parentage. You may live, but you must not propagate."

The absurdity of legislation to cure social evils without scientific facts to base that legislation upon, is no more apparent than in the disposal of the insane. In Wetham's "Family and the Nation," it is stated: "According to the Mid-Victornan concept, a man was either sane or insane—quite mad or compltely cured. How he became mad, how completely he was cured, were not taken into consideration." It is not enough to take care of an insane man. To discharge him after a period of a few months or a few years and brand him as cured, when his whole family history points to the fact that he is a hereditary epileptic or lunatic, and to place no barriers in his path when he attempts to marry is statesmanship of the poorest order.

If the Eugenist has his way, "well-born" will acquire a new meaning. It will not cease to mean descent from a proud and noble race that has accomplished great things in the past, but it will also mean that the stock decended from that race is composed of men and women who will live up to its traditions, who will have that perfect physique and stable mental organization which Maudsley, that most literary and philosophical of psychiartrists, calls 'the highest sanity.'"

Washington, July 3.—In announcing today the addition of 50 more postal savings depositories, situated in 32 States, Postmaster General Hitchcock noted with satisfaction that the opposition of banking institutions to the establishment of these depositories had almost completely disappeared. Application for authority to receive postal funds are being received from banks at the rate of about 40 a day.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

TALK FOR YOUNG WOMEN

By T. W. C.

Ideas seem to be few and far between these days. I do not seem to be able to collect my thoughts in a way worth while. While everybody else is celebrating, I have to catch up with my work. The awful funny part is that it is simply emphasizing tnings. In fact, today reminds me of a club sandwich—just a mixture of everything you can mention, and then some—

* * *

I had a heart-to-heart-talk the other day with a woman—one of these sensible, thoughtful women whose very presence in life makes the world better. She is a business woman and appreciates the feelings of the business girl. She talked to me freely.

* * *

Among other things, she said: "One morning I sat at my desk, trying to work. Everything was in confusion. The insistent ringing of the 'phone, the numerous people coming in to ask questions, the closed desk—the basket heaped up with unanswered mail—all these told the tale—10:30 and no stenographer. After a time, the senior member of the firm, a busy, hard-working, patient man, came over to my desk and asked me if I would help him with some work which was obliged to be done without delay. I was his private secretary for a long time, finally giving up the position for my present work, as he put it, outgrowing the place. He is still glad when an opportunity comes for me to work with him again. Without a word of complaint, he said simply that his stenographer had not come and he was afraid she was sick. Laying aside my own work, we gathered up his papers, and settled down to a task requiring a clear mind and steady concentration. After we had gotten things somewhat straightened out, and the rush was over, his stenographer came in. Without a word of apology for being late, she slammed up the lid of her desk and sat down. When asked if she was sick, she said: "No, but I do feel "tough." I went to a dance last night, and am nearly dead this morning with headache. The work of an entire office force delayed and upset, because she thought more of having a good time than she did of what she owed her employe". As I resumed my work, I couldn t help thinking how I would like to tell her some things."

* * *

I wonder how many girls working in places like this ever realize exactly what is due from them. You girls in business, are you working just for the independence and freedom that comes from having a salary of your own, or do you work because you love it, and want to make a success? Did you go into the business life with an idea that you could do your work merely as a side issue, crowded in between dances, card parties, theatres, and other good times? If you did, the quicker you find your mistake, the better for yourself and all others concerned. If you are going to work, you might as well make up your mind that you can't devote half your time, and nine-tenths of your thoughts to having a good time. Did you ever stop to think that there is absolutely no excuse on earth for inefficiency, that personal feelings, personal likes or dislikes have no place in a business life? If you can not do things the way they should be done, why should your employer excuse it when he can find plenty of others who can do it, and do it well? Why should you expect him to take your personal feelings as an excuse for neglected work, mistakes or carelessness? Do you think he cares anything about your headaches, resulting from last night's dissipation? You owe him the very best services, the clearest work, the highest you are capable of giving. If you cannot give this, get out. There are thousands of others in the world who can. Unless you can put into your work a hearty spirit, doing it with willing hands and a cheerful manner, doing it in the best possible way, doing things when they should be done, be prompt, accurate, and efficient, get out and make room for some one who can. You are out of your place and are keeping some one else out of theirs.

* * *

A few months ago, a woman came to me seeking a position. She had understood that I was very busy and might need an assistant. After going into the details of her history and just why she must go to work, she wound up by saying that I was such a lucky girl to have such a splendid position, I felt sorry for her and thought she might be of some service to me. I began explaining to her just what I would expect of my assistant. She listened with a great deal of interest until I mentioned the fact that very often I was to sit at my desk all day without either dinner or supper, and sometimes even work far in to the night. By the time I get that far, she was standing and just parsing long enough to say that she couldn't think of undertaking such work, she left. I saw her again the other day, still looking for a position, and s... talking about the luck of other folks. I just wondered if she ever stopped to think how much of it was really luck, and how much of it was being willing to do hard work. Just here I want to say I never knew a person in my life who was willing to work but could find something to do, and the person who really wants something to do don't stand around waiting to be told how.

* * *

I heard a girl say the other day that she had been looking for a position a long time (and they are all looking for positions, and not jobs), but that there were ten applicants for every position. I think she was right. There are ten, maybe twice ten, applicants for every position—but are there ten persons really capable of filling every position? I want to tell you—and I speak from experience—there are ten positions for every person capable of handling work intelligently and well. The girl who can be depended upon, whose word to do a thing means that work will be done, and done right who is punctual, cheerful, willing, always in her place, is the girl who will never seek a position, but who will be sought for the position. Somehow, I think the greatest satisfaction in this world is to be a person of whom can be said: "I can depend upon her to do things and do them right."

* * *

If you are dissatisfied, not in harmony with your work, just set that before you as a standard, strive earnestly to come up to it, and see what a change it makes in things. And let me tell you a secret—in the end, you will find there are more ways of getting fun out of this life than going to dances, and other social affairs, wearing out the strength you might use in doing things that really count.

* * *

After my conversation with this business woman I told her I wanted to tell every girl how she felt and what she thought, then she gave me her consent.

"AMERICAN IS RIGHT.

Usage Has Been Universal for Century and a Half.

(From the New York Tribune.)

Somebody periodically challenges the propriety of calling the embassies, legations, and consulates of the United States "American," on the alleged ground that they have no more right to that title than similar offices of Canadians or Mexicans would have.

Even before the war of the revolution it was customary both in this country and in England to speak of these colonies as American and of their inhabitants as Americans, in distinction from Canada and the Canadians and from Louisiana and its inhabitants. Samuel Johnson's famous tract "Taxation No Tyranny" was described by him as "an answer to * * the American Congress." The next year came Price's "Observations * * * on the Justice and Policy of the War With America." Such expressions abounded in speeches and prints, in official and unofficial utterances, in England as much as here. When our unsuccessful expedition was made to Canada, William Faden, in 1776, published in London a "Plan of Quebec * * * with its Siege by the Americans." And a hundred years later Lesperance published at Toronto his "Bostonais: A Tale of the American Invasion of Canada." That usage of the words America, American, and Americans has been all but universal for nearly a century and a half.

There are other authorities. That usage abounds in treaties, particularly in those with Great Britain—which are most significant—but also in those with other countries. Our first treaty of peace, in 1783, spoke of "American" fishermen as distinguished from Canadians, and of the ratification of the treaty "in America." Our treaty of commerce and navigation at the end of of the war of 1812 had the same usage. The Webster-Ashburton treaty of 1842 spoke of ...nerican and Canadian shores of the Detroit River." Many of other treaties, with various countries, speak of American citizens, American territory, American vessels, American forces, the American flag, and what not. There are still other official authorities. British admiralty maps show what they designate as 'the boundary line between British and American possessions" in North America. And there is, of course, Sydney Smith's famous demand, "Who reads an American book?"

Logic and analogy might also be invoked. It is not always enough to call this country the United States, for there are other united states. If we should insist upon United States of America why has not Brazil as good a title to it? Or why has not Mexico? Would it not be arrogant to call ourselves the United States of America, when there are other united States in America, as to call ourselves America when there are other countries on this continent? Again, the United States of Brazil comprises all of Brazil, politically speaking. So the United States of Colombia and of Mexico, when those countries were thus called, comprised all of Colombia and Mexico, politically speaking.

THE NEWS AT ROCKY MOUNT.

R. L. C. Convention—Negro Injured by Freight—Other Notes.

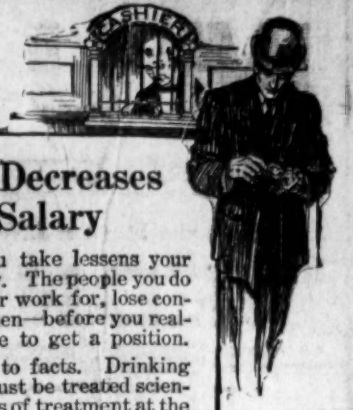
(Special Star Correspondence.

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 1.—When the eighth annual session of the rural letter carriers of North Carolina meet in Winston-Salem on Monday morning next, there will be in attendance from the association of Nash, Edgecombe, and Wilson counties a goodly delegation and the association will be well represented. This year the delegation goes to the State convention jut a little stronger than ever before for it is understood that they will make a lively bid for the annual convention in 1912 to be held in Wilson. The cause of the Tobacconist town will be championed by the entire committee which will be headed by Editor John Gold, of the Wilson Daily Times, who will be in attendance and a person who has been active in the affairs that affected rural letter carriers in these parts for many years. It was at one time planned that Rocky Mount would make a bid for the session next year, however, this idea was set aside at a recent meeting when it was learned that Wilson was especially desirous of landing next year's convention, and that it was very necessary that the local association should go to the meeting decided upon one place, and to use every effort at their command to land the convention for the city decided upon. The delegates from the local association to the State meeting are Mr. H. L. Trevathan, of Rocky Mount; Mr. H. A. Taylor, of Battleboro; Mr. W. H. Andrews, of Speed, and Mr. J. C. Pierce, of Rocky Mount. These gentlemen will all attend and probably several other members. The session will be for two days and the delegates and attendants from this section will return to this city on Wednesday morning, next.

A negro, Henderson Sykes, who has been in the employ of the contracting firm of Porter & Co., who are doing the double-tracking between Battleboro and Weldon, was last night struck by a freight train and received injuries the extent of which are not known at this time. The negro evidently sat down beside the track and went to sleep and he was struck by a passing freight, the accident occurring near Battleboro. This morning the negro was brought to this city by the Weldon shoo-fly train and was taken to the Atlantic Coast Line relief hospital at South Rocky Mount for treatment. Medical attention summoned shortly after he was hurt stated that several ribs were broken and probably other internal injuries.

At 9 o'clock last night at the home of the bride's parents on Peachtree street, at North Rocky Mount, Miss Maud Trevathan, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Trevathan was married to Mr. S. D. Ward, of this city, the marriage having been performed by Elder A. J. Moore, of Whitakers. There was present at the marriage over a hundred friends and acquaintances of the two young people, both of whom are well known and held in high esteem by many friends in this city. Mrs. Moore is a popular young woman, held in high esteem by a large circle of friends. She a short time ago completed the course for teachers at the State Normal and since that time has taught in several of the schools of the county. Mr. Moore is an employe of the local post-office and holds the esteem and confidence of a number in the city. A two-weeks' honeymoon to Northern cities had been planned, but this was made impossible by the ill health of the groom's mother and the two young people are at home to their friends at their home on Branch street.

The more disappointed a bride is the surer she is it can't be so.



Drinking Decreases Your Salary

EVERY drink you take lessens your earning capacity. The people you do business with, or work for, lose confidence in you and then—before you realize it you are unable to get a position.

Now let's get down to facts. Drinking is a *disease*, and it must be treated scientifically. Four weeks of treatment at the Keeley Institute of Greensboro can take away that craving for alcohol. It will remove your appetite for liquor and rebuild you into the same man you were before you started to indulge. And right here earning capacity enters again. Statistics covering several hundred cases, show that the Keeley Institute has increased the average earnings of the men who have taken the treatment over 500 per cent. simply because it has taken away the handicap of inebricty.

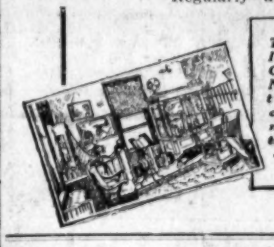
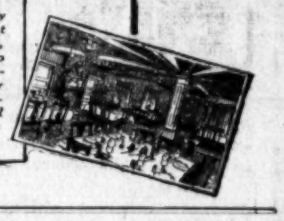
There is an individuality to the Keeley treatment as administered at Greensboro. There is a personality that tends to up-build the moral character of the individual as well as make him a new man physically. There is a fellowship—an environment that will help you help yourself.

The Keeley Institute at Greensboro has helped thousands of men—we can aid you too. Write today in confidence, for our book. It will amply prove all our claims.

W. H. OSBORN, President

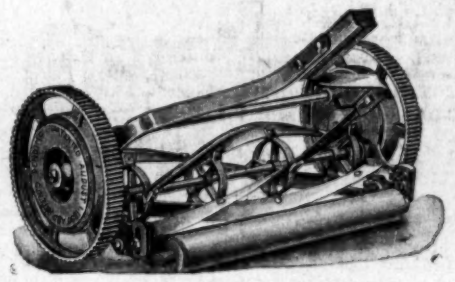
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
GREENSBORO N. C.

Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co.

The Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., also treats neurasthenia or nerve exhaustion and all addictions to drugs.

Let Us Show You Our Line of
Lawn Mowers.



Ball Bearing, Self Sharpening and Self Adjusting.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
HARDWARE.

HACKNEY WAGONS and TRUCKS
Harness and Buggies
City Livery Co.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
COMPLETE STOCKS — QUICK SERVICE.
WALL PLASTER, LIME AND CEMENT, SHINGLES, SLATE, RUBBER ROOFING, LATHS, PRESS BRICK, COMMON BRICK, ETC.
STOVE WOOD AND COAL.
W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789

"Only One French Market Flavor"

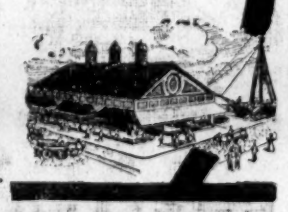
The rare flavor of that famous French Market beverage of 100 years ago is now produced in **French Market Coffee.**

Then, this celebrated beverage could be had nowhere else. **Now** you all can serve it daily on your table, for we have perpetuated the old French Market blend by

The Same Unique Hygienic Roasting Process

You can now buy it in this city, for the natural strength is preserved because we pack it in hermetically sealed cans without human hands touching it.

Order a can from your grocer today—serve some tomorrow—hear what your folks say when they taste the rich flavor. Ask your grandfather about the famous coffee of the old French Market—he knows.



Packed by
New Orleans Coffee Co., Ltd.
New Orleans, La.

French Market Coffee

EXCURSION
Wilmington to Johnson City, Tenn.
July 11th, 1911

Over the S. A. L. and C. C. & O. Railways. For benefit of O. R. C. Division 451. Train will leave Wilmington 7 A. M., July 11th, returning leaves Johnson City, July 13th, at 8:30 A. M., giving passengers ample time to visit the great coal fields and other points of interest.

Fare Round Trip $6.00

See bills for schedule.
For any information write
J. C. JONES, Manager, Box 362, Wilmington, N. C.

Swept by Ocean Breezes
MYRTLE BEACH HOTEL
Now Open Under New Management.

This delightful seaside resort has many advantages for familes. The surf has no undertow and there is absolutely no malaria in the sandy soil surrounding.

The hotel has been refitted and refurnished. All the comforts of home life. Modern plumbing, electric lights, etc.

The fishing is fine. Excellent surf bathing. A large dancing pavilion. A four-piece orchestra. Bowling alley. Pool tables, etc.

The new Summer schedule of trains enables one to leave any part of Eastern South Carolina and reach Myrtle Beach for noon dinner.

St. JOHN & SON, Managers. Myrtle Beach, S. C.

BINGHAM, Asheville, N. C., has prepared BOYS for College and for Christian Citizenship for 118 years, and ALONE in the U. S., offers a FREE ROUND TRIP TICKET from anywhere within 1500 miles to any parent who, on inspection, is not convinced that its pairs of ONE STORY brick rooms, separated by a parapet FIRE WALL, are the BEST for Health, Sanitation, Ventilation and safety against FIRE. 1793 Send for Catalogue or come and see. COL. R. BINGHAM, Supt., R. F. D. No. 107 1912

MUST HAVE MONEY!

The entire Stock of J. W. H. Fuchs, 28 South Front Street, Wilmington, N. C., is now placed in the hands of M. J. Merritt, to be sold in Ten Days for What it Will Bring. Save this and wait until

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12th, at 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

Saturday, July 15, at 10 A. M. We will sell 25 10-yard Patterns of the Best DRESS GINGHAMS; positively worth $1.50, for 50c

DON'T MISS THIS SALE

Never before, maybe never again, will an opportunity like this be presented to you to save money on All Kinds of Seasonable, High Grade Merchandise, to be Sold at a Sacrifice. You will be amazed. Such a Stupendous Bargain Feast and Price-Cutting does not occur often Price-Cutting that goes Through Every Department, making Bargain Prices on Every Piece of Goods in this Mammoth Stock, consisting of $40,000.00 Worth of High-Grade Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Etc. Must be Sold. Everything in this great store has been Re-Marked and Reduced in Price. Not a few things, but Everything is to be sold at a Bargain

Saturday, July 15, at 5 P. M., We will sell 25 pairs of Men's Good, Heavy OVERALLS, 50 value, for 25c

THIS TREMENDOUS SALE POSITIVELY BEGINS JULY 12TH, AT 9 A. M., AND CONTINUES DURING THE FOLLOWING TEN DAYS.

It may be hard for you to believe that a big concern like this would have to sacrifice such an immense stock, but it is the Gospel truth, and we merely ask you to come and test our statements, and we mention below a few of the bargains that will be offered.

J. W. H. FUCHS' doors are closed and will remain closed until WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, at 9 A. M., to rearrange, re-mark and reduce every article in price. Terms of Sale, Strictly Cash and One Price to All. Everything marked in plain figures, with a blue pencil mark. No limit. Everything must go. You get these bargains long as they last.

To the first 25 Ladies entering the store, Wednesday, July 12, at 9 A. M., we will sell a 10-yard Pattern of Nice Figured Lawn, worth 65c., for 25c

To the first 25 Men entering the store Wednesday, July 12th, at 9 A. M., we will sell 2 Pairs of Hose, worth 25c., for 5c

To the first 25 Children under 15 years of age entering the store Wednesday, July 12, at 9 A. M., we will sell a pair of good School Hose, worth 15c., for 5c

Friday at 10 A. M., we will sell Ladies' and Gents' Fast Black and Tan Hose, worth 10c., for 3c

Thursday, at 10 A. M., we will sell 5 Yards of the Best APRON GINGHAM, for 20c

Thursday, at 5 P. M., we will sell, for Ten Minutes, Pebble Huck Towels, worth 10c., for 4c

Men's Clothing, at Bargain Prices.

Men's splendid Suits, in velour finish Cashmere, in all sizes, either straight or round cut, positively worth $6.00 ..... $2.48

Men's black Thibet and Scotch Plaid Suits, worth $12.50; sale price is..... $6.48

At $8.48 you are free to take choice of any $15 Suit in the house; as finely made with silk and satin linings, elegantly finished as the most fastidious dresser could desire $8.48

Men's extra fine Business and Dress Suits, made by the best tailors, in all the ultra styles and fabrics, equal in every respect to the finest tailor-made to-order Suits. Don't fail to see this Suit, at the ridiculously low price ... $11.59

Men's $25.00 Suits, made of the finest all-wool material; will be sold at this sale $14.39

Men's $10.00 Suits, in all the latest styles, $6.48

Men's $6.00 and $8.00 Suits, well made, from the best materials, for $3.98

One lot of Men's Coats that are worth from $3.00 to $5.00; this sale $1.98

Men's Odd Coats, black with a small white stripe; positively worth $1.50, for 42c

Men's Black and Grey Mohair Coats; positively worth $6.00 to $8.00, for $3.98

Men's Black, Brown and Blue Serge Coats, that sell everywhere for $5.00 and $6.00, for $3.89

Men"s $3.50 Fancy Vests, for $1.98

Young Men's long Pants Suits, will go in this great sale at a Sacrifice.

Boys' Clothing, at Bargain Prices.

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, blues and blacks, $3 values, all sizes, for..... $1.98

Boys' $3.50 Knickerbocker Suits, for..... $2.19

Boys' fancy Cassimeres and Worsted Suits, with split hip and full peg trousers; positively worth $10.00; all sizes up to 18, for $7.48

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits that sell everywhere for $6.00; Merritt's sale price, only $3.89

MEN'S GOOD WORK SHIRTS AT WORKING PRICES.

Men's 65c Negligee Shirts, for 39c

The famous "Lion Brand" Shirts, for men; worth $1.00 to $1.25, for 79c

Men's $1.50 and $2.00 Shirts, all colors or white; pleated bosoms, plain or coat style, for $1.19

Men's $3.50 all silk Shirts, either plain or fancy bosoms $2.28

Men's 15c Collars, all styles 11c

Ladies' 12 1-2c gauze Vests 7c

Ladies' 15c gauze Vests 11c

FINE COTTON GOODS AT MERRITT'S SALE PRICES.

Best French Percales, worth 15c.. for 8c

Heavy yard-wide brown Domestic, at 6 1-2

Lonsdale finished Cambric, yard wide; worth 12 1-2c., at 8c

Good bleached Domestic; worth 12 1-2c., at 8c

Yard-wide bleached Muslin, worth 12 1-2c, at 8 1-2c

Yard-wide Sea Island; regular 10c value, for 8c

Good Mattress Ticking; sells everywhere for 12 1-2c.; special sale price 8c

The very best Feather Bed Ticking 14c

10c Apron Ginghams 7c

15c Dress Ginghams 8c

Nice Figured Lawn; values up to 10c, for 4 1-2c

15c Figured Lawn, for 7c

15c India and Persiann Lawn and Nainsooks, 9c

5c Barber Towels 3c

15c Pebble Huck Towels 7c

15c and 20c Huck Towels 12c

15c Turkish Bath Towels 7c

20c and 25c bleached Turkish Bath Towels 12c

Extra large 25c to 35c bleached Turkish Bath Towels, for 18c

65c Sheets, size 72x90, for 39c

$1.00 Sheets, size 81x90, for 69c

15c Pillow Cases, for 9c

Men's and Boys' Pants Department.

Listen, Mothers; Boys' Brownie Overalls, but 19c

Boys' 50c Knickerbocker Knee Pants, for .. 39c

Boys' $1.00 Pants, for 58c

The celebrated and well known brand of King Pants for Boys, that sell everywhere for $1.25 for 79c

$1.25 Work Pants for Men 79c

Men's $2.00 Pants, for $1.19

Men's Extra Nice and Well-Made Trousers; positively worth $2.25, for $1.47

Schloss Trousers for Men; worth $3.50, for $2.88

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 all-wool Worsted Pants, for $3.49

B. and O. Overalls for Men, that sell regularly for $1.00, for 79c

Men's 50c and 75c Overalls, for 42c

—— BATH SUITS ——

$1.25 Bath Suits 83c

$2.00 Bath Suits, for $1.48

All-wool Bath Suits, and all sizes up to 46; Merritt's sale price $2.39

Children's Rompers in blue Chambrays and fancy Ginghams 19c

75c Children's Rompers, in all colors, for .. 42c

BARGAINS THAT MAKE THIN PURSES SMILE.

Ladies' and Misses' 10c Fast Black and Seamless Hose, at 6c

One line Ladies' and Children's 20c Hose, for 8c

Silk finished Lisle and Mercerized Hose, in black and colors; worth 25c to 35c, for 19c

200 pairs of fine Silk and Lace Hose; worth 50c to 75c, at 39c

15c Hose for 8c

Ladies' white hemstitched Handkerchiefs, for 1c

Men's white Linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs; worth from 5c to 10c, for 3c

Ladies' embroidered Handkerchiefs; worth from 15c to 25c, for 8c

Men's fast black and tan Hose; worth 10c, for 6c

Men's 75c Silk Hose 39c

Men's 15c Hose, for 8c

25c to 35c gauze Lisle Hose, for 19c

Men's 15c and 20c Hose, black, tan and colors, for 12c

Men's 25c and 35c Suspenders 19c

50c to 60c Suspenders, including all branches, "President," "Bull Dog," and other well known brands, for 39c

35c Four-in-Hand Ties 19c

50c Four-in-Hand Ties 39c

Men's and Boys' 50c Belts 39c

25c and 35c Windsor Ties, all colors; while they last 19c

Men's 75c Belts, for 40c

Ladies' Hose Supporters 19c

50c Hose Supporters for Ladies 39c

Men's Hose Supporters 19c

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Men's mercerized Knit Underwear and Nainsook Shirts and Drawers; worth 50c to 75c, go at 39c

25c and 35c Porous Knit Underwear for men and boys 19c

Boys' Union Suits; positively worth 35c, for 22c

The famous B. V. D. Underwear for men; plain or athletic style, with coat shirts, for 39c

Men's checked Muslin, Nainsook and Balbriggan Underwear; plain or coat style shirts, long or knee drawers; 50c value, for 39c

Extra quality Pongee Silk Underwear, for men; $1.25 values, for 79c

Men's $1.35 Union Suits, for 79c

Men's $1.25 Pajamas, in white, plain and embroidered, for 79c

Plain Camiber Night Shirts; extra long, with pockets; $1.00 value, for 42c

SHOES AND OXFORDS.

500 pairs of Children's Fine Shoes to be closed out at 59c on the Dollar.

One lot of Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords; worth $1, for 69c

One lot of Ladies' and Misses' fine Shoes and Oxfords; positively worth $1.50 and $2.00 a pair, for 98c

500 pairs Ladies' fine Shoes; worth $2.00; Merritt's sale price $1.39

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, in all the latest styles; worth $2.50; the Merritt sale price ... $1.78

Men's $3.00 Shoes and Oxfords, in all the latest styles, will go in this sale for $2.29

Men's fine $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes and Oxfords; will be sold at $3.19

300 pairs Men's Satin Calf and good solid leather Work Shoes; worth up to $2.00 a pair, $1.39

450 pairs Men's fine Dress Shoes; worth $2.50 for $1.69

200 pairs of Men's vici kid, box calf and patent colt Shoes and Oxfords; worth $3 and $3.50, for $2.29

300 pairs of Men's fine Shoes, in all leathers, all styles and all sizes; these Shoes are worth from $4.00 to $5.00, now $3.29

A thousand other things we cannot mention.—Come and see.

HATS AND CAPS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

Men's and Boys' $1.00 and $1.25 Caps, for 79c

Men's and Boys' 65c Caps 39c

Men's and Boys' 15c Caps 8c

25c and 35c Caps 19c

Men's $2.00 Stiff Hats, in the latest shapes, $1.29

"No Name" Hats, in all shapes and styles; sell everywhere for $3.00; Merritt's price .. $2.29

Children's Picnic Hats 9c

Our entire stock of Straw Hats will go in this sale at exactly Half Price.

Our Hat Department is Complete in every respect. We carry the most up-to-date line in the city, and your exact style and shape is here. Come for it.

RUGS AND ART SQUARES.

9x12 Axminster Art Squares; positively worth $30.00, or your money back, for $19.48

9x12 Velvet Art Squares; worth $25, for $17.48

27x54 Axminster Rugs, $3.50 values, for $1.98

36x72 Crex Rugs; positively worth $3.00, $1.78

Ladies' $3.50 Hand Bags $2.48

Trunks, Suit Cases, Hand Bags and Telescopes almost given away. Get prices before purchasing.

A THOUSAND OTHER BARGAINS WE CANNOT MENTION. COME AND SEE.

Monday, July 17, at 10 A. M., We will sell Men's Pure Silk Hose, 75c. values, for 10 Minutes, per pair 25c

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 S. FRONT STREET -:- WILMINGTON, N. C.

Monday, July 17, at 5 P. M., We will sell Men's Nice Negligee Shirts, worth 50c, for 15c

Watch Our Show Windows for Other Specials. :: :: :: ::

In the hands of M. J. MERRITT.

Railroad fare paid to purchaser of $25.00 or more for 50 miles. Street car fare paid to purchaser of $5.00 or more.

Look for the large red sign in front of store.

Wanted—Experienced Salesmen, Sales Ladies and Cash Girls. Apply at Once.

Who Is the Leading Catcher In the Big Leagues Today?

Photos by American Press Association.

By TOMMY CLARK.

FIRST choice of the great catchers of the major leagues! Quite a puzzle it is to pick the winner when all that goes to make a player great is considered from a practical standpoint and not from the general atmosphere of local prejudice as doped by some writers on the sport.

What are the essential qualities for a topnotch catcher? First, natural ability for the position; for made catchers never reach the top row; second, range, footwork and speed; third, throwing from all angles with accuracy and a knowledge of the runner; fourth, the ability to work with all pitchers and run the game; fifth, gameness and the ability to stand a large amount of hard work under a killing pace.

The great catcher must be a thinker, an inventor, a man who would make a success of almost any business calling for a level head.

How many catchers now before the public have developed all these important points of the game?

We have sixteen major league clubs. Nearly every team has two or more catchers.

National League Backstops.

In the National league Brooklyn has in Bergen a natural backstop and brilliant thrower, who watches the bases, but lacks what is known as ginger.

Bresnahan of St. Louis is the hardest working catcher in the National league. He is always on the alert, has a great throwing arm and is of great assistance to a pitcher at a critical moment. But managerial duties have affected his catching to some extent. The same thing applies to Charley Dooin of Philadelphia.

Cincinnati has a good one in Larry McLean. When in good shape Larry can do the backstopping as well as any one in the country. New York's catching department is very weak. Myers, the Indian, is an in and outer. One day he catches a fine game, and the next day he performs like an amateur. Wilson is still inexperienced, but gives promise of developing.

The Chicago Cubs have two dandies in Archer and "Peaches" Graham. The latter is a very enthusiastic worker. The pair have all the qualities that go to make up a first class wind paddist. The Boston club made a terrible mistake when it let Graham go to the Cubs. Kling, whom the Chicago club traded to Boston for Graham, is not as good a catcher as he was three years ago. When at his best he was in a class by himself. Pittsburg has a corker in Gibson. He has no apparent weakness.

Judging by the work of the men this season, the catchers in the National league should rank in the order named: Gibson, Archer, Graham, Kling, Bresnahan, Dooin, McLean, Bergen and Myers.

American League Receivers.

In the American league Philadelphia has two good ones in Thomas and Lapp. When Detroit parted with Thomas his arm was bad. His arm came back, and he has been a big help to the Athletics in chasing the much sought rag. Manager Mack says he is one of the best in the junior organization. Lapp gives great promise. Stanage of the Detroit team is good, but not a first class catcher. Stephens of St. Louis is a hard and willing worker, but lacks enthusiasm. Sweeney of New York gives promise of developing into a great star with more experience. Clarke of St. Louis is a good one. He is a good footworker and very rangy for his inches.

Washington has a crackerjack in Street. He is intelligent, is a fine thrower, and he gets into every play. He watches the bases and is a power behind the stick when the game is going against his team.

Boston has a grand backstop in Bill Carrigan. The latter was cut out for a model catcher in the baseball game.

In Sullivan Chicago has one of the real gems of the profession. Ever on the alert, with a deadly throw, he is a catcher who coaches every pitcher.

The way the backstops in the American league should range is as follows: Street, Carrigan, Sullivan, Sweeney, Thomas, Lapp and Clarke.

Now that Street has been selected as the greatest catcher in the American league and Gibson in the National, which of the two is the premier backstop of the country? Many home critics have their pets, but when it comes down to cardinal principles laid down to judge a catcher one will find that the best of 'em all today is George Gibson of the Pirates. The latter was cut out for the model catcher in baseball. Gibson is the man who can turn back the fleetest base runner—a man who can nip the boys out at first and third unless they are ever on the alert. He is the backstop who seldom drops a ball that he can reach. Game to the finger tips, he can catch the wildest delivery as if it were merely play—aggressive, on to all the advanced wrinkles of the game, cutting the ball to second from all angles, with a knack of spreading into position while the ball is coming to him.

Star Fighters Are Killing the Goose That Lays the Golden Egg

THIS season has been a very profitable one for some of the best cards in the boxing world, but for many of the good ones and hundreds of the lesser lights it has been a very poor one, due to the boxers themselves in most instances.

The exorbitant demands made of promoters by many of the stars have been the means of hurting the game in more ways than one, and the boxers themselves are now feeling the effects of the comeback. Some of the New York promoters are to blame for this condition of affairs, for they have jumped over one another and have bid ridiculous sums to get star cards.

These big prices were advertised all over the country, and other promoters found it difficult to do business with boxers without guaranteeing half the receipts and giving them privileges in addition which any other amusement promoter would laugh at.

In Indianapolis recently the promoters took in $4,000 and then lost over $500 on the show. They had guaranteed big sums to the boxers, and when they came to settle up they found they could not meet their obligations or get within $500 of it. At New Orleans the West Side Athletic club took in close to $4,000 for the Conley-Coster contest and still lost over $500 because it had guaranteed Conley close to $2,500 and Coster about $1,000, which, with expenses, more than ate up all the receipts and left them in the hole for all their trouble.

At the McFarland-Kilbane bout in Buffalo the promoters gave a big guarantee and lost quite a bunch of money as a result. At the Wells-Cross bout in New York the promoters again guaranteed more than they could afford and lost a big chunk of coin. It has been the same in Milwaukee in several instances where guarantees have been given and also in Boston and Philadelphia.

The New York clubs have been losing money on most of their shows of late, but still they could not see or would not see the real cause of it. At last one promoter—Harry Pollok—tumbled to the fact, and he announces that he will give no guarantees, but straight percentages; that if the boxers cannot draw the money they have no right to guarantee.

"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, who put up a handsome new clubhouse in Philadelphia, has been obliged to close up because of the high prices demanded by boxers and the inability to make anything under existing conditions. Boxers like McFarland, Wolgast, Moran and "Knockout" Brown have been annexing all the coin, while the others—and many of them good ones—have been getting the crumbs. When the boxers succeed in putting the promoters and clubs out of business goodby to their soft money, for it sure is soft money they get where the limited round bouts are held and no decisions given. And what boxer could go out and earn half or quarter the money he gets for the short round bouts? If the boxers want to keep the game going they had better get together and assist the promoters by working on reasonable terms instead of trying to hog it all and kill the sport.

Hunter Joins Ranks of Failures At First Base For Pittsburg Club

FIRST base is still the hoodoo position on the Pittsburg ball team. For eight seasons Manager Clarke has tried hard to obtain a player who could fill the bill at the initial station, but all have been failures. The latest one is Fred Hunter. The latter started off well, but, like his predecessors, went all to pieces and was released. Hans Wagner is now playing the bag in good style, and the fans are asking how long Honus will last.

M'FARLAND ADMITS LACK OF PUNCH.

Packy McFarland, the Chicago fistic exponent, has finally come to the front and admitted that he lacks a punch, but rises to ask what benefit he would derive if he had one.

"I am kept busy filling engagements, and if you will notice I am winning all of them," says the Irishman, "so what use would a wallop be to me?

"I might knock a few cold, but I would not be as good a boxer as I am, and, choosing between the two, I believe I would rather be the shifty person, which comes very handy when you want to dodge a big wallop."

Trading of Ball Players In Midseason Should Be Stopped.

THE upshot of the recent Boston-Chicago deal, whereby the Cubs' chances for the National league pennant were greatly increased, will probably be a rule which will prevent trades of players during the championship season unless the other clubs consent to such a swap. The Boston-Chicago deal was a farce pure and simple. Boston was weakened by the deal, while the Cubs look to have a better chance for the flag now than ever before. There can be no objection to buying minor league players during the playing season, but there is a growing antipathy against the trading of players for the sole purpose of increasing one team's chances for the pennant. In this instance it is an injustice to New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg to have such a one sided trade go through. These clubs have a chance for the flag, and the deal again shows the lack of sportsmanship in baseball. Not that any one of them would hesitate to make a similar deal.

The time has come when a stop must be put to the trading of players of recognized ability during the playing season. There was a lot of unfavorable comment a few years ago when Detroit secured Delahanty from the Washington club by means of a trade which won the pennant for the Tigers. Transactions of this kind do not help to give the public confidence in the sport.

BASKETBALL STAR RETIRES.

Harry Hough, the Trenton (N. J.) star who has few peers as a basketball player and who last year received $400 a month for playing forward and acting as captain and manager of the South Side team of Pittsburg, which finished a close second to McKeesport in the Central league, has announced that he will retire from the game.

Short Interviews With Great and Near Great Ball Players of Today

"A COUPLE of fighters on a ball club help a whole lot," cackles Catcher "Nig" Clarke of St. Louis.

"A ball player should fight. These easy going fellows never get anything for their team. They let everybody else run over them.

"If I do say it myself, old Bill Bradley and I were the only 'crabs' on the Cleveland club. We would make our kick and be chased from the game, but would be right back again the next day hollering for our rights."

VETERAN ball players are criticising a change in the rules affecting hitters who get to base when no one is retired. Says Hans Wagner:

"They tried to favor the batsman and keep him from getting a time at bat. Why don't they give him a hit in a case like this: A man is on first and the batsman hits a long fly. The fielder tries for it, and the runner hugs first, afraid it will be caught. The ball falls safely, and the runner is forced at second. The fielder never has his hand on the ball. The batter does not get a hit, but is charged with a time at bat. They had better let the rules alone, for there are too many such things coming up in game after game to monkey with new systems. Personally I don't care a rap, but it is going to be bad for many young players."

"GOOD curves are great assets," says "Three Fingered" Brown of the Cubs, "but there have been great pitchers who had hardly enough to fool an amateur. Speed? Another grand asset. But some of the great pitchers didn't have enough speed to break a pane of glass. Control? It's a great thing to cultivate. But some good twirlers were minus the article to a great extent. Head work? Great! But what's the use of having a pitcher who doesn't use his noodle?

"Then what is the greatest asset a pitcher can have? Nerve. It isn't sufficient when it isn't backed up. But give a pitcher the nerve and anything else and he'll be a great pitcher. On the other hand, let him have everything else and no nerve and he'll be a dub. There's scarcely a day when the pitcher isn't called upon to use his nerve.

"It's the one requisite in the make-up of a really great pitcher, and I don't know a single other qualification that is absolutely essential. The pitcher depending upon his curve suddenly discovers that his curve ball won't work. The break isn't there. It's up to his nerve. If he has lots of it he may keep the opposing batsman standing still until he recovers himself. If he hasn't the nerve he is in for a beating. So with the fellow that depends upon his speed. He discovers to his amazement that his fast ball is without the jump. If he has the nerve he may work along an inning or two or maybe for half a game. Suddenly it comes back and he's all right. If he hasn't the nerve he'll blow. Same way with control. A pitcher suddenly goes wild. The only thing in the world that will settle him is his nerve. If he loses that it's an ascension. There are times when the rule doesn't hold good."

CONNIE MACK'S pitchers run the game.

"'Take the pitcher's judgment,' was an early season order from Manager Mack, and he never changed it," said Paddy Livingston, Athletic catcher. "Chief Bender and Eddie Plank used their own judgment the season before last and did so well the rule was made general. 'Everybody must use his head,' is one of Connie's rules.

"One advantage of the pitcher's judgment counting is in the help he gets from the infielders. Our infielders were the pitcher's advisers. They watched the battle as closely as the battery men. That was part of their work.

"Connie doesn't count a stolen base on the catcher. It is even between the pitcher and catcher. 'No catcher can get a base runner who is allowed too much of a lead,' is the way Connie puts it.

"There was never a call down for the pitcher or catcher where Connie believed a fast ball should have been used instead of a curve, or vice versa. We were expected to know what to do. Advice came before or after the game, and then it was up to both pitcher and catcher.

"Mack does a lot of things different from other managers I have played for. Every man on the team has his ear when a suggestion is offered. We were all called upon to dig up something at daily dope meetings."

SUNSTAR'S OWNER.

J. B. Joel, owner of Sunstar, English Derby winner, is a nephew of the late Barney Barnato, the South African mining millionaire.

SUNDAY SERMONETTE

By T. W. C.

"They that go down to the sea in ships; that do business in great waters; these see the words of the Lord, and His wonders in the deep. For He commandeth and raiseth the stormy wind, which lifteth up the waves thereof. He maketh the storm a calm, so that the waves thereof are calm." —Psalm 107:23-29.

There is a great truth to be assumed in this meeting, which is not mentioned in this section of Scriptures; but it is one of the sweetest truths to be borne in upon the storm-tossed soul. And that truth is this: He does not stand outside of the storm and speak to it; no. He is in the storm with us, and speaks to it from the center of the trouble. Herein He is a peculiar helper, differing from most of other helpers in the world. He was in a boat with His disciples while the storm raged all about them. He was away when the storm came on, but He hastened to them, and was with them, calming them, bidding the storm be still. What a great and gracious truth is this, that now He is never away but always with us; with us when the wind blows from the unfriendly quarter. We are never alone, even though it is dark and the storm in the night seems to bear us into the depths, into utter ruin. He is with us, a companion in the storm. So we will not fear though the earth be moved, though the sea roar, though the mountains shake; He is a present help, "exceedingly findable," because He is near. Perhaps there may be some persons in the meeting who may be able to give real and worthy testimony on this port of our theme. Be sure to urge them to give it. Who has been in the storm, and known the Master near, stilling the tempest at the right time?

According to the Psalm, God stills the tempest by His word of command. Then He rules the storm, for the storm is part of His creation, and all things obey Him. One dark night, when the wind was high and the rain fell in torrents, there was also much thunder and lightning. A frightened woman rushed into another room and called out, "Do you not hear the storm? How can you sleep?" This was the reply: "That is God's storm, my dear; He knows how high the wind is moving; he knows the movements of the lightning and the attending thunder—just go to sleep—He will take care of us." She returned to her room, comforted a little child that was fretting, and soon fell asleep again, trusting in Him who rules the storm, who commands, and it is done. With morning light came singular peace and quietness, for the storm had passed away. The frightened mother and wife came into the room with a peaceful look, and turning to her husband who had spoken the words in the night, she said: "You are a veritable rock to tie to!" She meant well, but she did not say all that was to be said. He was not the rock; the holding in the night was the faith in God that He controlled the storm, and the when He spoke it would cease to blow. Why not carry this truth into every storm? What fearful trials are borne in this world, and we lack the rest we should have, because we are fearful, as though God did not know of the trial and control it.

Believe in Him; know that all things do work together for the highest good, and that no storm can run away with God; He holds the wind in His grasp, and when He speaks, "the winds and the waves obey His voice."

There is movement in the storm; no matter how hard it blows, it blows in a certain direction, it blows homeward! That is not so easy to believe, but it is just as true as the things I have tried to teach in the preceding paragraphs. There was something singular in that storm on Galilee. They were in the midst of the sea, and the wind was driving them hard. When Christ stilled the tempest, and the waves died down, they discovered that they were near to shore. So is the teaching here: "So He bringeth them to their desired haven." Be sure that you take note of that word haven; it does not say that they came to port. While that word implies a stopping place, haven is the resting place; those who reach the haven are at home forever. Let us not imagine that the storm can drive us away from the haven. There is direction in the storm, it blows homeward! It is the haven of eternal peace.

This subject of storms is a fruitful one, according to the experiences through which we may have passed. There are some who have not had many storms as yet, especially among the younger Christians. But there will be storms; they will come up sometimes like the storms in the Summertime; they will seem to rise out of the bluest skies, and in a little while cover the whole sky. It is well to discuss the subject now, in order to keep a steady faith in the time of a heavy blow. There are those who have passed through many storms, and seem to be nearing the haven; for them it is worth while to look over such teaching as this, and comfort their hearts in the assurance that God will bring them to their desired haven. Others are now in the storm; be you sure that you cannot be blown out of the course if the Master is with you. If He is with you, He commands the storm, and at the right time He will say the right word, and the winds will die away and the calm will be great and lasting. Let us trust Him more.

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

(From the Chicago News.)

"Papa," said 4-year-old Grace one evening, "mamma whipped me today I wish you hadn't married such a strict woman."

—

—len took a cracker from the dish on the table and said: "Thank you." Turning to her mother she said: "Mamma, I'm getting so polite I thank myself."

—

"Do you say your prayers at night?" asked the Sunday School teacher of the new pupil, a little girl of 5.

"Yes, ma'am," was the reply.

"To whom do you pray?"

"Sometimes I pray to mamma's knees and sometimes to the bed."

FREEDOM IS GIVEN THE MEXICAN PRESS

One of Many Things Promised by Madero—Best Way to Elicit Support Newspapers.

Mexico City, July 8.—The Mexican Press is "free." That it should be was one of the many things promised by Madero, and local publishers did not wait for him to be formally elected before beginning to exercise their newly acquired right.

Their assumption, however, was justified. Emilio Vasquez Gomez, Minister of the Department of Interior, was not slow in publicly assuring the newspaper owners that they could publish whatever they liked.

"The government is sure that the liberty of the press is the best way to obtain the efficient help of all newspapers so as to realize completely the ideas of the present government," he said in a public statement on the subject.

That this unrestricted expression is stimulating has already been demonstrated; whether it will prove intoxicating remains to be seen. Since the advent of Madero a dozen new periodicals have been born, and as many more are said to be projected. Lack of advertising doubtless will force many of these youngsters into their graves for the only reason apparent for their being in some instances is that some one wishes a medium of public expression.

Most of the new periodicals are small magazines, the majority devoted to the publication of satirical verse and prose, illustrated with caricatures. No one is spared by the writers and artists, but, as is natural, the most stinging—and some times vicious—work is reserved for those individuals who were connected with the old regime. Among the weekly periodicals is "El Ahuizote," a publication resurrected. This magazine first appeared years ago, but because of its cartoons of Limantour and other public men, was suppressed.

The daily newspapers give most lively evidence of this "freedom." "El Imparcial," a paper which has always been progovernment, has inserted under its head the words "Diario Independente," and independent it is. It publishes news and comment regardless of how it will be relished by Madero and his friends, for whom it pretends no love.

* * *

The public also has caught the spirit of free speech, and almost all the papers publish columns of comment furnished by readers. Most of it is signed by the writers' own names. In this comment, and in the editorial columns the political questions are freely discussed. Madero is criticised as well as praised, and those who would like to see another chosen for the presidency do not hesitate to say so.

News which never would have been reported during the days of Diaz is now published under seven-column heads and in ten point type. The capital now, too, has its "yellow press." On the whole, the people happen to welcome the change.

* * *

"We're free!" appears to be the unspoken idea in the minds of thousands of the poorer people of the capital and perhaps furnishes the explanation of scores of curious sights to which the old resident has not become accustomed. It is not uncommon to see hundreds of men, women and children—and not all of them peons—wandering about on the grass of the Alameda during a band concert. In the days of Diaz none ever trod that grass with impunity.

Notwithstanding signs that warn the public not to ascend the platform of the famous monument to Juarez, the snowy marble columns are not infrequently black with hundreds of ragged men and children gathered there to hear a band or to witness a parade in the street. For a time taking a prisoner away from a policeman was a favorite amusement, but this diversion has been checked almost altogether, but not yet does an officer of the law insist upon doing his duty without seeing an expression of surprise on the faces of the ragged populace. They are "free" and to learn that there are yet restrictions is disconcerting.

HONORING "BOB" INGERSOLL.

Significance of Erection of Statue to Noted Iconoclast.

(Kansas City Journal.)

A brief paragraph in the news columns the other day, bobbing about like a bit of driftwood in the great flood of the coronation news, announced that the city of Peoria is to erect a statue of Robert G. Ingersoll at the entrance to one of the city's parks. But, brief as is the item, there is room enough in it for the statement that the decision of the city council was arrived at in the face of "opposition."

The real wonder is that the world has reached the stage of tolerance when a statue of Col. Ingersoll can be erected with public money at the gateway to the public park of any city in the country. That there should be "opposition" goes without saying, but the significance of the news lies in the fact that there was not enough opposition to defeat a project which would have buried in obloquy any one who would have proposed it 25 years ago. Col. Ingersoll's views in the matter of religion can hardly with reason be made the basis of such opposition as met the proposal, for the money comes from the public at large, paid as taxes by people of every shade of religious belief and non-belief. There is no religious significance whatever in an act of civil authorities acting as such, and therefore the decision to honor the memory of the great lawyer, brilliant thinker, and most superb prose-poet America has produced may be concurred in by those who hold religious views diametrically opposed to those of the great agnostic—"theist" is really incorrect, though it is a term frequently applied to him.

Col. Ingersoll possessed in amplest abundance qualities wholly dissociated from his crusade against orthodoxy—qualities which fully entitled him to such a memorial as is proposed. He may be justly admired for these qualities by persons who hold with the greatest firmness to the religious truths which he sought so hard to refute. He was an ardent friend of the Union in the troublous times of the Civil War. He was a lawyer who adorned the American bar. In politics he was more nearly a statesman than a politician, and his political speeches read well even to this day. Religious prejudice has dwarfed his real fame, and as the world grows more tolerant the qualities which were obscured in the smoke of religious battles will shine out with their inherent and unclouded lustre.

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT.

County Experiment at Chattanooga—Chasing Machine Politics.

(Chattanooga Times.)

Slowly but surely the county government is taking on the commission form. The bill just passed by the Legislature conferring upon the present road commission complete control of the roads, the work house department and the nospital and poor house, is a long step toward the taking over of all executive business by commissioners. Without any disparagement to individuals, but as a fair contrast in the efficiency of systems — the old and the new — tremendously in favor of the new, it is only necessary to refer to the work the road commission is doing since it came into power under the Knox county law. The commissioners have turned their backs upon fossilized and outworn methods; they have secured the latest and most approved machinery for road building and although they have hardly had time to show what they can in reality do, they have convinced the people that hereafter we are to have results promptly and satisfactorily.

The use of the new machines in the repair of roads has worked marvelous transformation, accomplishing in a few days what under the old methods it would have required weeks and perhaps months to do.

As in municipal affairs, the county commisioners recognize their responsibility to the people, and not to political favorites, and realize that success and public approval will simply wait on their making good. In this lies one of the chief merits of the commission system—the centering of responsibility and the proper clothing of the responsible men with the power to do things. If there should be failure, the public may promptly locate it and it will be the people's fault thereafter if the incompetent or derelict remain in office.

We are satisfied, therefore, that the new order is going to work to the advantage of the public, and that there is going to be a revolution in the administration of the departments affected by the new law.

TAFT RESTORES CONFIDENCE.

President's Speeches Digested by Business Interests.

(New York Dispatch to Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

With greater and greater interest and gratification the address delivered by President Taft at the annual meeting of the State Bankers' Association at one of the large hotels on Coney Island last week has been discussed in business and financial circles.

Echoes of a like interest and gratification in the address which seems to have been felt in other parts of the country have been reaching the city since Saturday—especially on Monday of this week. It was, of course, known that the President had warmly approved the main feature of the so-called Aldrich plan for amending our banking and currency system. But the bankers, perhaps, were not quite prepared for the very earnest words of approval which the President spoke and his intimation that he hopes for early action by Congress upon the measure. He seemed to be gratified by the evidences of warm support of the Canadian reciprocity pact which the bankers gave to him when he referred to reciprocity.

But, after all, a careful reading of the full text of the President's speech was the chief cause for the very warm expressions of approval which have been heard since Friday. It was not so much any particular utterance of the President or any single sentence in the address that caused these words of approval as the tone which pervaded the speech, and the intimation that the President is now satisfied that the business men of the United States have had defined by the Supreme Court the line which separates unlawful combination from healthful unification of capital and ability. The President made it clear to the bankers of New York State that he is now persuaded that business may proceed along lawful lines, and feels assured that, in place of doubt, confidence, which is the vital force of business and of banking, will be gradually but surely restored until at last it prevails in full measure.

All through the address there was reflection of the important speech which the President made at New Haven the day before, in which he explicitly said that the Supreme Court had at last definitely and clearly established the lawful principle upon which combinations of capital and of ability may be based.

DIAMOND CRAZE IN WYOMING.

Reported that Land Formation is Like That of Kimberley.

(Sheridan (Wyoming) Dispatch)

The government bureau of mines has announced that the formation of the Big Horn Mountains, lying west of Sheridan, is such that diamonds in large quantities may be discovered in that section, and as a result northern Wyoming is infected with the diamond fever.

Diamonds in the rough are not numerous in the Big Horn towns, and the would-be diamond prospectors are not sure what they are searching for—many of them having the idea that when taken from the ground diamonds are ready for setting.

The information that diamonds may be found in the Big Horn came to Sheridan in a letter from E. Gillette, formerly State treasurer of Wyoming, whose authority for the statement is H. N. Darton, of the government bureau of mines. This bureau, under Mr. Darton's supervision, has been engaged in a study of the Big Horns, especially as regards the "black dykes," in those mountains.

It has been determined that the composition of these dykes is exactly the same as that of the black dykes of South Africa in which the great diamond mines of that country are located. In South Africa these dykes are like chimneys filled with clay. Similar formations are found in the Big Horn Mountains, but it remained for the mine experts to make exhaustive analysis of the contents of the dykes. The announcement that diamonds may be found in the mountains followed the work of the bureau.

Immediately after the information was made public every old prospector in the district prepared to go diamond hunting.

Keep Baby Healthy in Summer

It is easier to keep some children in health in winter than in summer. And yet it is very important that the child should be strong and well during the hot weather. In the first place, a very little ill is liable to develop into a large one in summer because of the germs in milk, water and many kinds of food. You should be especially careful not to allow your children to become irregular in their stools during the heated term. The best relief you can give it, and the surest permanent cure, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the guaranteed laxative-tonic. It is exactly suited to the needs of children because it is gentle and mild in action, absolutely pure and free from narcotics, pleasant to take, and yet does its work promptly and efficiently. Thousands of mothers keep it constantly in the house against emergencies, and as a bottle costs only 50 cents or $1.00, and can be conveniently obtained of any druggist, no family should be without it. If you are one who has never tried Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and would like to do so before buying it in the regular way, you can obtain a FREE BOTTLE by sending your address to

USE DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN

DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 400 Caldwell Bldg., Monticello, Ill.

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Impair Mental Faculties

and should not be allowed to become chronic. Whether caused by heat or cold, stomach disorders or nervousness

Hicks' CAPUDINE

is the best remedy to take. It's liquid—effects immediate—pleasant to take. 10c, 25c and 50c at Drug stores.

Safe Refuge from Typhoid, Malaria or Hay Fever

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

NORTH CAROLINA

Ten miles from any city—Two miles off the mainland—Where healthful breezes ever blow. Ten miles from the City of Wilmington, connected from union station by fast electric trains every 30 minutes.

ARTESIAN WELLS This beautiful island coast, off a mainland of sand and sweet smelling Pines, with large comfortable hotels, boarding houses, and "LUMINA" the great Pleasure Palace, is the ideal point of refuge for those seeking a resting place IMMUNE FROM FEVER. The fact that all drinking water as well as that used in cooking, etc., comes from Artesian Wells on the island, nearly four hundred feet deep, driven through pure ocean sand and coral reef into a stratum of mountain supply beneath, gives the purest, most wholesome water, noted for its tonic qualities and recommended by physicians for tired mothers, delicate children and all who need recuperation. If there is a breeze on the ocean you get it here, just as if you were on a trans-Atlantic liner, therefore there are

No Flies -:- No Mosquitoes

READ THIS ☞

"Wrightsville Beach, North Carolina, has ever been, and is today, entirely free from fever of any description."

W. D. McMILLAN, Supt. of Health,
New Hanover County, N. C.
July 6th, 1911.

SOUTHERN DEVELOPMENT.

Business Activities as Reported by the Manufacturers' Record.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Md., July 8.—The expansion of business activities throughout the South as reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record is indicated in the resumption of work of a number of iron and steel plants in the Birmingham district, giving employment to about 5,000 additional hands, as well as in the reported organization of a number of important industrial companies in the expansion of existing plants. The Virginia Bridge & Iron Co., of Roanoke, Va., one of the largest independent bridge building concerns in the country, in order to meet increased business, will double its Atlanta plant, for which purpose it has secured a four-acre site, and is also now enlarging its plants at Roanoke, Memphis and New Orleans, thus showing the widespread activity in bridge and architectural iron construction work throughout the South.

Among the other more important industrial enterprises reported for the week are the following:

Caflisch Lumber Co., Union City, Pa., was incorporated with $250,000 capital stock to succeed Blackwater Lumber Co., purchased 4,000 acres of timber from Beulah Lumber Co., and timber land, saw mill of 10,000 feet daily capacity, 10-mile railroad, etc., from Elk Lick Lumber Co., of Hambleton, W. Va.; will make necessary improvements.

Log Mountain Coal Co., Big Stone Gap, Va., was chartered with $900,000 capital stock and consolidated four coal companies with annual output of 250,000 to 500,000 tons; plans investing $50,000 for new washers, additional power machinery, etc.

M. B. Bandas, Ragland, Ala., is endeavoring to complete arrangements insuring construction, by Northern capitalists, of plate glass works costing $800,000 and glass bottle works costing $125,000.

Enterprise Lumber Co., Alexandria, La., is negotiating for 16,000 acres of timber land and the price is reported as to be about $1,250,000; land is located near Glenmora, La.

Shawnee Gas & Electric Co., Shawnee, Okla., will invest about $150,000 to erect buildings and install machinery for replacing electric plant recently burned.

Anderson Water, Light & Power Co., Anderson, S. C., will install steam turbine plant for 1,600 horsepower, enlarg buildings, etc., at a cost of about $50000.

A. J. Showalter Co., Dalton, Ga., awarded contract for $12,000 building to be equipped with machinery for printing music.

Gulf Compress Co., Argenta, Ark., will rebuild plant burned at a loss of $200,000 to $250,000.

Greers Manufacturing Co., Greer, S. C., awarded contract for construction of additional building four stories high 110x130 feet; will provide space for 15,000 spindles and 400 looms, increasing Greers plant to about 25,000 spindles and 700 looms; building and machinery will cost about $250,000.

William Kent, Washington, D. C., and J. F. Jordan, Guilford county, N. C., purchased 40,000 acres of land near Manchester, N. C.; plan development for orchards, construction of highway to Fayetteville and Pinehurst, etc.

Muskogee Gas & Electric Co., Muskogee, Okla., will invest about $200,000 for additional buildings and machinery to include 3,000 horsepower engine, 520 horsepower boiler, 3 phase alternator, etc.; has begun construction and ordered most of machinery.

Bhewster Lumber Co., Savannah, Ga., purchased 5,000 acre plantation and will divide into small farms for cultivation.

A Peek Into His Pocket

would show the box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve that E. S. Loper, a carpenter, of Marilla, N. Y., always carries. "I have never had a cut, wound, bruise or sore it would not soon heal," he writes. Greatest healer of burns, boils, scalds, chapped hands and lips, fever-sores, skin eruptions, eczema, corns and piles. 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

Read Star Business Locals.

FUEL SUPPLY FOR WEST.

Briquettes Made From Lignite Without Binding Material.

Washington, D. C., July 8.—The Bureau of Mines, through its experiments at the Pittsburg testing station, believes that it has developed a fuel supply for the Western part of the country that will be of immense value. It has succeeded in making briquettes without the use of a binding material out of lignite from California, Texas and North Dakota. The difficulty heretofore with the manufacture of briquettes has been the cost of the pitch which is considered necessary to hold the coal dust together.

Lignite is a poor form of coal, brown in color, and is found in great abundance in several Western States, notably North and South Dakota, Montana and Texas. Its use has been greatly restricted because of its tendency to slack or turn to dust shortly after it is mined and brought to the surface. Because of the great amount of moisture it contained, between 30 and 40 per cent, the lignite has been difficult to burn under boilers or in stoves. There is said to be 150,000 square miles of territory underlain by lignite and millions of acres belong to the government. The Bureau of Mines some time ago conducted a series of experiments at the pumping plant of the Reclamation Service at Williston, North Dakota, and succeeded in developing a furnace that would burn the lignite satisfactorily. But this did not solve the problem of the transportation of the ligute. The bureau therefore sent to Germany, where the briquetting of lignite is much farther advanced, and obtained from that country a powerful briquetting machine. The experiments have gone far enough to indicate that lignite can be satisfactorily briquetted at a cost that makes the manufacture of briquettes commercially possible.

The results of the experiments are contained in a bulletin "Briquetting Tests of Lignite," just issued by the Bureau of Mines. The author, Charles L. Wright, says: "The results of the briquetting investigations conducted by the government are expected to prove of considerable value, not only to the government itself as the owner of extensive lignite deposits and the largest single purchaser of fuel, but also to the people in the regions where lignite is found. The problem of a fuel supply in those regions is of peculiar interest, for many of the lignite deposits are situated long distances from fields of high-grade coal. The problem assumes still larger proportions when one realizes that the development of manufacturing industries in those regions depends upon the ability to obtain a cheap and satisfactory fuel."

Mr. Wright gives the approximate cost of briquettes, loaded on cars, from a briquette plant located at the mines, as $2.51 in Texas; $3.25 in North Dakota; and in California as $5.24. This applies to briquetting run-of-mine lignite to improve its heat value and weather resisting properties rather than to briquetting slack or waste coal, which will reduce the cost materially.

Copies of this bulletin No. 14 may be obtained by those interested by writing to the Director of the Bureau of Mines, Washington, D. C.

THE FUTURE OF MEXICO.

(Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

It is all for the immediate industrial future of Mexico that Acting President de la Barra should make haste to reassure foreign investors as to the attitude of the government toward them. A great deal of money fled abroad during the revolution, in company with the European and American fugitives. Mexico cannot afford to frighten away any more capital from the development of her mines, her plantations, and her important public works now in hand.

Parson's Poem A Gem.

From Rev. H. Stebenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pils.

"They're such a health necessity, In every home these pills should be. If other kinds you've tried in vain, USE DR. KING'S And be well again." Only 25c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The figures in the ballet are calculated to make some expert accountants dizzy.

If a man can keep out of politics his wife seldom has any reason to be ashamed of him.

(From the Chicago News.)

A secret isn't a secret if a woman hesitates in telling it.

Adversity furnishes a man weapons with which to fight back, but prosperity often disarms him.

The average man is as proud of his opinions as he is of his honor, his honesty or even his pedigree.

Kill More Than Wild Beasts.

The number of people killed yearly by wild beasts don't approach the vast number killed by disease germs. No life is safe from their attacks. They're in air, water, dust, even food. But grand protection is afforded by Electric Bitters, which destroy and expel these deadly disease germs from the system. That's why chills, fever and ague, all malarial and many blood diseases yield promptly to this wonderful blood purifier. Try them, and enjoy the glorious health and new strength they'll give you. Money back, if not satisfied. Only 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

SECRET WAGNER AUTOBIOGRAPHY OUT AT LAST

Remarkable Book, Guarded for Nearly Forty Years, Now Published---King Ludwig of Bavaria Transcribed Some of It.

AFTER nearly forty years of the most profound secrecy, a remarkable book, the existence of which few people knew, is about to be given to the world through no less than five languages. This is the autobiography of Richard Wagner, the publication of which in America will be made by Dodd, Mead & Co.

Quite aside from matters of art and the revelations of the soul of a prodigious artist, the autobiography shows that Wagner, after forty years, may now be considered a great man of letters no less than a great composer and musician.

Between the years 1868 and 1873 Wagner compiled his memoirs from diaries and other memoranda which he had kept for thirty-five years. As these memoirs were extremely frank and intimate—not only in regard to Wagner, but his friends and acquaintances, some of whom were most prominent personages in the intellectual, social, and political life of the time—he took the utmost precautions to keep his work a secret.

The manuscript when completed covered some 4,200 pages, much of which, the author mentions in a letter, was transcribed by King Ludwig of Bavaria. But Wagner was not content to leave his autobiography thus. As it was impossible to secure duplicate copies by typewriter or mimeograph, he had the book set up by French compositors, who did not understand German, and hence could not betray the secret. Friedrich Nietzsche, then the fervent disciple of Wagner, who was later on to become the greatest philosopher of the paradoxical of his day, read the proofs. Twelve copies were printed and the type distributed.

Eight of these twelve copies were intrusted to Frau Cosima Wagner and the remaining four were distributed among the author's most intimate friends. Each recipient was bound by a pledge that in case of his or her death, the heirloom was to be turned over to one of the survivors. Thus to-day Cosima Wagner is said to be the possessor of eleven copies.

Wagner's first improvisation was when he was summoned home from school to the bedside of his dying father and told to play the piano. As the strains of the melody that had come to him inspired by the place and the circumstance died away, his father turned on his pillow and whispered:

"I wonder whether Richard will ever develop a talent for music?"

Two things are apparent throughout the autobiography—Wagner's confidence in himself and in that Higher Power which guided him. At the age of nine he was introduced to Weber. The latter asked his mother whether the boy was likely to become a musician. His mother replied that, although Richard was perfectly mad about the opera "Der Freischütz," she had never yet noticed anything in him that pointed to musical talent. He was the only one of his family not allowed to learn to play the piano, his mother fearing that if he did so it might awaken his slumbering affection for the theatre. Thus, when his love for music overpowered him, he began to learn secretly, and also devoted himself to the study of harmony, whereby he neglected totally all his school studies.

When he became a student at Leipsic University he plunged into a fighting corps, wore the colors proudly, and narrowly escaped some serious duels. The manner in which Wagner describes what was a tragic episode of his student days, the unsparing way in which he confesses his faults, all throws new light upon his character.

In simple but exceedingly moving words he tells of the gambling passion that held him like a demon; his long run of ill luck maddened him, and he lost interest in all else but play. Indifferent to the opinion of his former companions, he vanished from their midst, passing night after night with only the lowest of students in the small gambling houses of Leipsic. With dull apathy he bore the contempt of his sister Rosalie, who, like his mother, rarely caught a glimpse of him.

Finally, having lost everything, he used some money he held in trust for his mother, and that, too, was swallowed up with the exception of a thaler.

Sick in mind and body—he had eaten nothing for hours—he sat through that terrible night distracted. He knew that the thaler represented his whole life and existence, for that lost he could never return home and he saw himself wandering aimlessly in the grey of the morning through the fields and woods—a prodigal son.

Suddenly, while on the verge of despair, he won and won again. Mechanically he staked again and still he won, until there was sufficient to repay all his debt. The warmth that filled his soul and body was, he says, of a sacred nature; he felt that he was not abandoned by God and His angels; he felt a holy presence whispering warning and consolation. He was cured. He went home and slept soundly for hours and awoke new born.

Deterred by no sense of shame, he told his mother of his experience in that momentous night and returned her money under acknowledgment of his sin. She folded her hands and thanked God for the grace He had shown her son, and expressed her firm conviction that he was saved and that temptation would never again assail him. This was actually the case, and Wagner then threw himself with renewed ardor into his musical studies, entering upon a new and serious phase.

Of peculiar interest is the great musician's own account of his debut as a composer. This took place at Leipsic:

"It was the Christmas of the fateful year 1830; as usual there would be no performance at the theatre on Christmas Eve, but instead a concert for the poor had been organized, which received but scant support. The first item on the programme was called by the exciting title, 'New Overture,'—nothing more.

"I had surreptitiously listened to the rehearsal with some misgiving. I was very much impressed by the coolness with which Dorn fenced with the apparent confusion which the members of the orchestra showed with regard to this mysterious composition. The principal theme of the allegro was contained in four bars; after every fourth bar, however, a fifth bar had been inserted, which had nothing to do with the melody, and which was announced by a loud bang on the kettle drum on the second beat. As this drummer stood out alone, the drummer, who continually thought he was making a mistake, got confused and did not give the right sharpness to the accent as prescribed by the score.

"Listening from my hidden corner, and frightened at my original intention, this accidentally different rendering did not displease me. To my genuine annoyance, however, Dorn called the drummer to the front and insisted on his playing the accents with the prescribed sharpness. When, after the rehearsal, I told the musical director of my misgivings about this important fact, he stuck to it that the thing would sound very well as it was.

"In spite of this assurance my restlessness grew, and I had not the courage to introduce myself to my friends in advance as the author of the 'New Overture.' I had forgotten to buy a ticket and was refused admission by the man at the door.

"Suddenly the tuning up of the orchestra grew louder and louder, and I thought I should have to miss the beginning of my work. In my anxiety I revealed myself to the man at the door as the composer of the 'New Overture,' and in this way succeeded in passing without a ticket.

"The overture began. After the theme of the 'black' brass instruments had made itself heard with great emphasis the 'red' allegro theme started, in which, as I have already mentioned, every fifth bar was interrupted by the drum-beat from the 'black' world. The fatal drum-beat, brutally hammered out, entirely deprived me of my senses.

"I heard my neighbors calculating the return of this effect. Knowing the absolute correctness of their calculation, I suffered ten thousand torments and became almost unconscious. At last I awoke from my nightmare when the overture, to which I had disdained to give what I considered a trite ending, came to a stand still almost unexpectedly.

"No phantom like those in Hoffmann's 'Tales' could have succeeded in producing the extraordinary state in which I came to my senses on noticing the astonishment of the audience at the end of the performance. I heard no exclamations of disapproval, no hissing, no remarks, not even laughter; all I saw was intense astonishment at such a strange occurrence, which impressed them, as it did me, like a horrible nightmare. Nothing, however, equaled the pain of coming face to face with the man at the door; the strange look he gave me haunted me ever afterward, and for a considerable time I avoided the pit of the Leipsic Theatre."

Although Wagner was ever known to be a fantastic and a dreamer, his autobiography throws new lights on this side of his character, and we learn of his strong inclination to the mystic and almost at times to the demoniac. We have seen it in the fascination "Der Freischütz" exercised over him in early childhood, and later came the overwhelming effect of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony. He tells of an experience at Spezia in September, 1853.

Ill and exhausted, he tried in vain to sleep on his hard couch, but finally sank into a kind of trance:

"Suddenly I seemed to be sinking in swift-running water. The rushing water took on the musical sound of an E flat major chord, which was tossed hither and thither by the waves, and continually breaking up into melodious variations of ever-increasing movement, yet never losing the perfect harmony of the chord, which, by its pertinacity, appeared to wish to impart some infinite signification to the element in which I was sinking. With the sensation of waves roaring high above my head I awoke in a fright from the trance. Then I immediately recognized that the orchestral prelude to 'Das Rheingold,' which had long been in me, but which I had never been able to properly find, had arisen."

Of the "Sturm und Drang" period Wagner relates that in April, 1857, he had found rest for the first time after bitter circumstances.

Gazing from his window into the spring sunshine he remembered it was Good Friday. The connection of this fact with the recollection of Wolfram's "Parsifal" took possession with such force that he immediately constructed and sketched the entire drama.

A description of the misery of his union with Minna Planer and his years of poverty in Paris rend the reader's heart. Once he walked from his poor dwelling, at Meudon, to Paris, to beg or borrow 5f., but was forced to return the long and weary way without it. When, however, a butcher or a baker could be prevailed upon to give them credit everything was rosy for the moment.

Wagner gives ample evidence of his well-known good-natured humor in the description of the people who played a part in his life. There is the fat Kapellmeister Polenz, who conducted Beethoven's Ninth Symphony, with the cheerfulness of a Haydn scherzo, and a Leipsic fellow student, who was physically so terribly strong that nobody ventured to tell him how stupid he was; and there is a corpulent bass singer of the Magdeburg Opera, who made love to his manager's wife in order to get his salary paid punctually. Among the friends who understood and assisted the struggling young musician most was the famous singer, Frau Schröder-Devrient, whose dramatic greatness inspired his idea of Senta in "The Flying Dutchman," and to whom Wagner repeatedly and warmly acknowledges his deep debt of gratitude.

His affection for his little dog Peps, which died of convulsions at the age of thirteen, is pleasant reading for lovers of animals. Wagner devotes several pages to Peps's sufferings, and his own reluctance to terminate them by administering a dose of poison. The dog always slept in a basket by his master's bedside, usually awaking him by pawing at him. One night, however, Wagner was aroused by Peps's groans. The dog expired soon after. The composer writes:

"I looked at my watch and the death-hour of the little friend, who loved me with exaggerated devotion, was forever imprinted on my memory—ten minutes past one on July 10th. We dedicated the next day, with bitterest tears, to his funeral, our landlady giving us a pretty corner in her garden, where we buried him with his basket and cushions."

Four years later Wagner visited the garden but found no traces of his "little friend's" grave.

The narration of King Ludwig's admiration and friendship for Wagner is marked by an absence of all vanity, but he is scathing in his expressions of indignation for the critics throughout. After the second performance of "The Flying Dutchman" at Berlin, conducted by himself, which was more hissed than applauded, Wagner accepted an invitation to a small wine shop in Unter den Linden. He writes:

"Utterly exhausted, I sat in the wretched, ill-lighted place, drank the wine hastily to warm myself, listened to the embarrassed conversation of my good-natured friend and his companion, and glanced stonily at the newspapers, in which the criticisms of the first performance of 'Der Fliegende Holländer' appeared. A hideous pain transfixed my heart as I read this incomparable impudence of furious ignorance which occupied itself with my name and my work for the first time."

Altfough, as has been seen, Wagner's tragic marriage with the actress, Minna Planer, was a terrible experience, he passes with joy and tranquillity to his ideal friendship for Mathilde Wesendonck, who exercised so great an influence upon his life and work. To his second marriage with Cosima von Bülow he devotes less than we [illegible] doubtless its happiness was too sacred for publication.

Richard Wagner.

Minna Planer. Mathilde Wesendonck.

COURTESY CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

King Ludwig of Bavaria. Carl von Weber.

MACMILLAN & CO CANADA

Frau Cosima Wagner. (Centre Figure.)

CHAMBRAY SALE.
One lot of 50 pieces 10c. Chambray, all shades; pre-inventory sale price **7 1-2c**

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

"THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY"

NEW BARGAINS DAILY.
—
ot advertised, but displayed.

PRE-INVENTORY SALE!

Thursday, July 6th to Monday, July 17th

TEN DAYS OF GREAT REDUCTIONS

Sale Begins Thursday Morning at Nine O'Clock—Be There

WE take our annual inventory on August 1st of each year, and hold our Pre-Inventory Sale in July. This year finds our stock larger than ever on account of the cool Spring months. We are going to make this the greatest price reduction sale of any inventory sale ever held by us. The sale lasts ten days during Thursday, July 6 to Monday, July 17.

Tuesday, July 11th, we will sell 12 1-2c colored figured Lawn, neat figures and dots fast colors. This day, per yard **8c**

PRE-INVENTORY SALE OF SILKS.

65c Black Oriental Waterproof Silk, per yd.. **48c**

75c Black Oriental Waterproof Silk, per yd.. **63c**

85c value for **69c;** $1.00 value, 36 inches wide, special, per yard **88c**

50c Tussah Silk, pre-inventory sale, price per yard **29c**

75c value Natural Pongee, pre-inventory sale rpice, per yard **39c**

$1.00 value Messaline Satin, in all shades, pre-inventory sale price, per yard **69c**

50c Marquisette, all shades, pre-inventory sale price **38c**

LADIES' MUSLIN AND KNIT UNDERWEAR.

35c fine quality Lisle Vests, sizes from 4 to 8, inventorp price ..... **23c.**

35c Ladies' tucked and embroidery ruffled Pants, ventory price **23c**

$1.25 Gowns for Ladies; lace trimmed, well made; pre-inventory price **89c**

$1.50 Ladies' Gowns, lace and embroidery trimmed; pre-inventory sale price **$1.25**

$1.75 and $2.00 Gowns; neat, well made; lace trimmed; pre-inventory sale price **$1.39**

$2.25 and $2.50 Fine Gowns; special pre-inventory sale price **$1.98**

$1.25 Ladies' lace trimmed Skirts; pre-inventory sale price **98c**

$1.75 Skirts, **$1.39;** $2.00 Skirts, **$1.69;** $2.50 Skirts, **$2.00;** $3.00 Skirts, ... **$2.40**

25c Ladies' Tucked Drawers; pre-inventory sale price **19c**

35c Ladies' full size tucked and ruffled Drawers, for **25c**

Children's Cambric Drawers; well made; pre-inventory price **9c**

Ladies' large white Aprons; pre-inventory sale price **25c**

MILLINERY SALE, PRE-INVENTORY PRICES.

200 Bunches of Flowers, sold from 50c to $1.00 a bunch; special pre-inventory sale price, per bunch **10c**

Our entire stock of Straw Shapes sold from $1.00 to $4.00 each; special inventory sale price, each **59c**

Trimmed Hats at half price; $8.00 Hats, **$4.00;** $6.00 Hats, **$3.00;** $5.00 Hats for **$2.50;** stock must be sold out; a Rare Opportunity.

75c Chiffon Veiling, for Beach and Auto wear; pre-inventory sale price **60c**

Wednesday, July 12th, we will sell 25c to 50c values in Hair Ribbons for this day, per yard **19c**

PRE-INVENTORY SALE PRICES ON CARPETS, RUGS, SHADES, ETC., ETC.

$1.50 Royal Axminster Carpet for Room; pre-inventory sale price **$1.20**

$25.00 Axminster Art Squares, 9x12 feet; pre-inventory price, only **$19.50**

$1.25 Velvet Carpet, in Hall, Room and Stair patterns; sale price **$1.05**

$1.15 Velvet Carpets, in Room, Hall and Stair patterns; sale price **95c**

The above include the making, laying and lining. Work Guaranteed.

25c values in heavy China Matting; pre-inventory sale price **19c**

35c Fine China Mattings, best quality; pre-inventory sale price **25c**

15c White Dotted Swiss; sale price **10c**

Discount on Crex Rugs. We have them in all sizes, from the smallest to the largest.

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES.

60c Bleached Sheets, three-quarter bed size; pre-inventory sale price **43c**

75c Sheets, double bed size; pre-inventory sale price **55c**

81x90 Bleached Mohawk Sheets, 90c values; pre-inventory sale price **73c**

15c Bleached Pillow Cases, full size; pre-inventory sale price **11c**

25c Bleached Pillow Cases, best quality; pre-inventory sale price **19c**

59c Colored Bath Rugs; pre-inventory sale price **48c**

$1.00 Colored Bath Rugs; pre-inventory sale price **79c**

$1.50 Colored Bath Rugs; pre-inventory sale price **$1.15**

GENT'S AND BOYS' BATHING SUITS.

At pre-inventory prices: $1.25 quality Gent's 2-piece suits; pre-inventory price **89c**

Gent's 2-piece banded suit, worth $1.50; pre-inventory sale price **$1.19**

Boys' one-piece suits, 50c value; pre-inventory sale price **39c**

Thursday, July 13th, we will sell 1,000 yards of white Madras, sold from 25c to 50c, for, per yard **12c**

LADIES' WAISTS—LAWN AND SILK.

Ladies' Lawn Waists, $1.00 and $1.25 value; pre-inventory sale price **89c**

$1.75 Ladies' tucked Lawn Waists; pre-inventory sale price **$1.25**

$2.98 Ladies' Lingerie Waists, very fine goods, neatly trimmed; pre-inventory sale price **$2.19**

$2.50 Ladies' Lingerie Waists, well made and neatly trimmed; pre-inventory sale price **$1.98**

$1.25 Middy Blouses for Ladies and Misses; pre-inventory sale price **89c**

$25.00 Coat Suits; pre-inventory sale price, for each **$17.50**

$20.00 and $22.50 Coat Suits; pre-inventory sale price **$15.00**

At Half Price we offer a lot of 40 Lingerie Dresses sold for $7.50 to $20.00; pre-inventory sale price ..... **$3.75 to $10.00**

$12.50 to $20.00 Linen and Rep Suits pre-inventory sale price **$6.98**

$4.50 White Lingerie Dresses; pre-inventory sale price **$3.00**

Pongee Auto Coats, $6.00 value; pre-inventory sale price ..... **$$4.50**

PRE-INVENTORY SALE PRICES ON LADIES' SUITS AND DRESSES.

One lot of Linene Dresses for Ladies; sold for $3.50; pre-inventory sale price **$1.50**

Ladies' Lawn Dresses, neat figures, sold for $1.75 to $2.25; pre-inventory sale price, each **$1.10**

25c Ladies' Colored Lawn Kimonos; pre-inventory sale price **10c**

Ladies' White Linene Skirts; special **$1.00**

Ladies' Long Kimonos **69, 85, $1.25 and $2.00.**

$5.00 Ladies White and Colored Linene Coat Suits; pre-inventory sale price **$1.75**

$6.50 Ladies' White Lingerie Dresses; pre-inventory sale price, each **$4.75**

25c pound can Talcum Powder **15c**

Monday's Special, 10th of July — We will sell good quality Ladies' Night Gowns; regular 50c sellers, full assortment, this hour only, 2 to a customer, each **29c**

PRE-INVENTORY SALE PRICES ON TABLE DAMASK, TOWELS, ETC., ETC.

12 1-2c large Huck Towels; pre-inventory sale price **8c**

15c extra size Huck Towels, sale price **10c**

35c Large Turkish Towels; sale price **23c**

25c Large Turkish Towels; sale price **19c**

15c Bleached Turkish Towels; sale price **10c**

65c Bleached Mercerized Damask; pre-inventory sale price **52c**

60c Bleached Mercerized Damask; pre-inventory sale price **45c**

Bleached All-Linen Damask; 85c sellers; sale price **69c**

$1.00 Fine Bleached Table Damask, 72 inch; sale price **85c**

$1.25 extra quality Bleached Table Damask; sale price **98c**

WHITE SPREADS.

$1.00 White Spreads, double bed size; pre-inventory price **85c**

$1.25 full size white Double Bed Spreads; heavy quality; inventory price **98c**

25c 46-inch Lingerie Batiste, in white only; inventory price, yard **18c**

Table Napkins greatly reduced; 50c Mercerized Napkins; inventory price, dozen **42c**

$1.00 Extra quality Mercerized Napkins; inventory price **88c**

PRE-INVENTORY SALE PRICES ON WHITE GOODS—WASH GOODS.

90 inch all linen Sheeting, $1.25 value; pre-inventory sale price, only **85c**

15c White Flaxon; special sale price, per yd. **12c**

35c White Flaxon; pre-inventory sale price. **23c**

20c Colored Flaxon, special sale price, per yd. **15c**

15c Holly Batiste; pre -inventory sale price, per yard **11c**

$1.75 English Nainsook, 12-yard pieces; pre-inventory sale price **$1.50**

15c Linonette; pre-inventory sale price, per yard **12c**

LADIES' SUIT DEPARTMENT.

In this Department we find we are Overstocked —great cuts and reductions will be made to reduce this Department. Throughout our Advertisement you will find many items advertised, but we want you to call in person and see the reductions. We are placing the Entire Stock at your disposal.

PRE-INVENTORY SALE

Ten Days of Stock Reducing—Thursday, July 6th to Monday, July 17th, Inclusive.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.